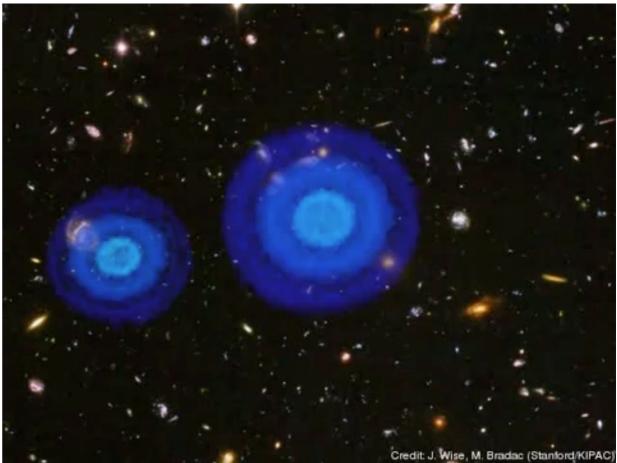


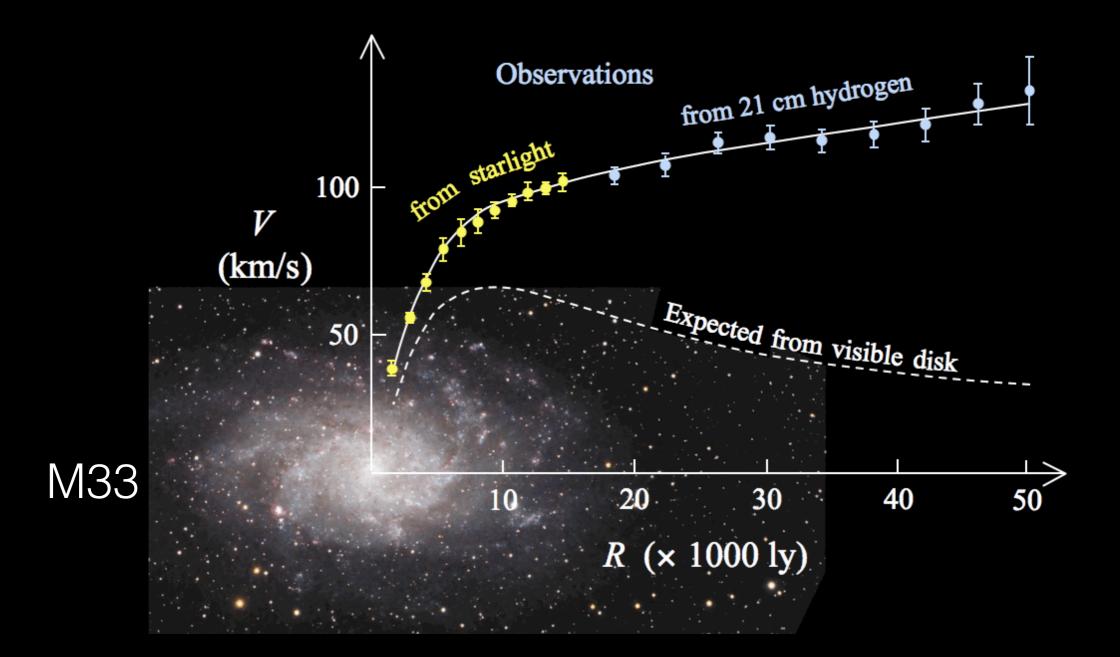


Dark Matter Below the Higgs Scale

Josh Ruderman (NYU, CERN) @DESY, 4/4/2018

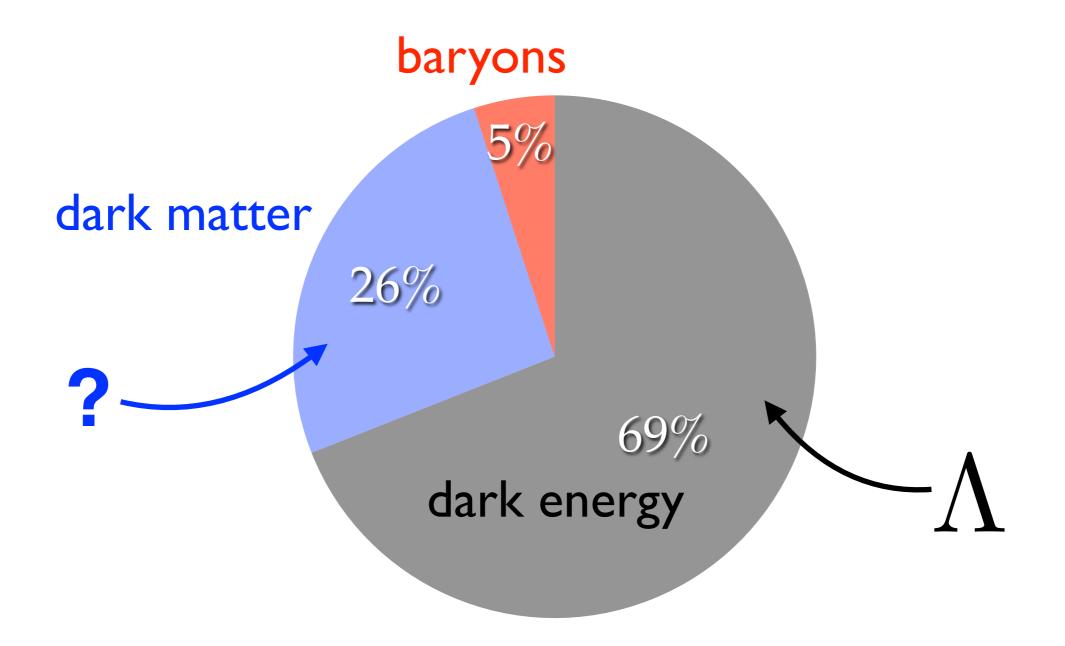


Galactic Rotation Curves

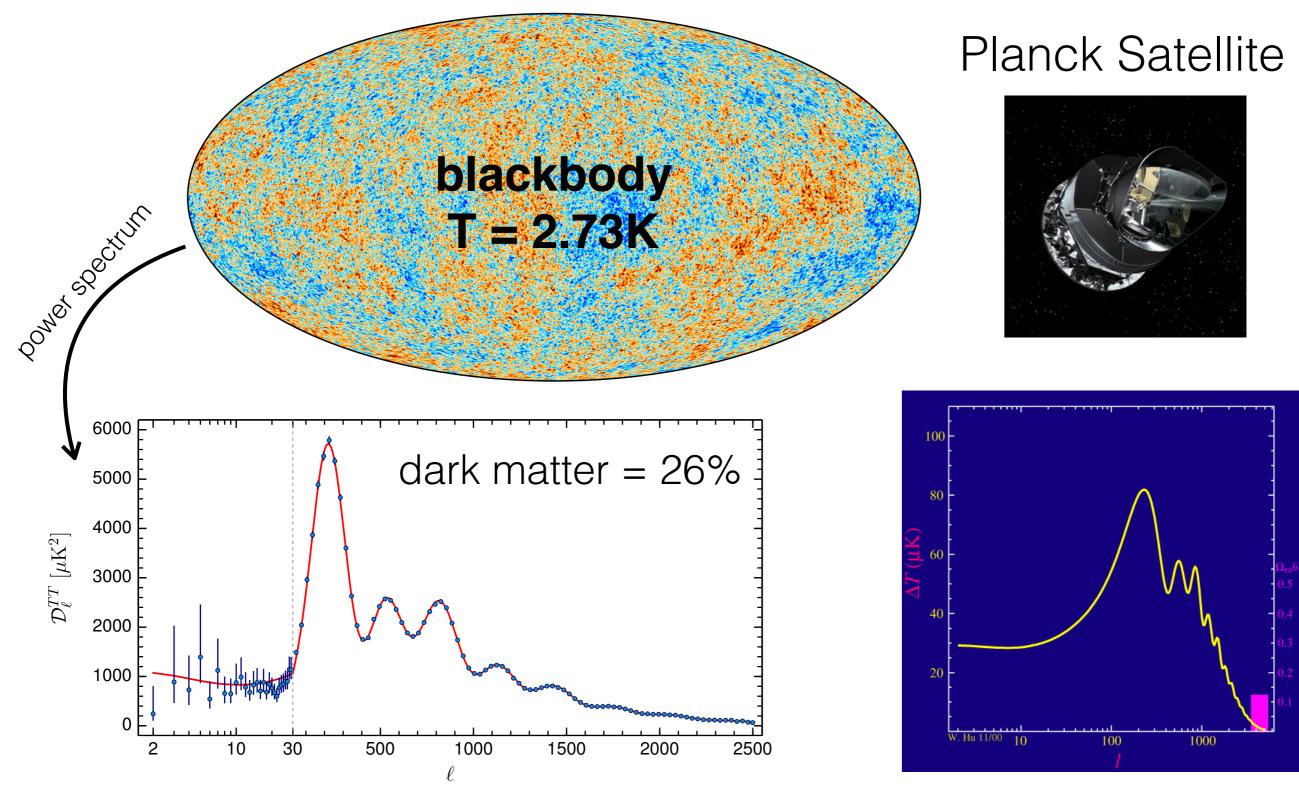


• Corbelli, Salucci, MNRAS **311**, 411 (2000).

Energy Budget of our Universe

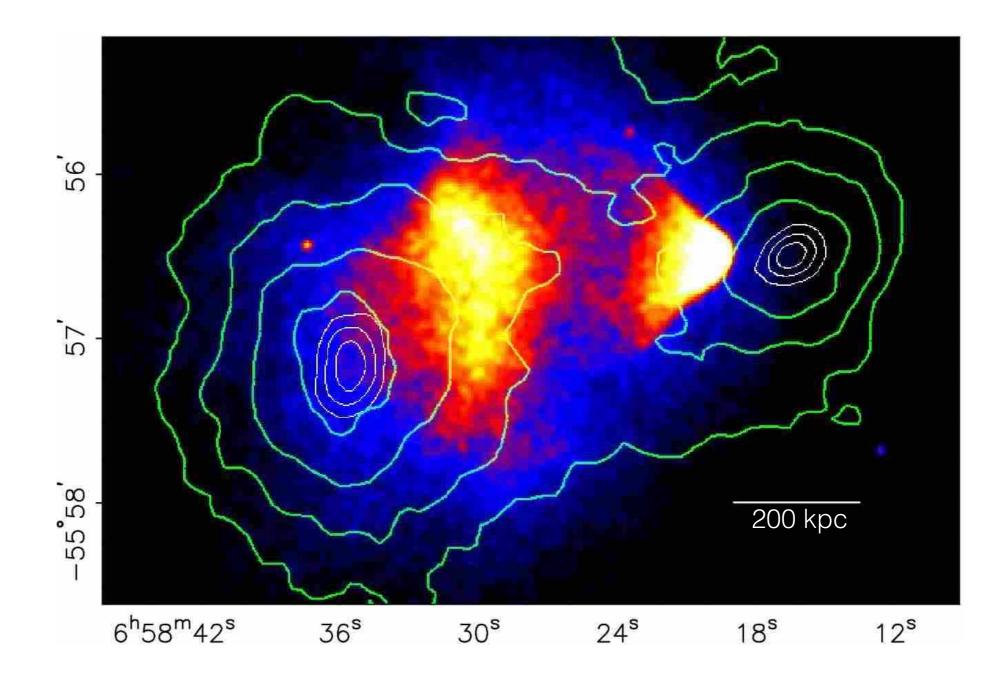


Cosmic Microwave Background



Wayne Hu

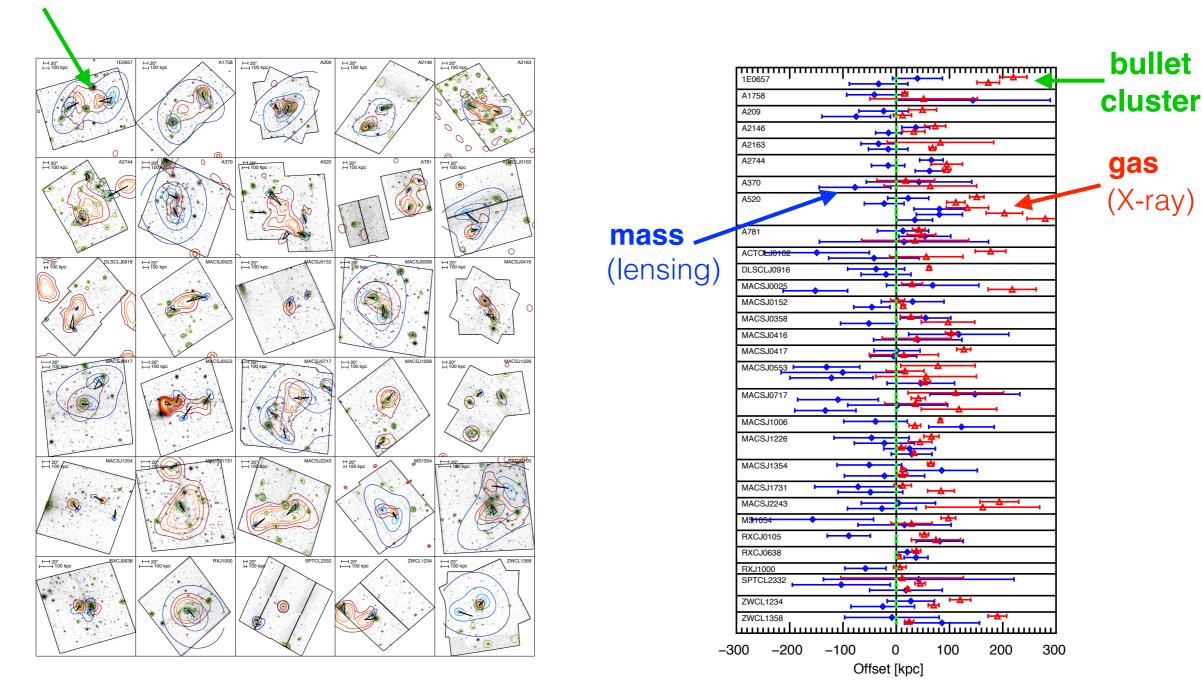
Bullet Cluster



• Clowe et al., Astrophys. J. 648, L109 (2006).

Cluster Merger Zoo

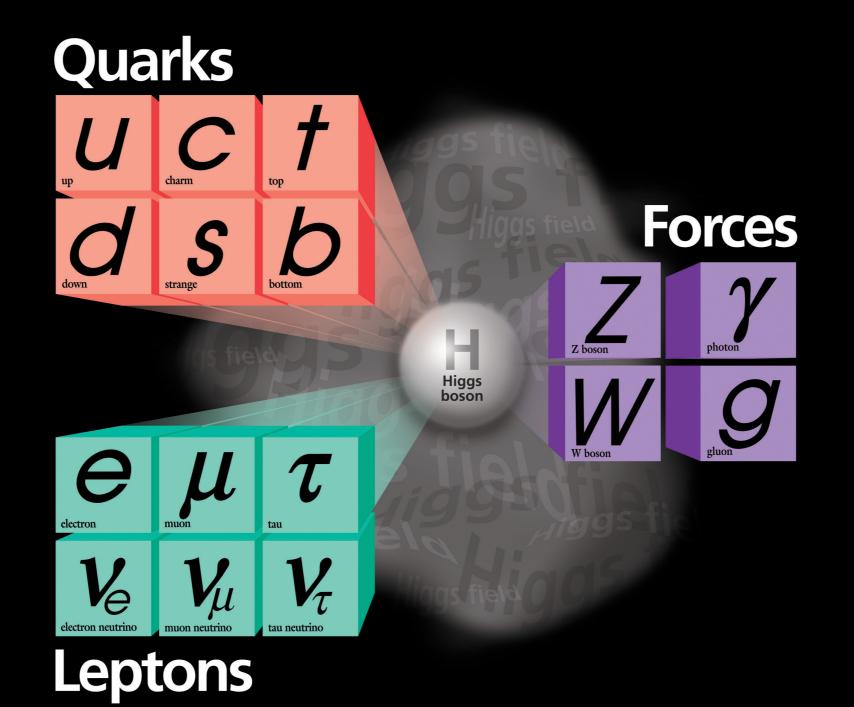
bullet cluster



dark matter: 7.6σ

• Harvey et al., Science **347**, 1462 (2015).

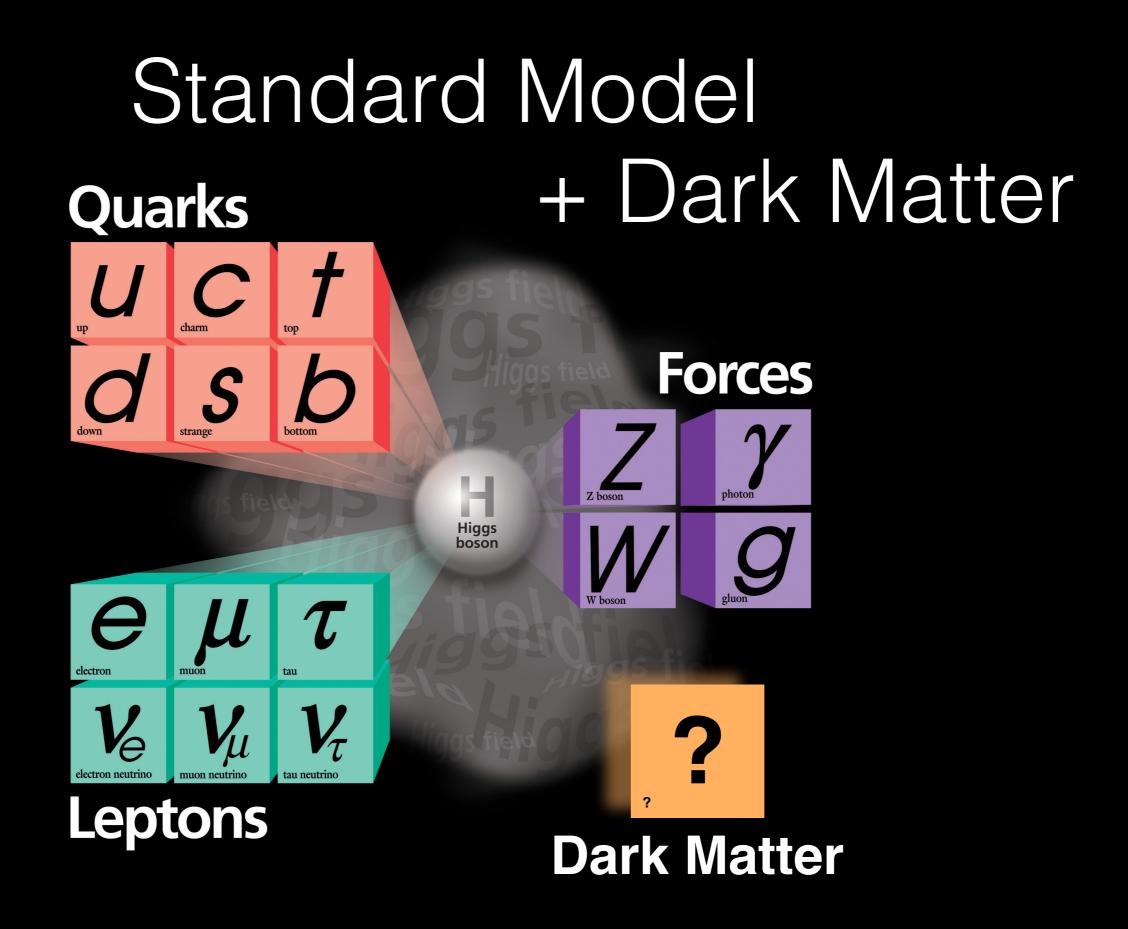
Standard Model



Particle Dark Matter

- DM could be made of particles that are:
 - 1) stable (cosmologically)
 - 2) electrically neutral
 - 3) non-relativistic when galaxies form
- DM is not a SM particle*

*maybe a collection of SM particles, like primordial black holes





50 decades!



plan

1. Dark Matter at the Higgs Scale



2. Experiment vs. Dark Matter

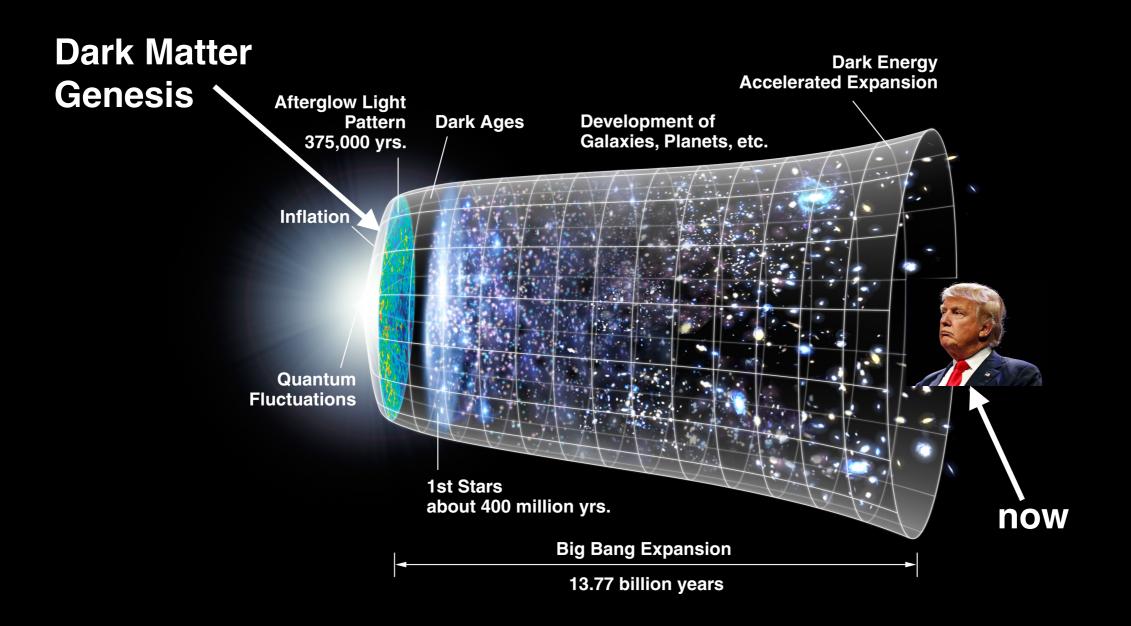


3. Dark Matter Below the Higgs Scale

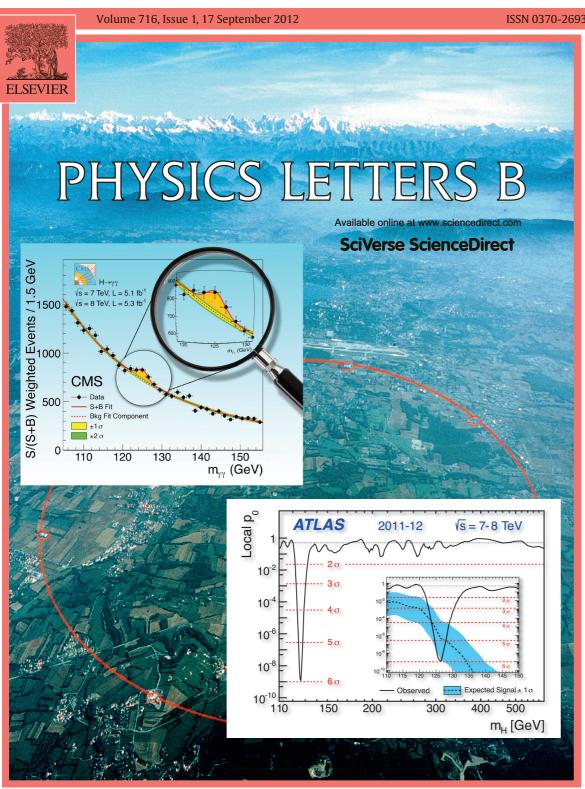




1. Dark Matter at the Higgs Scale

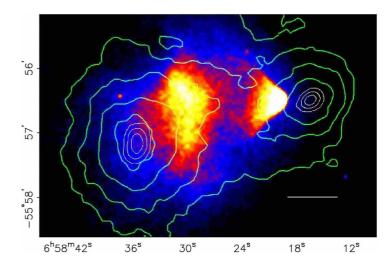


The Higgs Boson





$m_h \approx 125~{ m GeV}$ is this mass scale related to dark matter?



- ATLAS Collaboration, Phys. Lett. B 716, 1 (2012).
- CMS Collaboration, Phys. Lett. B **716**, 30 (2012).

<u>716</u>

Thermal Relic Dark Matter

• SM particles had a high temperature in the early Universe

 $T_{\gamma} \gg 1 \text{ MeV}$

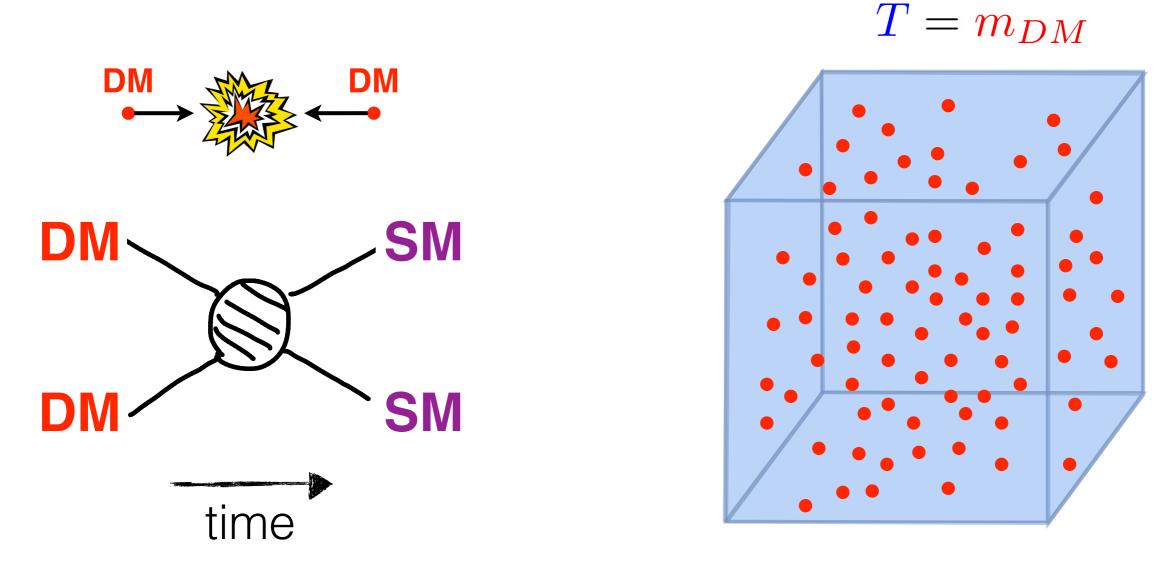
maybe dark matter also had a high temperature*

 $T_{DM} \gtrsim m_{DM}$

"thermal relic"

*there are also non-thermal candidates: axion, WISP, etc...

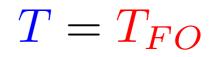
Dark Matter Freezeout

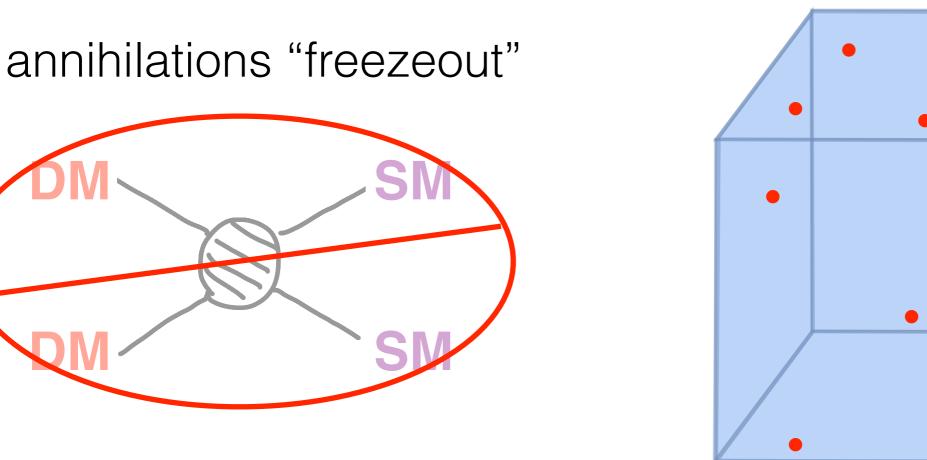


comoving volume: $V \propto T^{-3}$

• Lee, Weinberg, Phys. Rev. Lett. 39, 165 (1977).

Dark Matter Freezeout

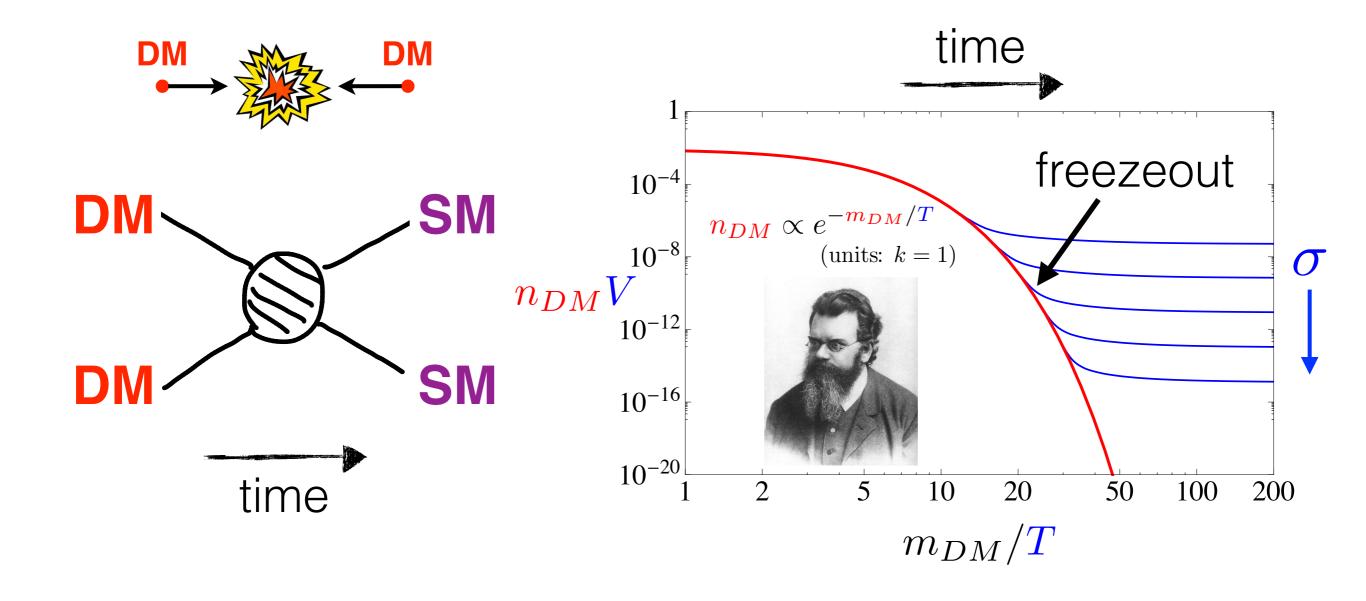




comoving volume: $V \propto T^{-3}$

• Lee, Weinberg, Phys. Rev. Lett. 39, 165 (1977).

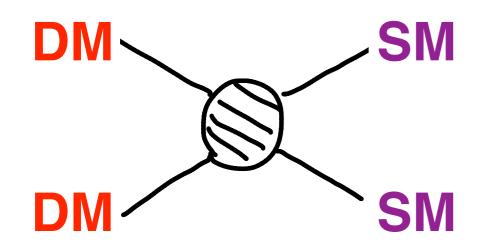
Dark Matter Freezeout

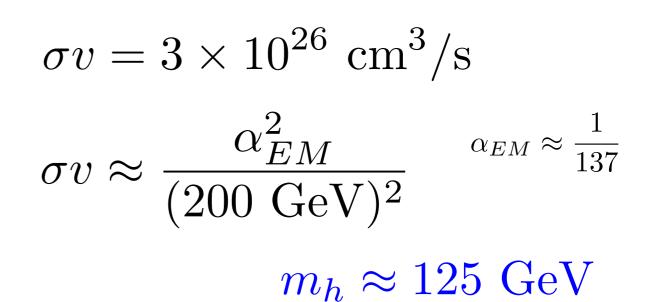


• Lee, Weinberg, Phys. Rev. Lett. 39, 165 (1977).

WIMP "Miracle"

Weakly Interacting Massive Particle





 $m_{DM} \sim m_h$?

2. Experiment vs. Dark Matter

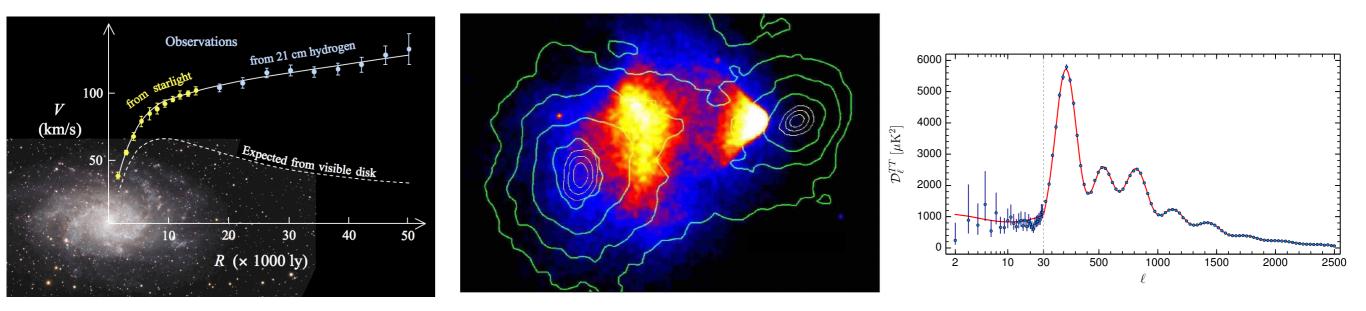


"That isn't dark matter, sir—you just forgot to take off the lens cap."

Gregory Kogan.

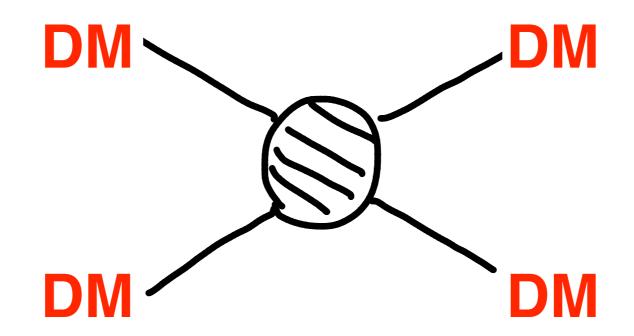
2. Experiment vs. Dark Matter

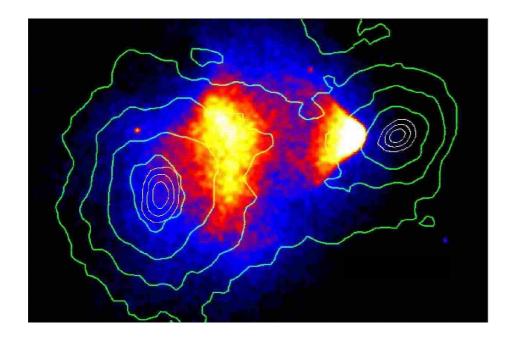
evidence for Dark Matter relies on gravity



• Dark Matter Holy Grail: non-gravitational interactions

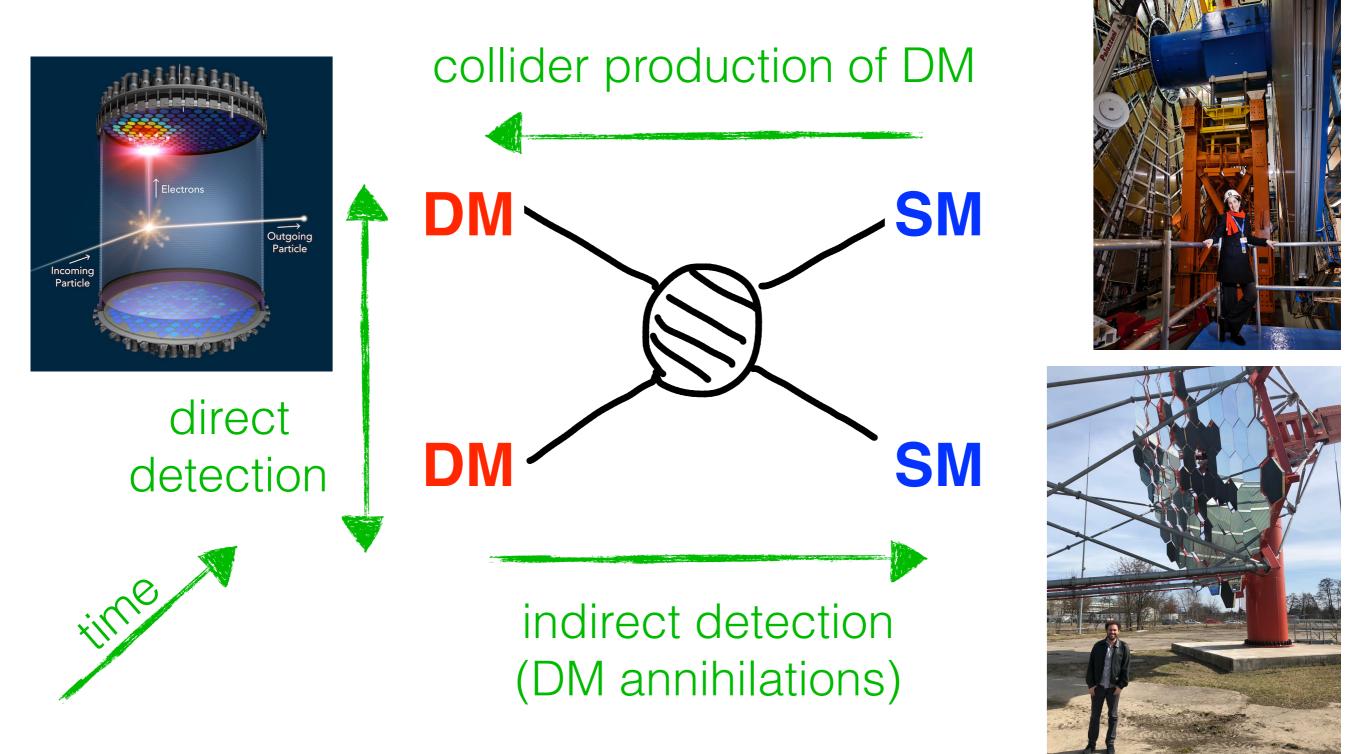
Dark Matter Self-Interactions

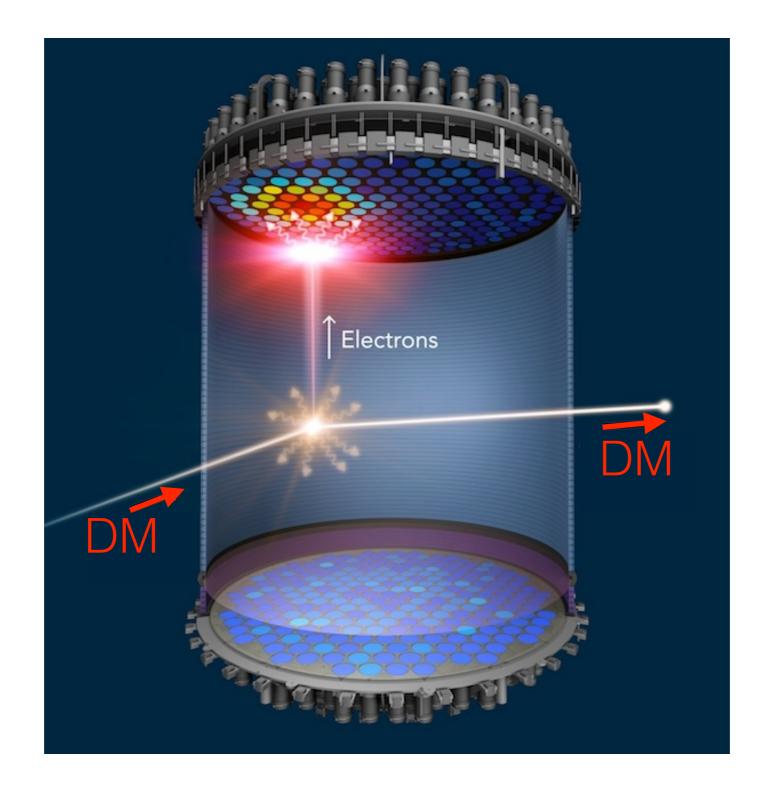




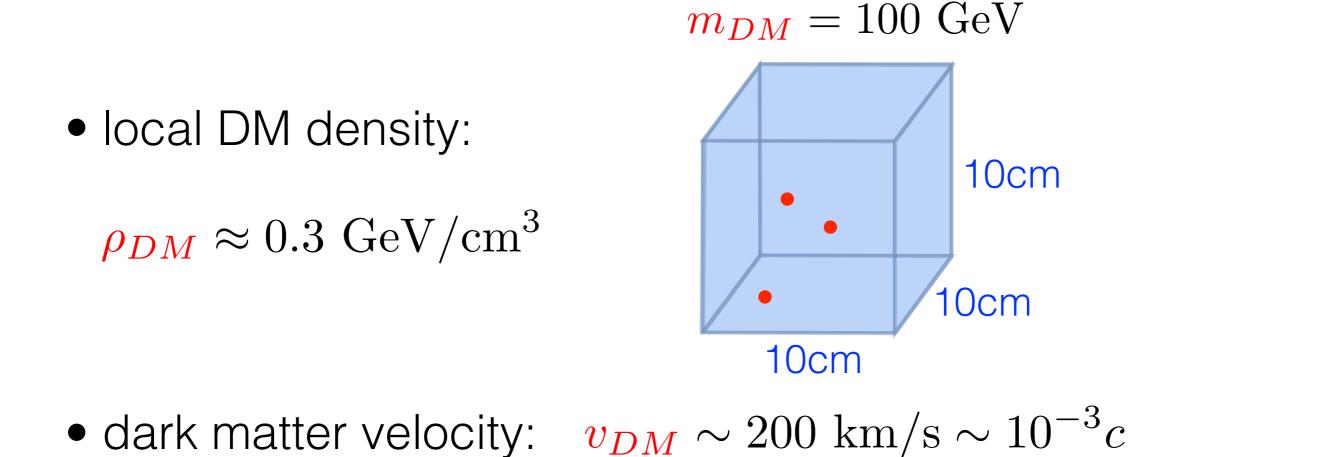
 $\frac{\sigma_{SI}}{m_{DM}} \lesssim 1 \ \mathrm{cm}^2/\mathrm{g}$ $\sim 2 \text{ barn/GeV}$

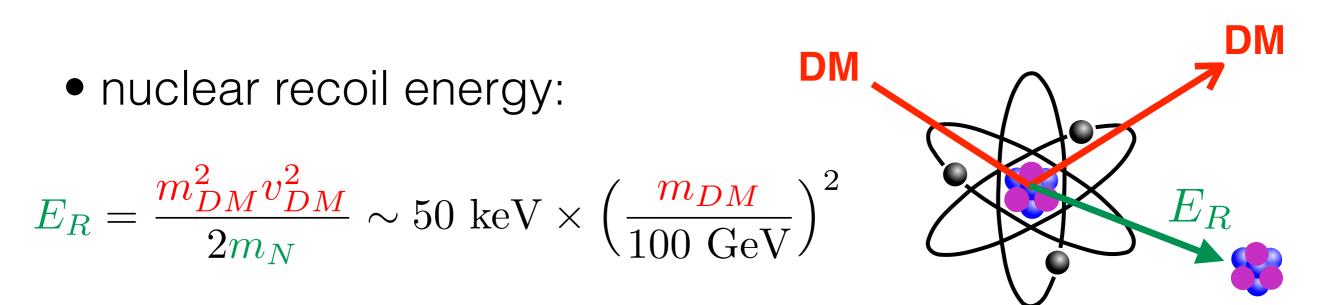
How to test if Dark Matter couples to the Standard Model



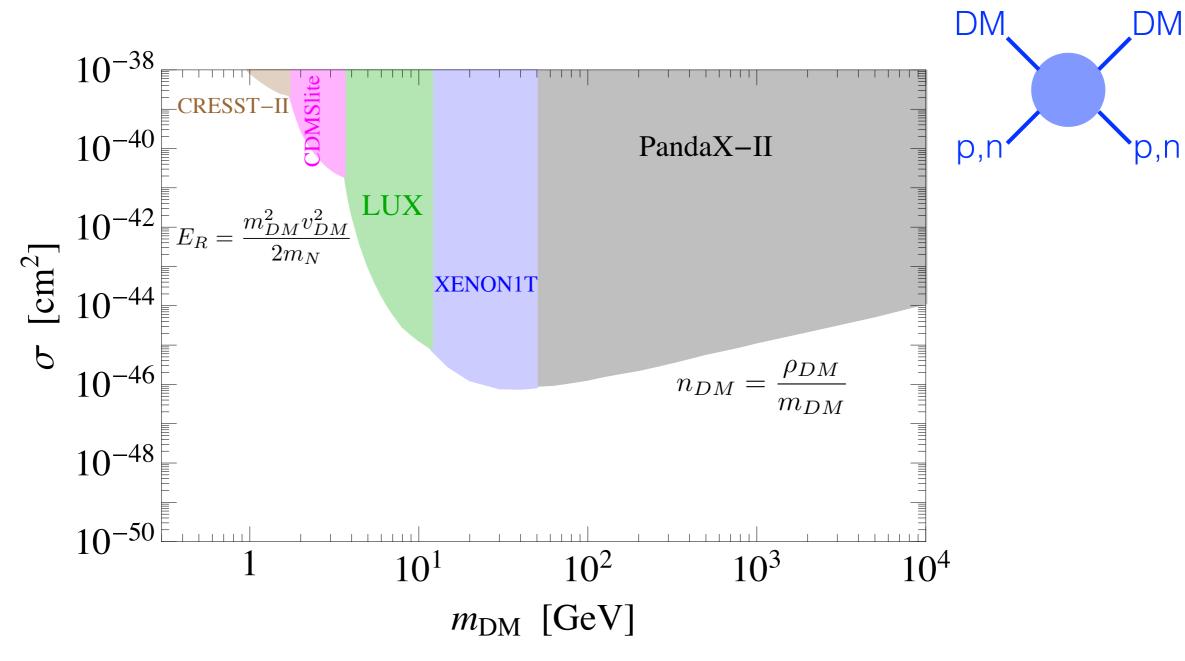


Some Dark Numbers



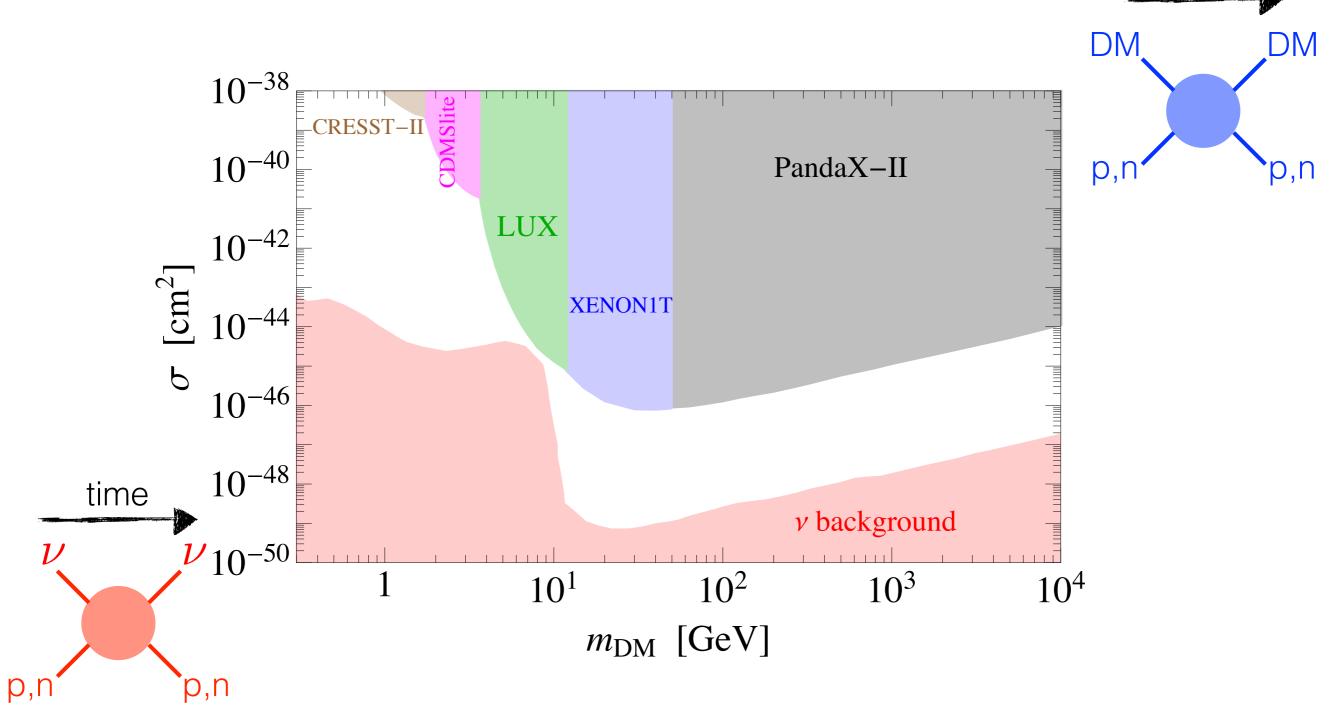


time

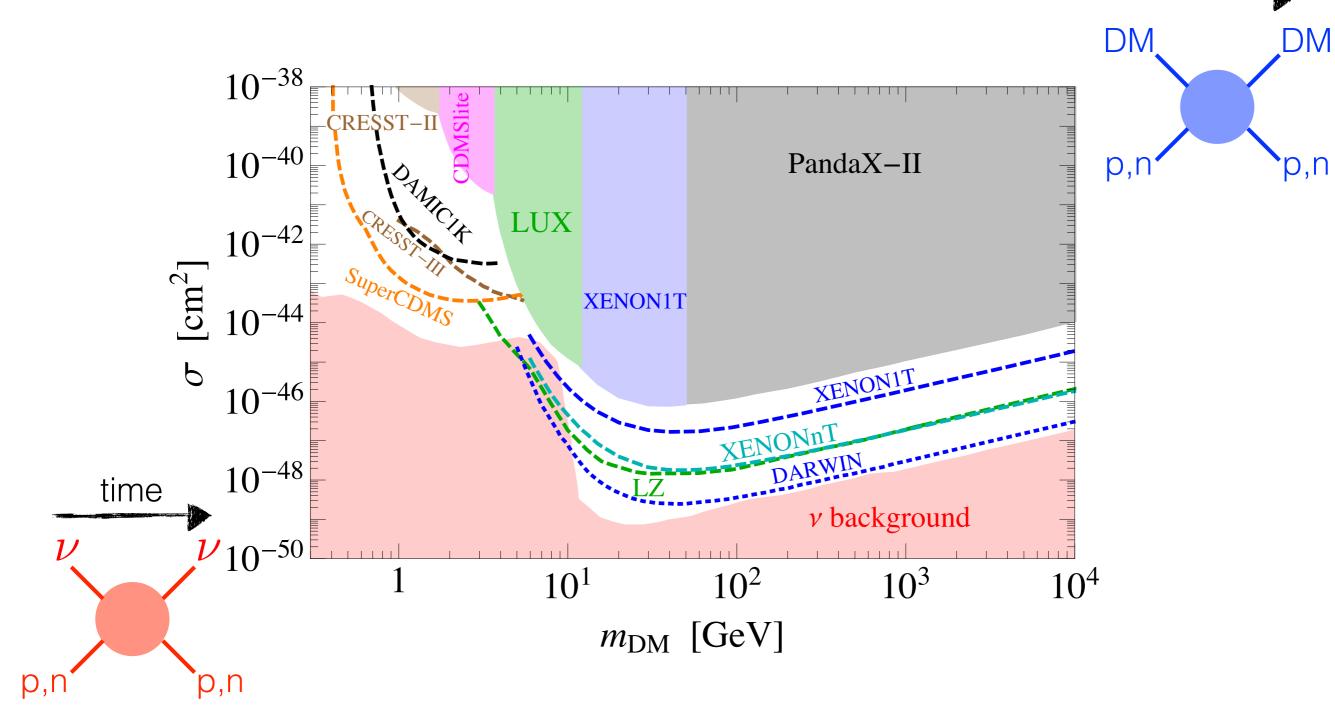


- CRESST collaboration, Eur. Phys. J. C 26, 25 (2016).
- SuperCDMS collaboration, Phys. Rev. Lett. 116, 071301 (2016).
- LUX collaboration, Phys. Rev. Lett. **116**, 161301 (2016).
- XENON collaboration, Phys. Rev. Lett. **119**, 181301 (2017).
- PandaX-II collaboration, Phys. Rev. Lett. **119**, 181302 (2017).

time



• Billard, Figueroa-Feliciano, Strigari, Phys. Rev. D 89, 023524 (2014).

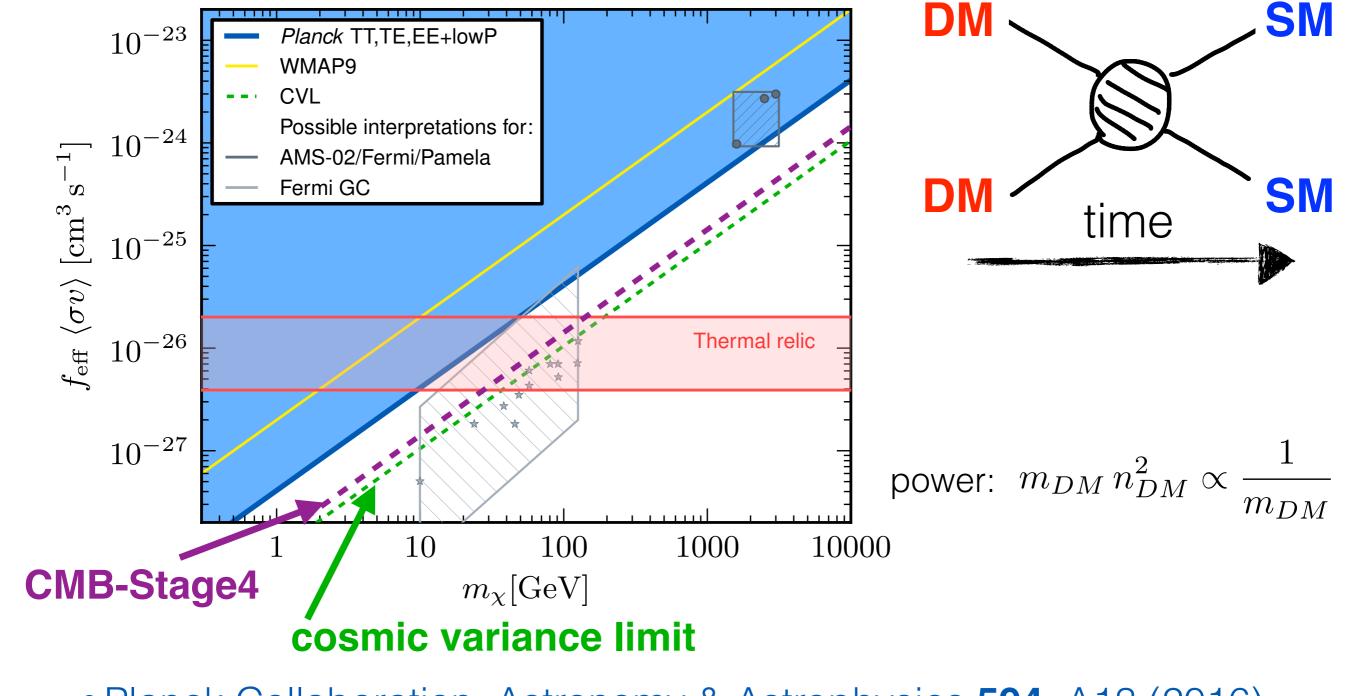


- SuperCDMS Collaboration, Phys. Rev. D 95, 082002 (2017).
- DAMIC1K, US Cosmic Visions, arXiv:**1707.04591** (2017).
- CRESST Collaboration, arXiv:**1503.08065** (2015).

- XENON Collaboration, JCAP 1604, 027 (2016).
- DARWIN Collaboration, JCAP 1611, 017 (2017).
- LUX-ZEPLIN Collaboration, TDR, arXiv:1703.09144 (2017).

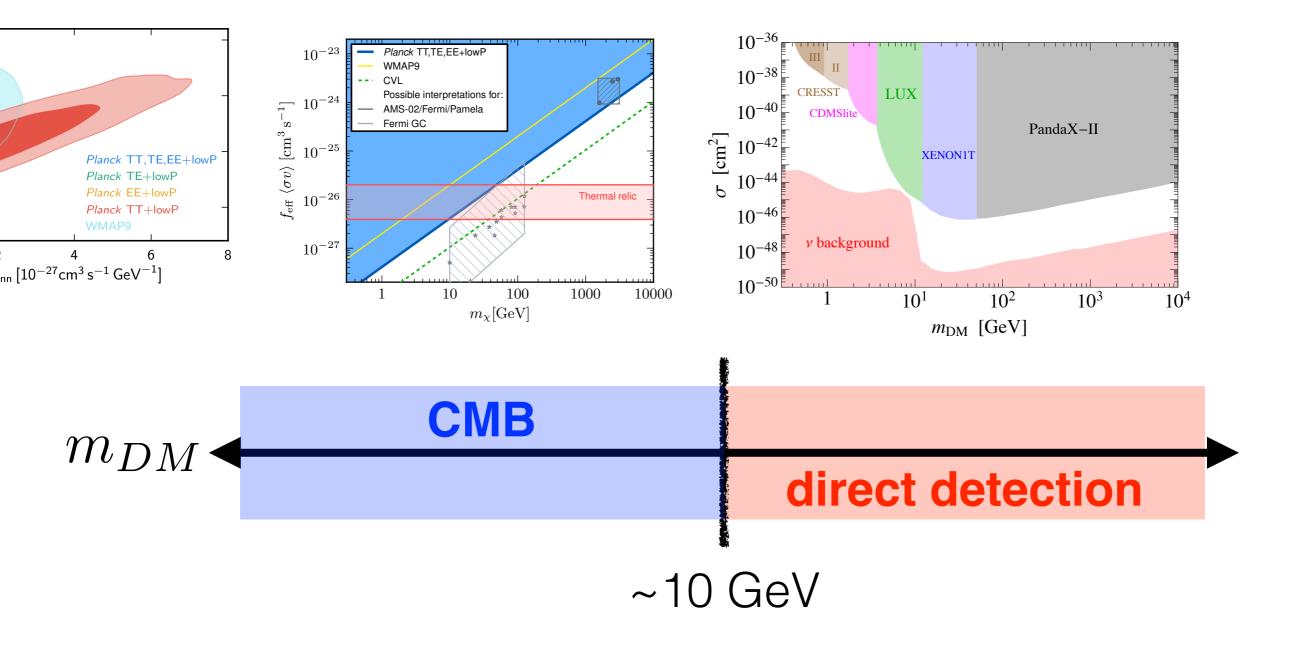
time

Cosmic Microwave Background vs. Dark Matter

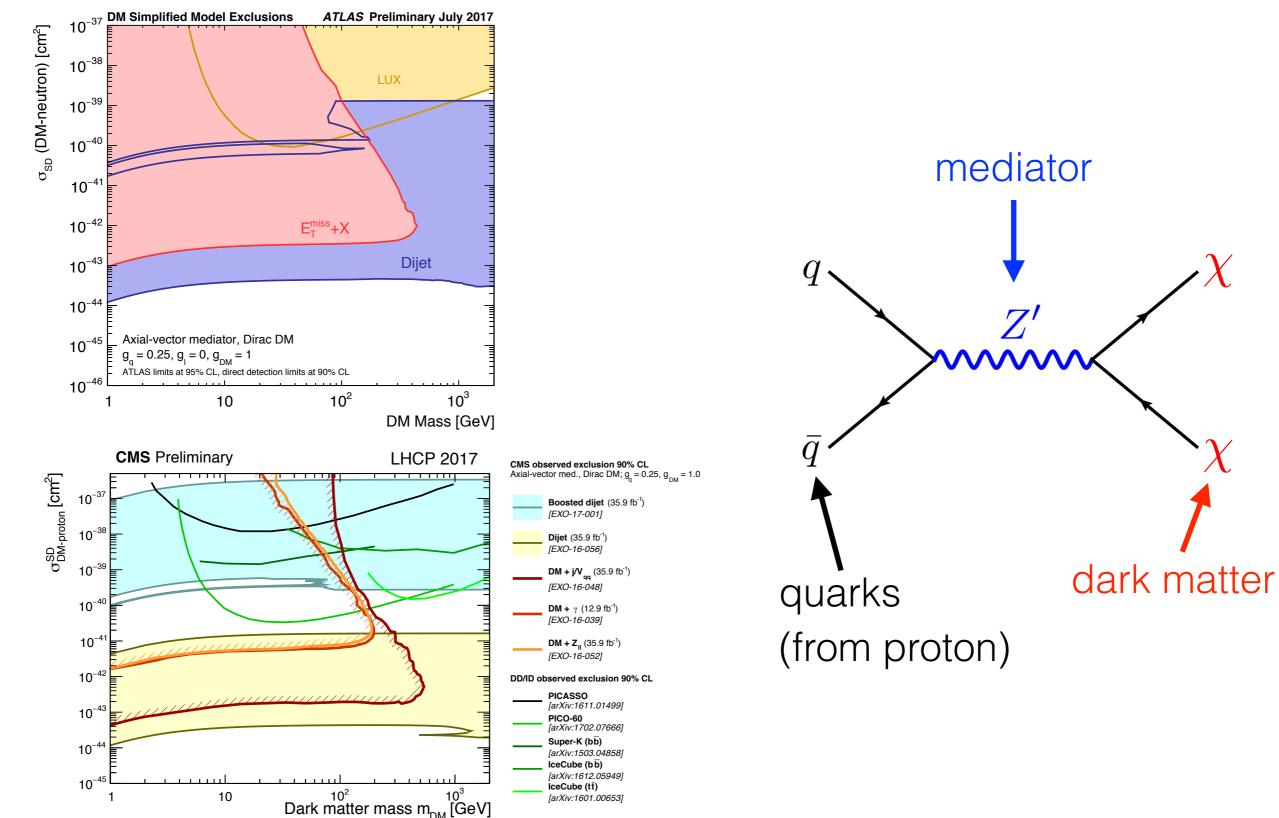


Planck Collaboration, Astronomy & Astrophysics **594**, A13 (2016).
CMB-S4, arXiv:**1610.02743** (2016).

Indirect/Direct Detection Complementarity



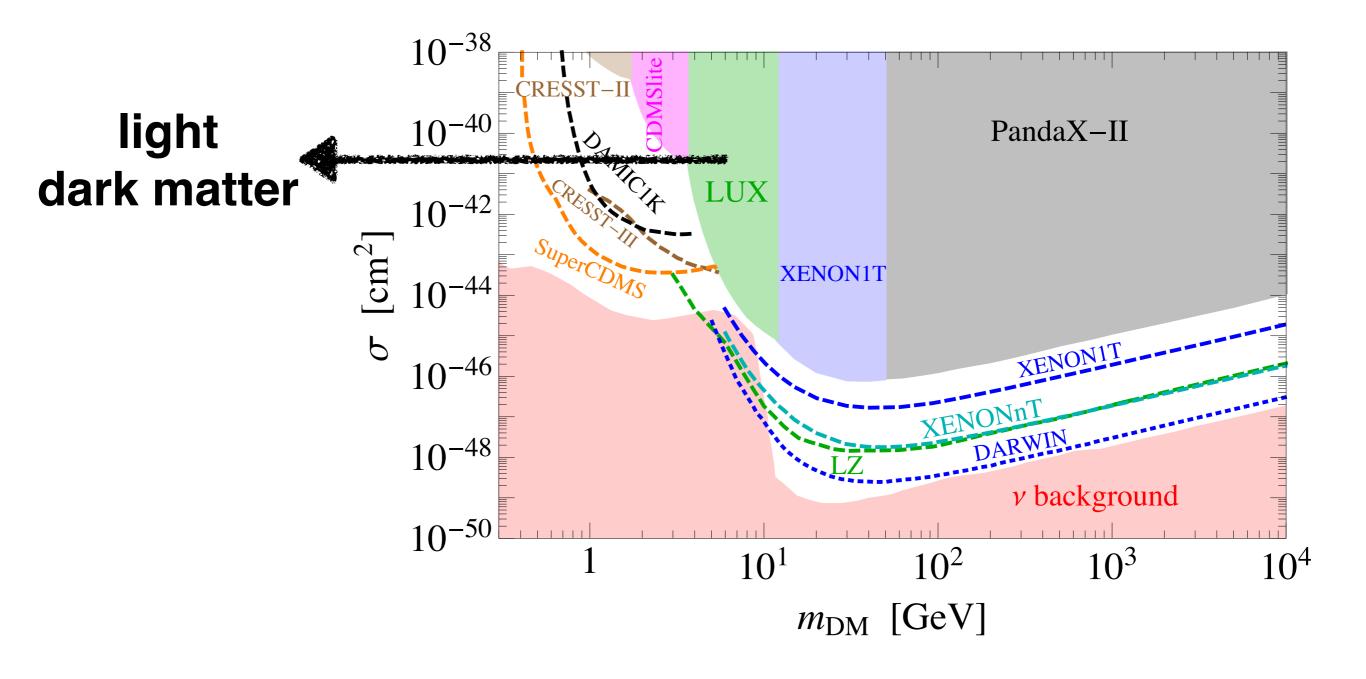
LHC vs. Direct Detection (with a dark Mediator)



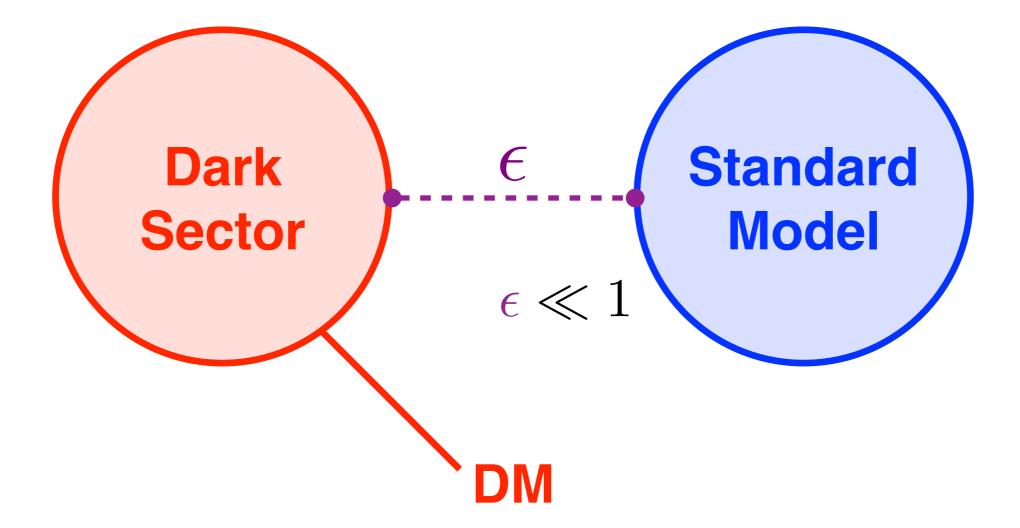
Experimental Summary



3. Dark Matter Below the Higgs Scale



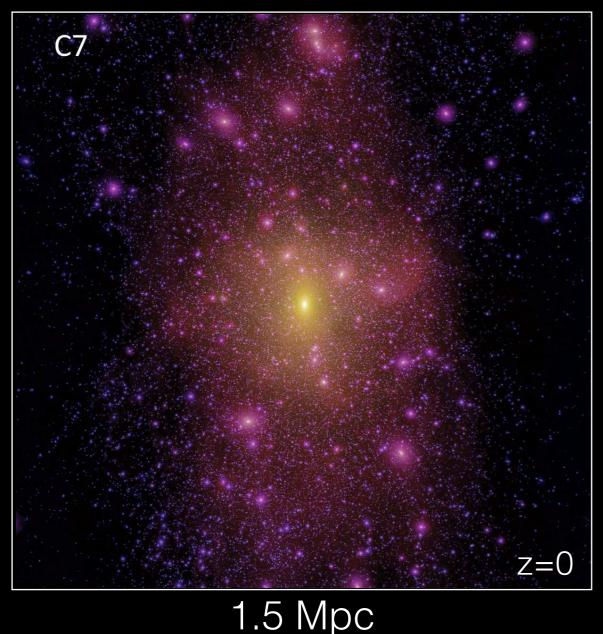
Hidden Sector Dark Matter



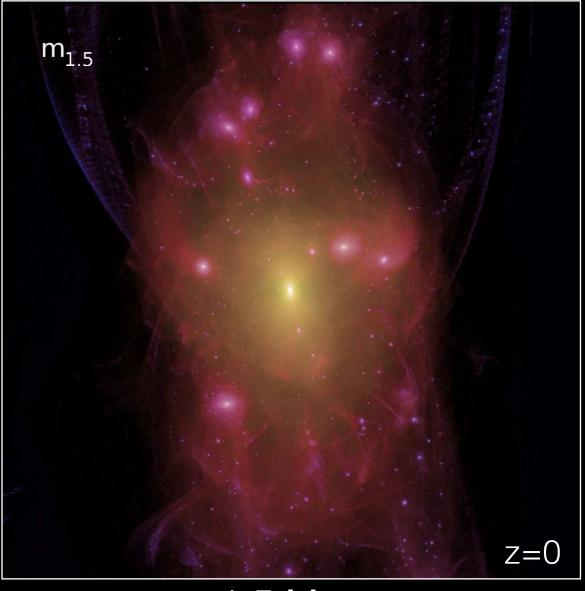
- Goldberg, Hall, Phys. Lett. B **174**, 151 (1986).
- Finkbeiner, Weiner, Phys. Rev. D 76, 083519 (2007).
- Arkani-Hamed, Finkbeiner, Slatyer, Weiner, Phys. Rev. D 79, 015014 (2009).

Cold vs. Warm Dark Matter

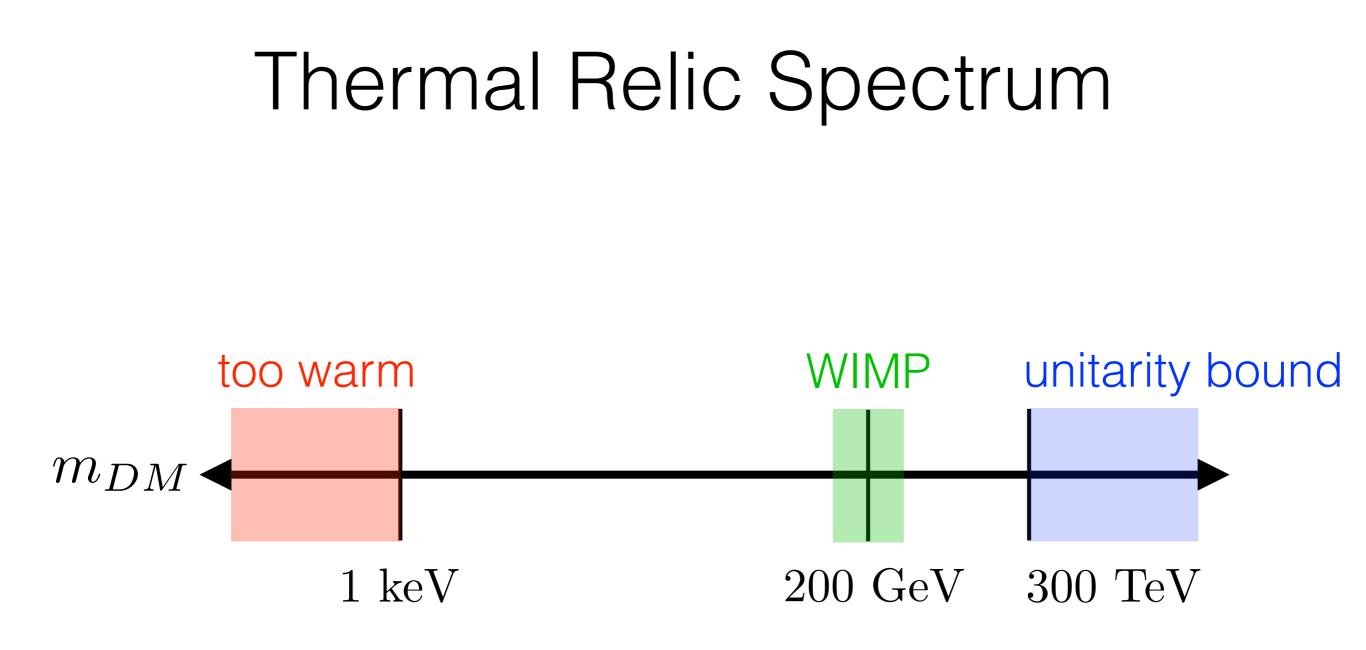
Cold: $m_{DM} \gg 1 \text{ keV}$



Warm: $m_{DM} = 1.5 \text{ keV}$

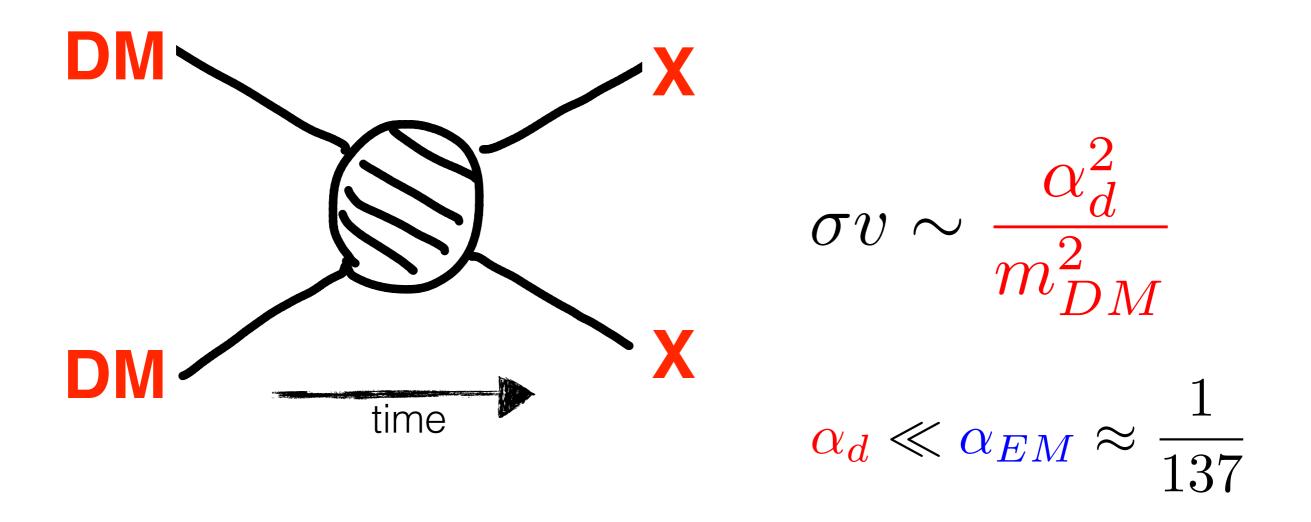


• Lovell *et. al.*, MNRAS **439**, 300 (2014).



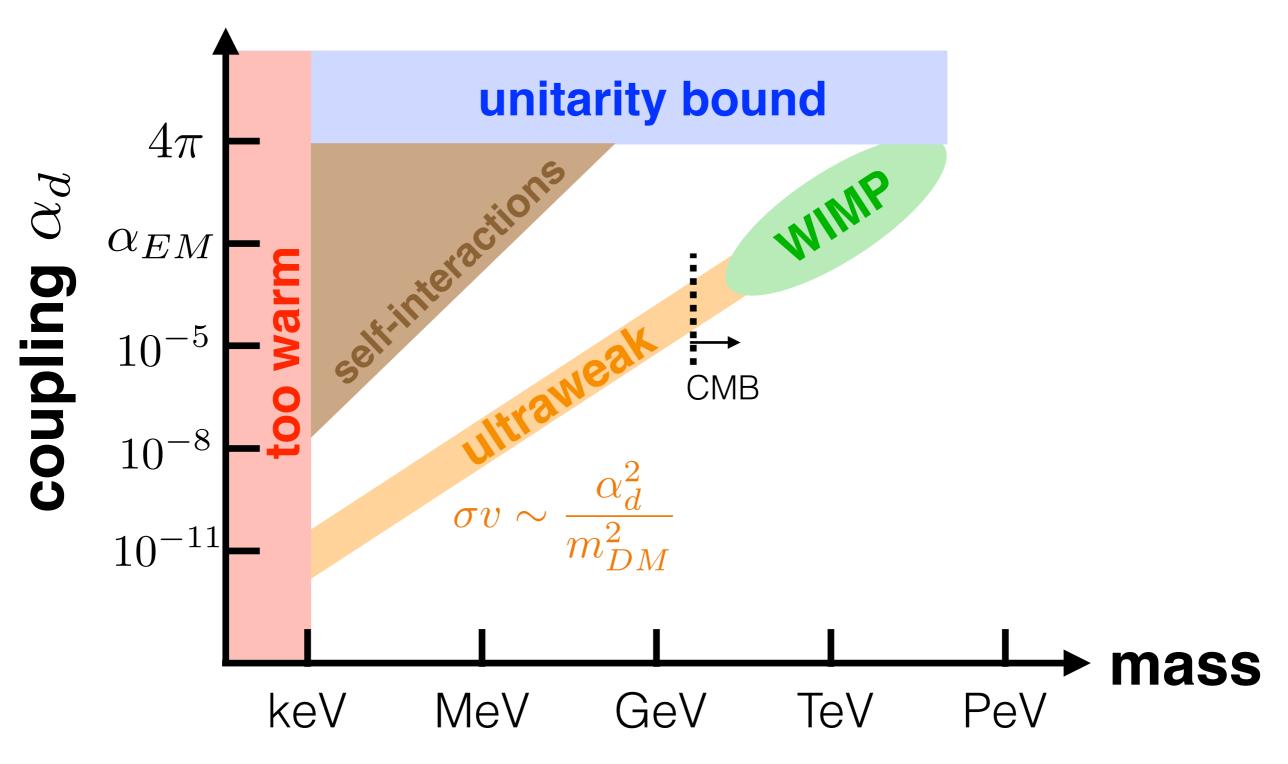
- Viel *et al.*, Phys. Rev. D **71**, 063534 (2005).
- Lovell *et al.*, MNRAS **439**, 300 (2014).
- Griest, Kamionkowski, Phys. Rev. Lett. **64**, 615 (1990).

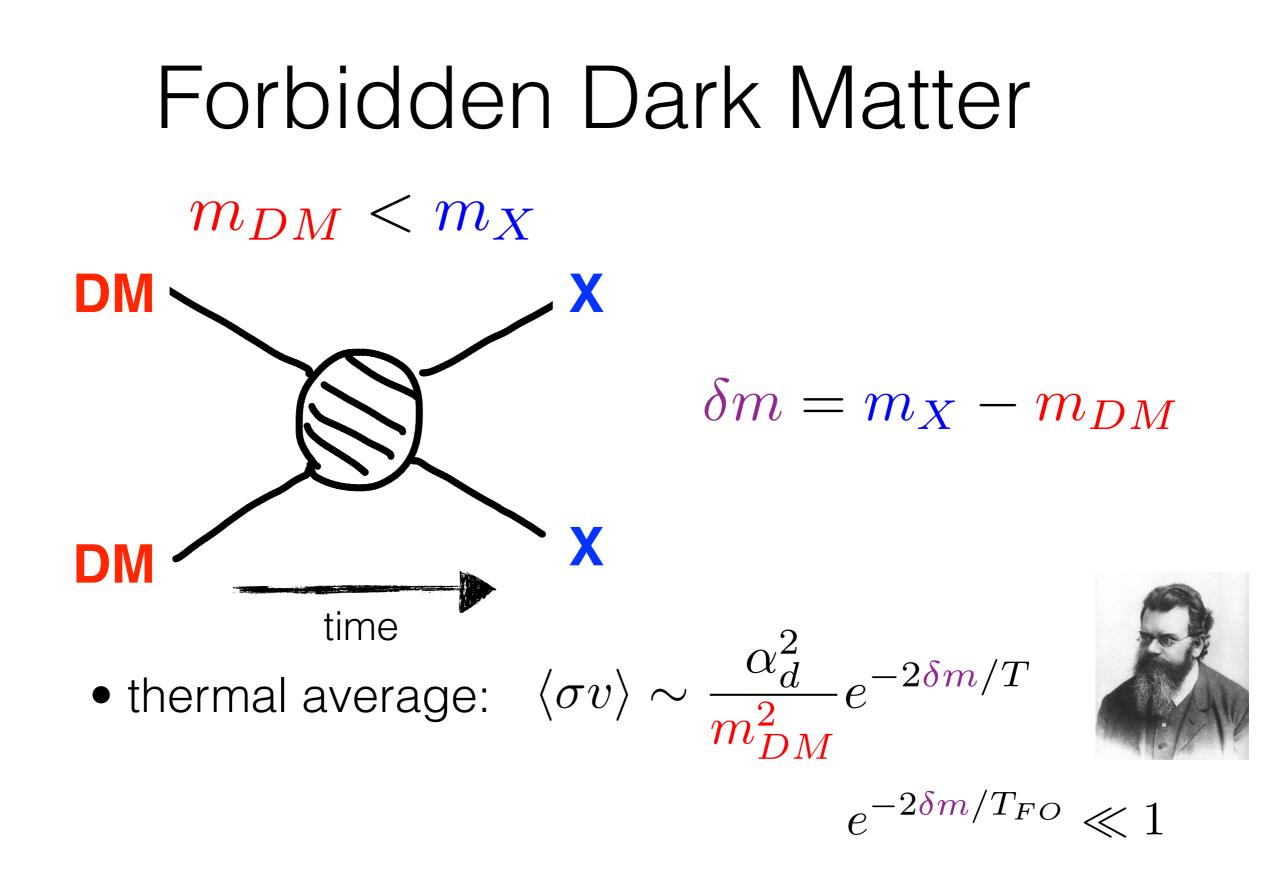
Ultraweakly Coupled Dark Matter



- Boehm, Fayet, Nucl. Phys. B 683, 219 (2004).
- Finkbeiner, Weiner, Phys. Rev. D 76, 083519 (2007).
- Pospelov, Ritz, Voloshin, Phys. Lett. B 662, 52 (2008).
- Feng, Kumar, Phys. Rev. Lett. **101**, 231301 (2008).

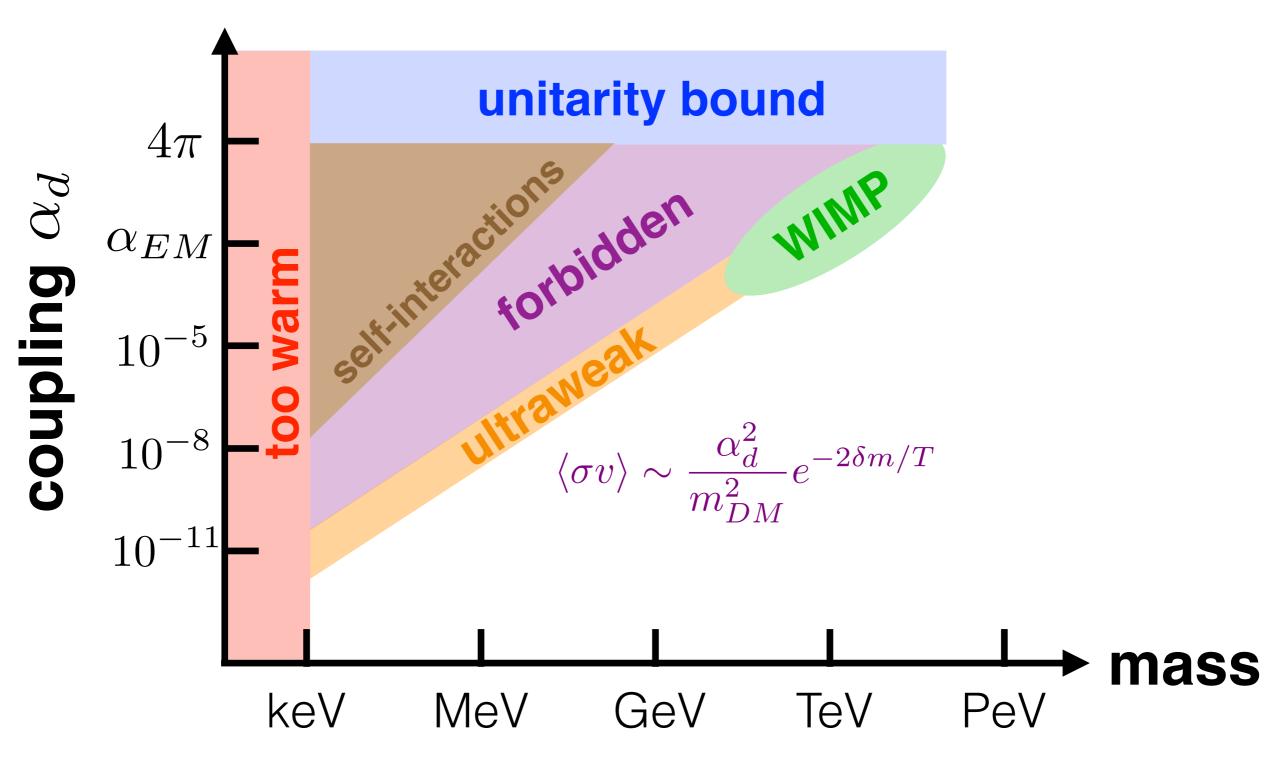
dark matter freezeout





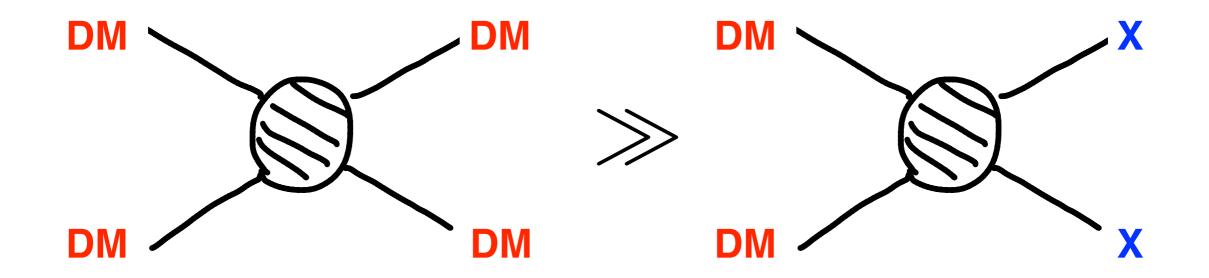
- Griest, Seckel, Phys. Rev. D 43, 3191 (1991).
- D'Agnolo, Ruderman, Phys. Rev. Lett. **115** 061301 (2015).

dark matter freezeout

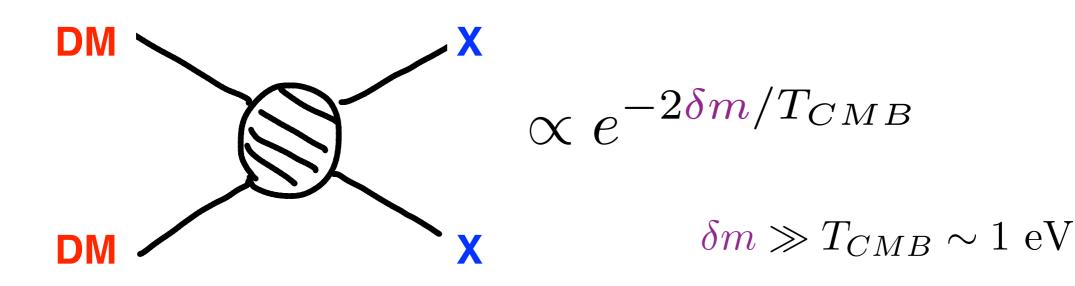


Forbidden DM Phenomenology

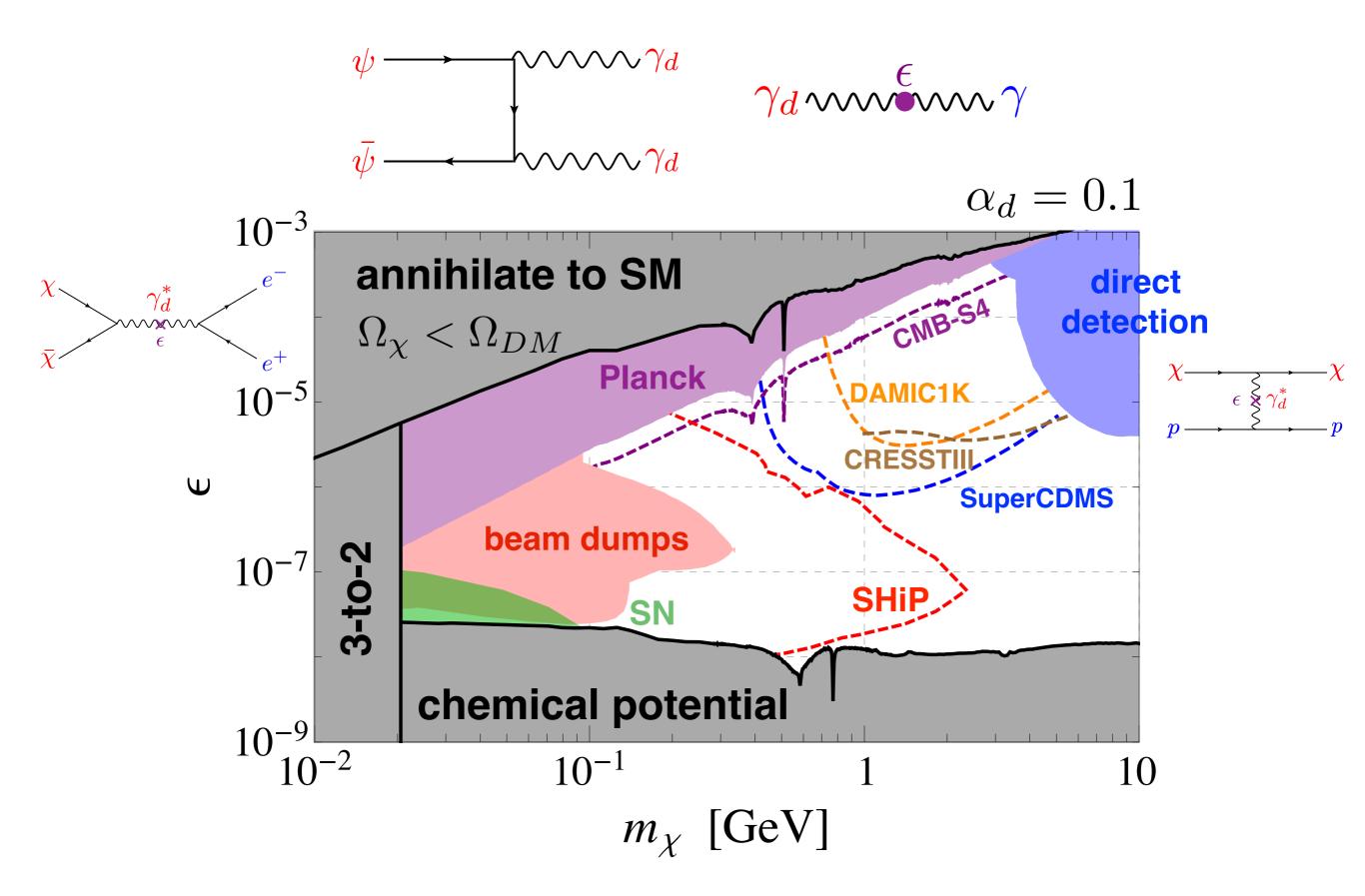
• sizable self-interactions:



• evades cosmic microwave background:

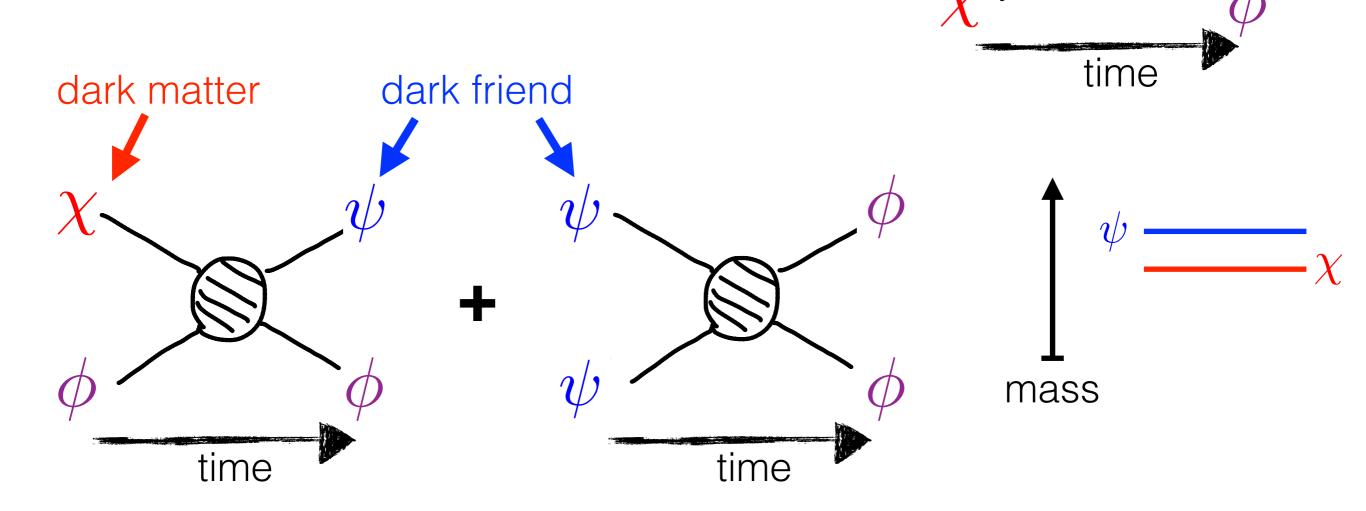


Forbidden DM with Kinetic Mixing Portal



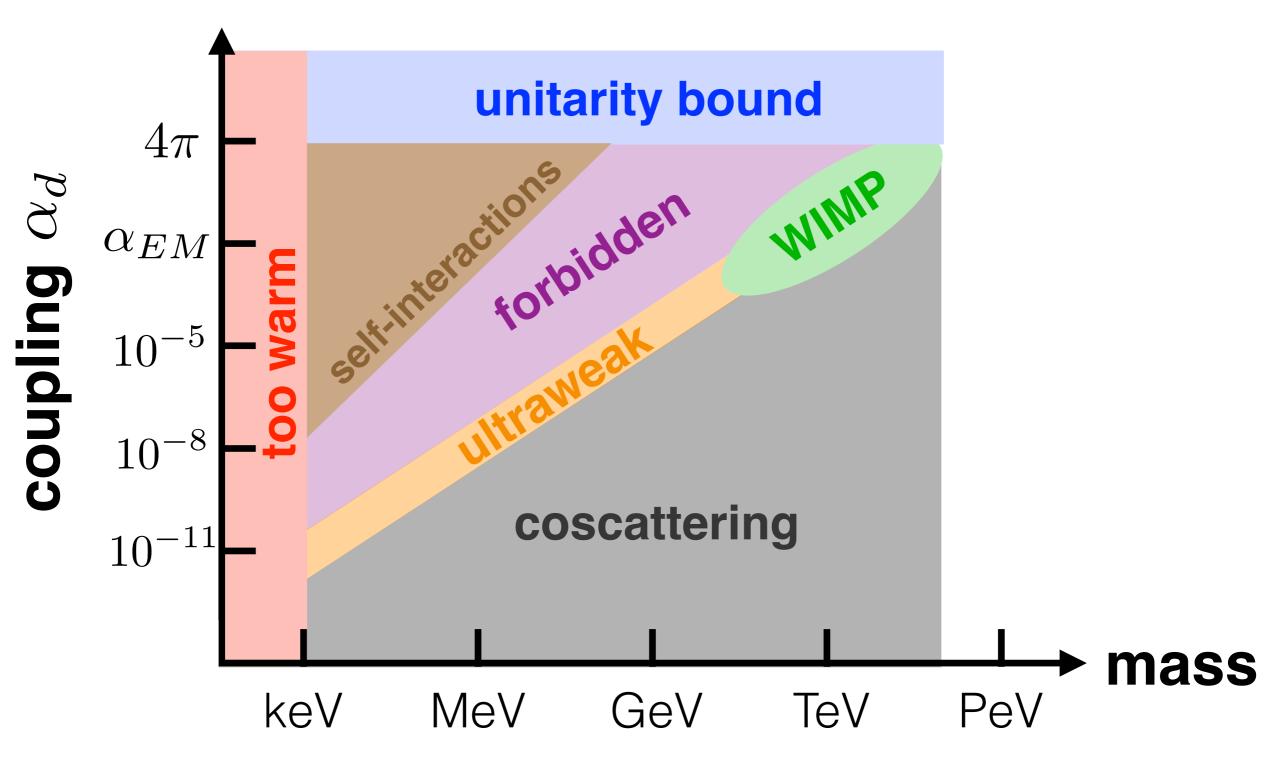
Coscattering

• what if the annihilation rate is too small?

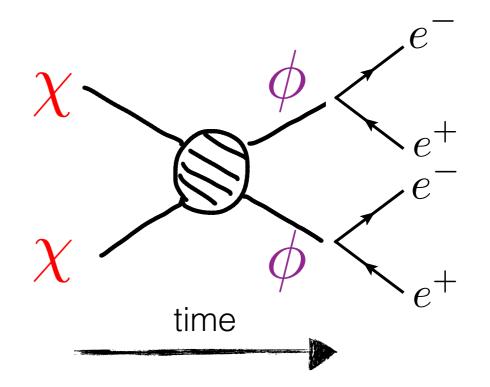


• D'Agnolo, Pappadopulo, Ruderman, Phys. Rev. Lett. **119**, 061102 (2017).

dark matter freezeout



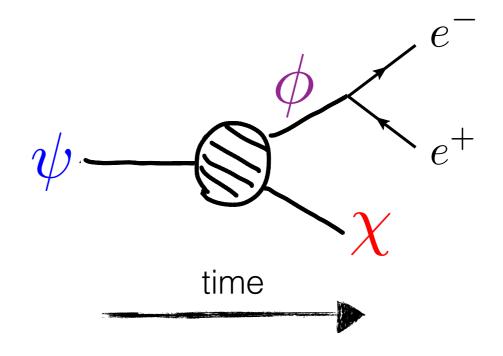
Coscattering Phenomenology

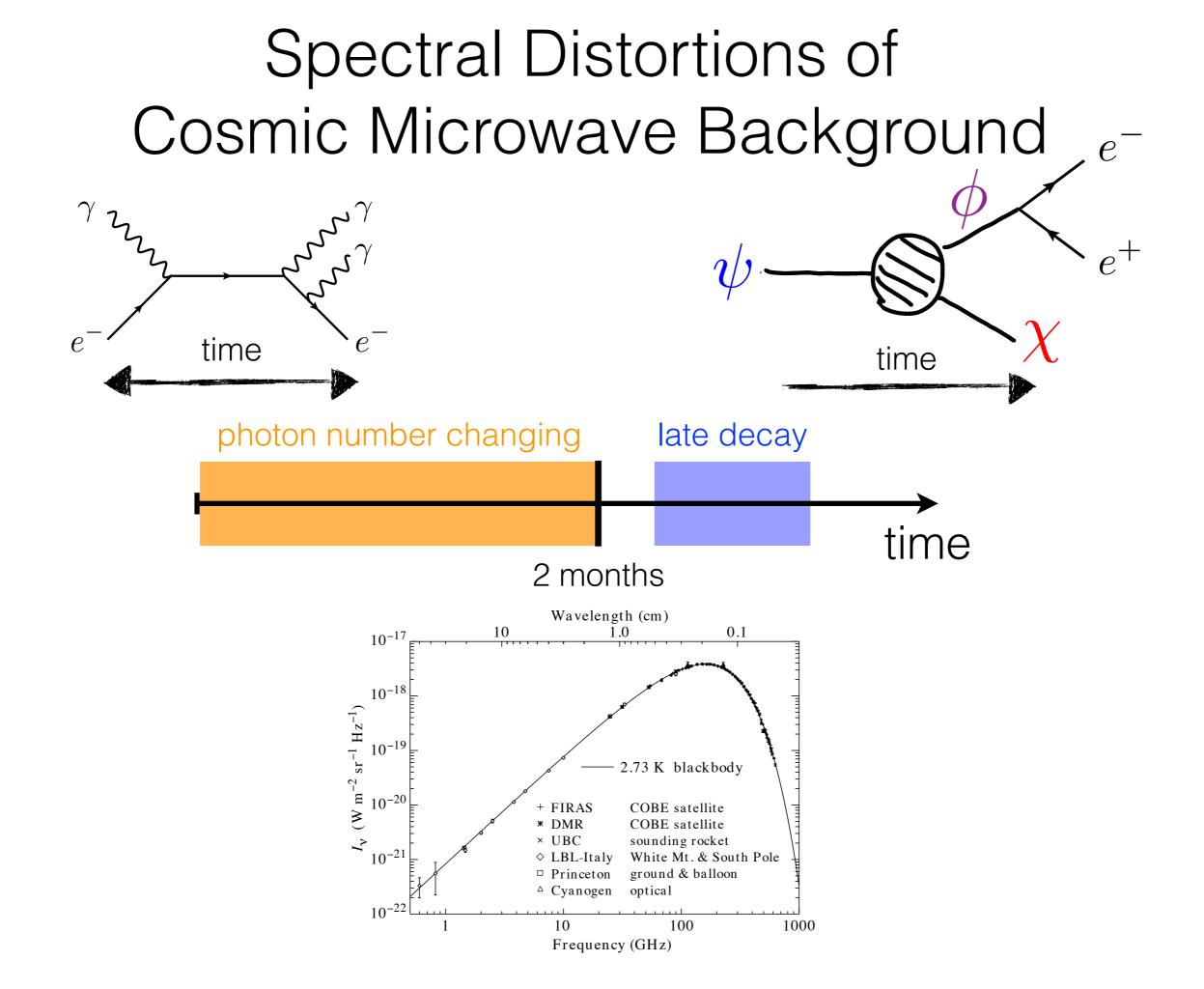


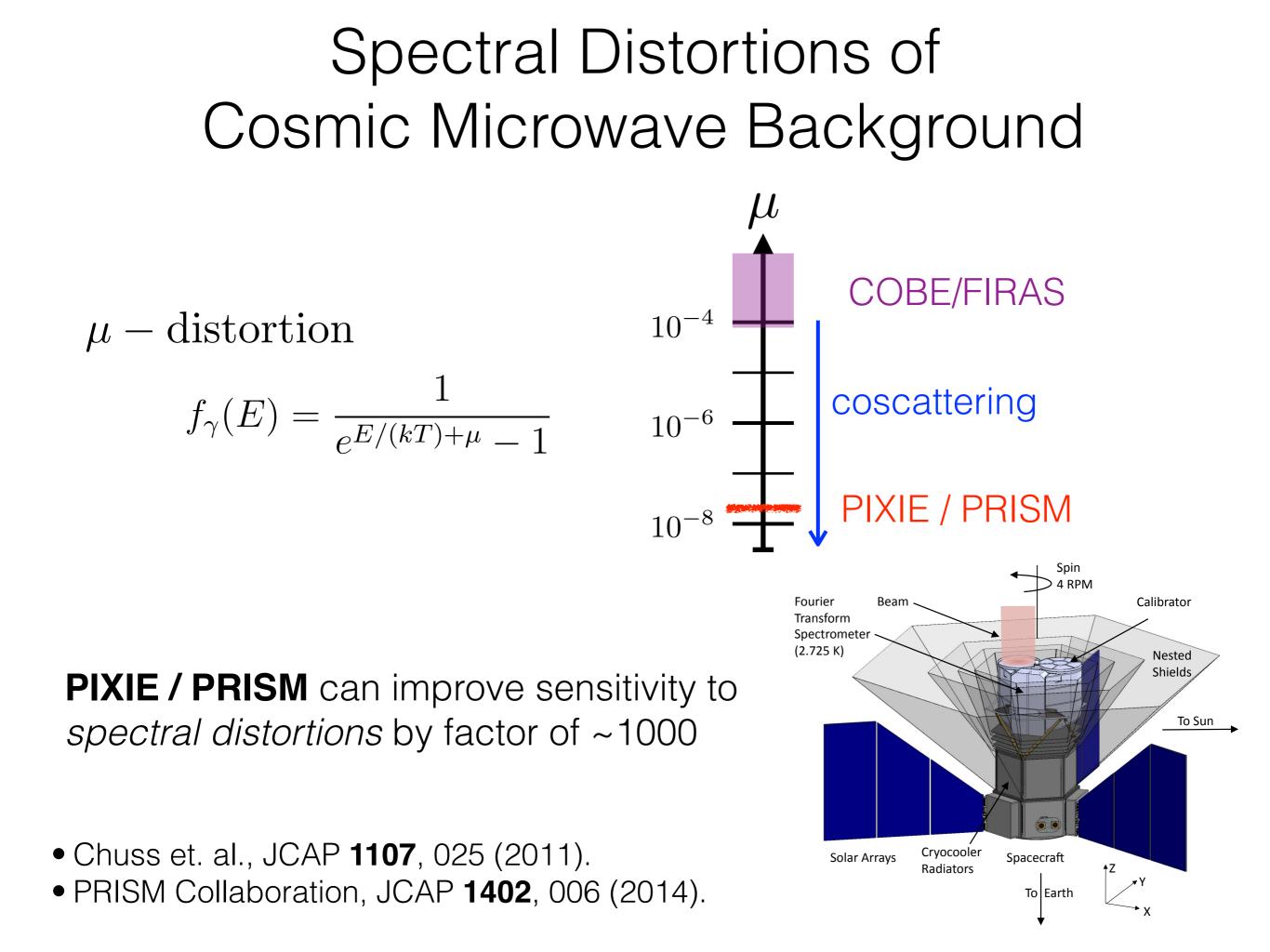
suppressed annihilations

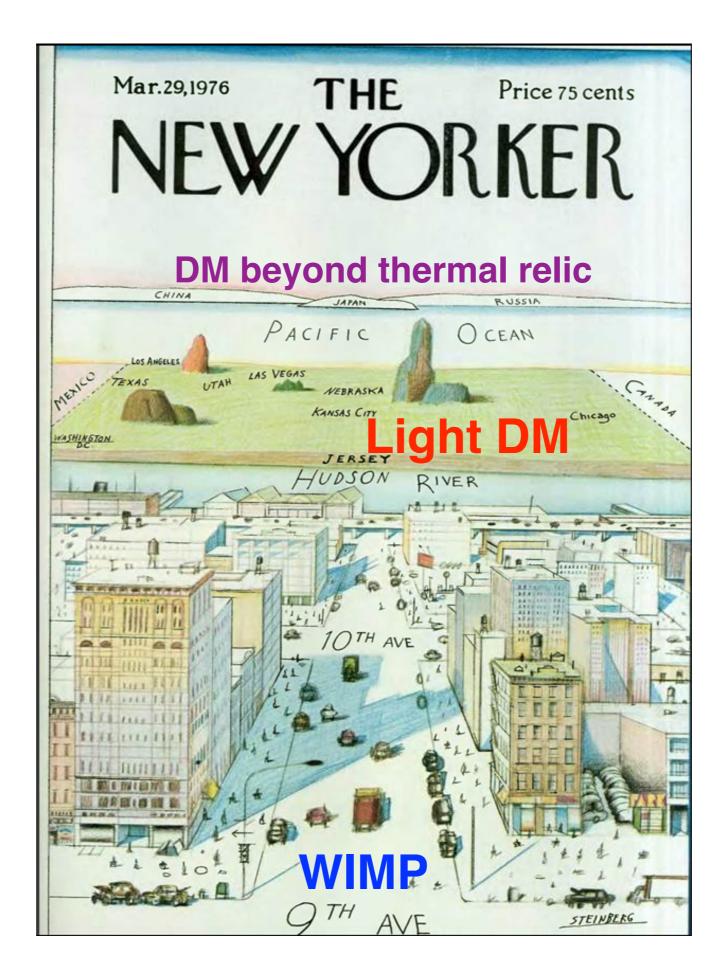
 $\sigma v \ll 3 \times 10^{26} \mathrm{cm}^3/\mathrm{s}$

late decays of dark friend









21cm: Data are Coming!

Age of the Universe (Myr)

200

150

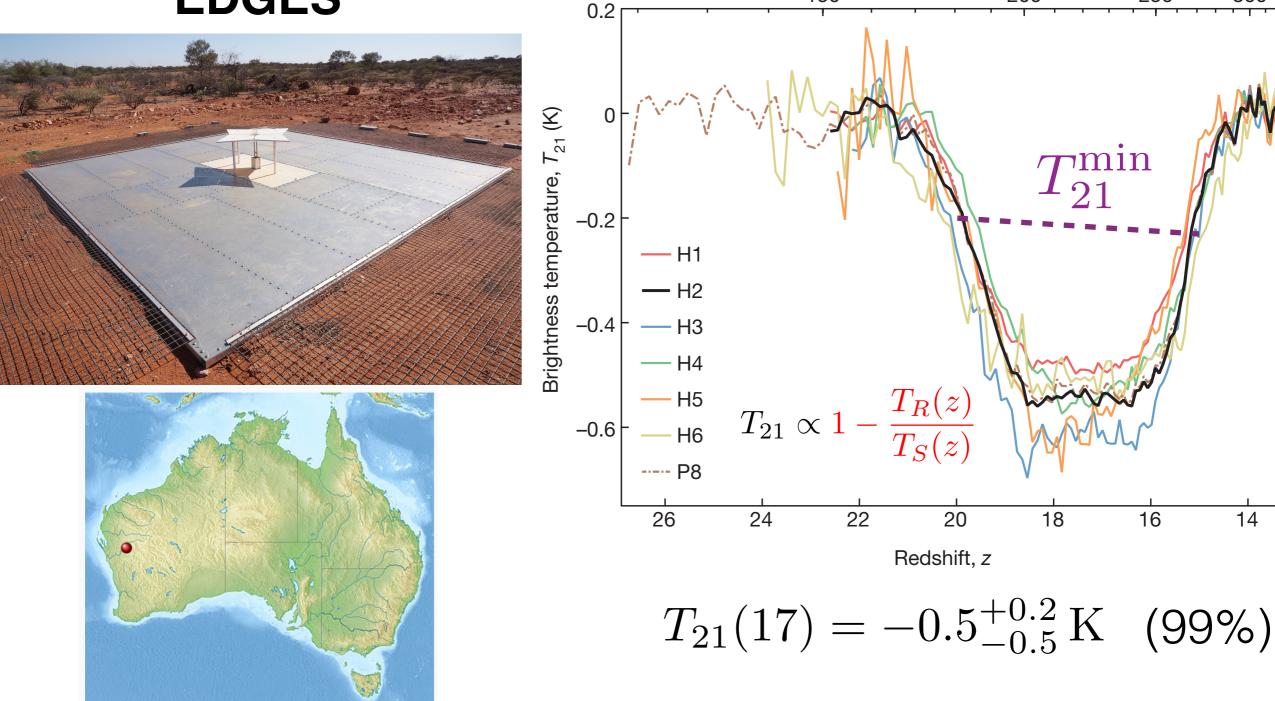
250

16

14

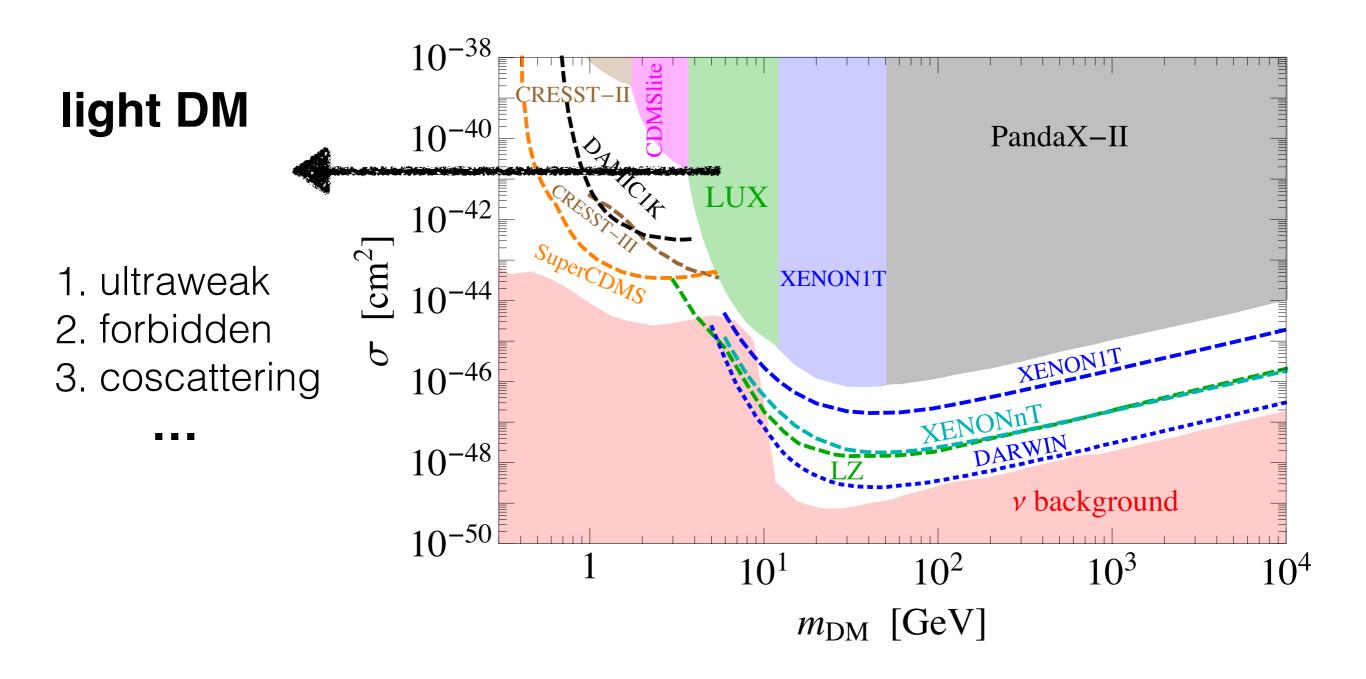
300

EDGES



• Bowman *et. al.* Nature **555**, 67 (2018)

take away



take away

