

Living Long at the LHC

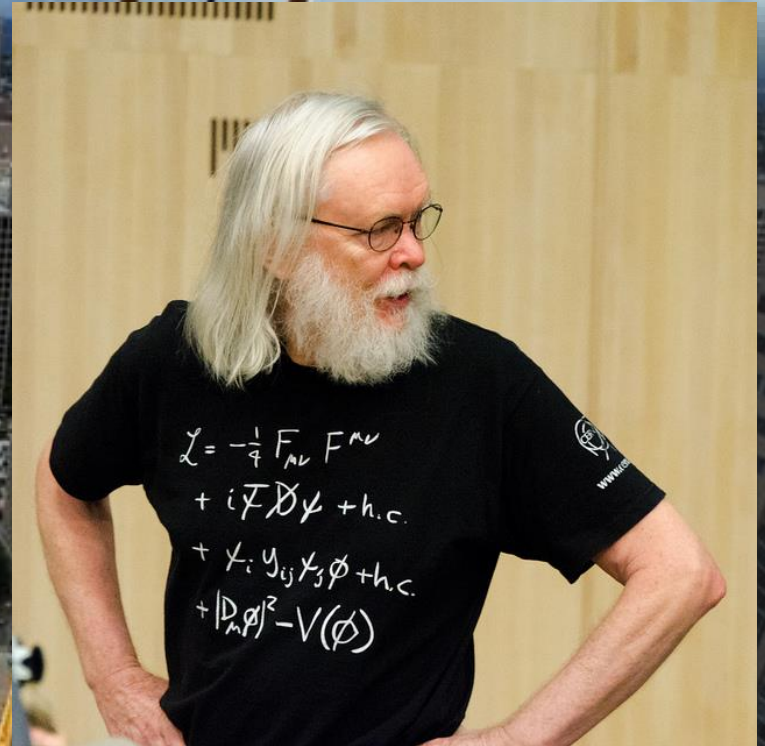
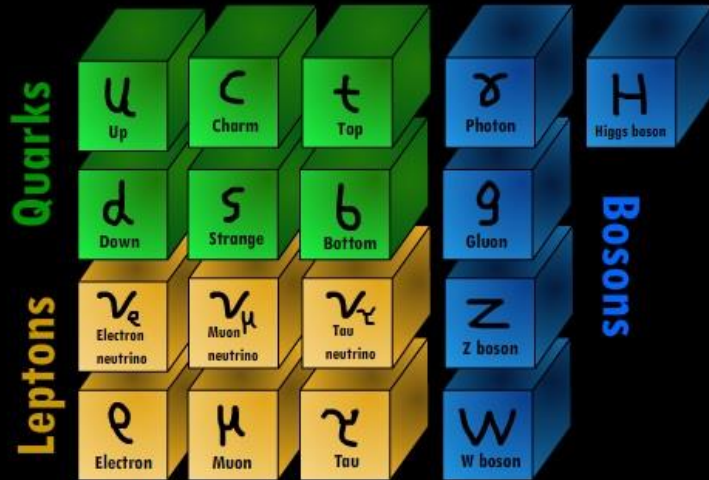
Gordon Watts

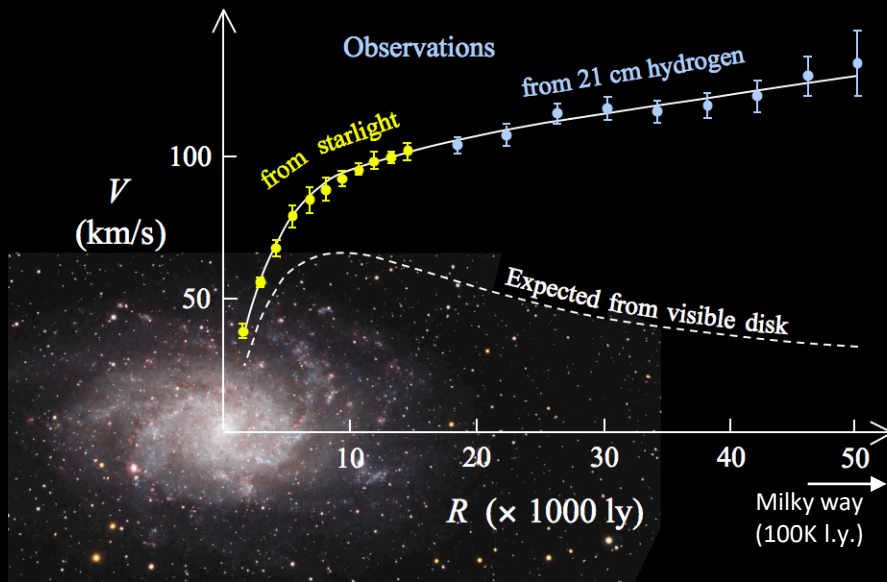
University of Washington – Seattle



DESY-Zeuthen
January 17, 2018

The Standard Model





Dark Matter



Matter Antimatter Asymmetry

Temperature	10^{27}°C	10^{13}°C	10^8°C	$10,000^{\circ}\text{C}$	-200°C	-270°C
1 The cosmos goes through a superfast "inflation," expanding from the size of an atom to that of a grapefruit in a tiny fraction of a second	2 Post-inflation, the universe is a seething, hot soup of electrons, quarks and other particles	3 A rapidly cooling cosmos permits quarks to clump into protons and neutrons	4 Still too hot to form into atoms, charged electrons and protons prevent light from shining; the universe is a superhot fog	5 Electrons combine with protons and neutrons to form atoms, mostly hydrogen and helium. Light can finally shine	6 Gravity makes hydrogen and helium gas coalesce to form the giant clouds that will become galaxies; smaller clumps of gas collapse to form the first stars	7 As galaxies cluster together under gravity, the first stars die and spew heavy elements into space; these will eventually form into new stars and planets

What is Dark Matter?

Baryon asymmetry?

Why three families?

Why those masses?

Grand Unification? SUSY Breaking?

Or direct motivation unknown?

Super Symmetry

Little Higgs Model

Extra Dimensions

String Theories

Supergravity

Grand Unified Theories

MSSM

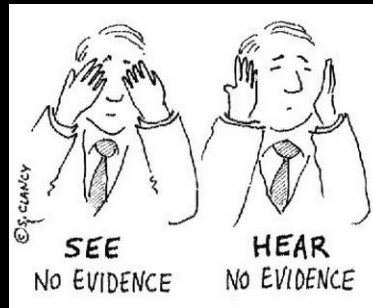
Hidden Sector Models

WIMPS

Higgs Doublet

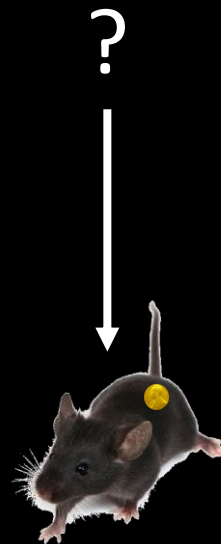
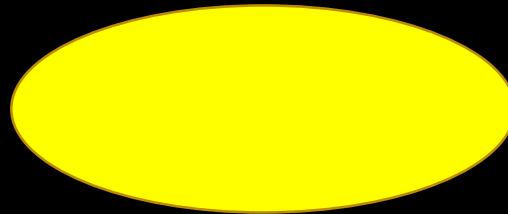
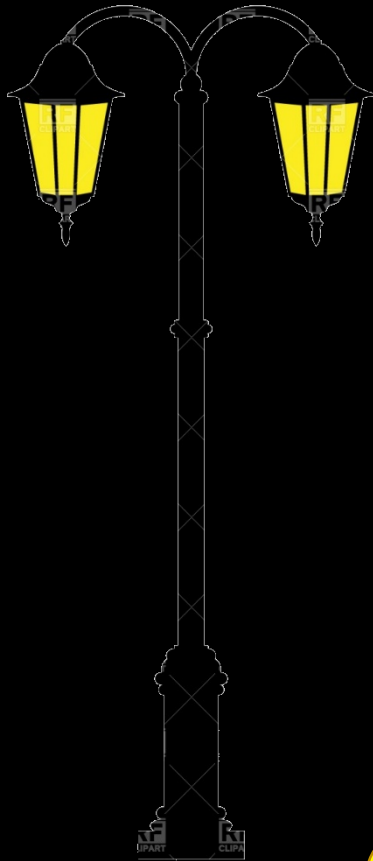
Axions

$SU(3)^3$



No Evidence

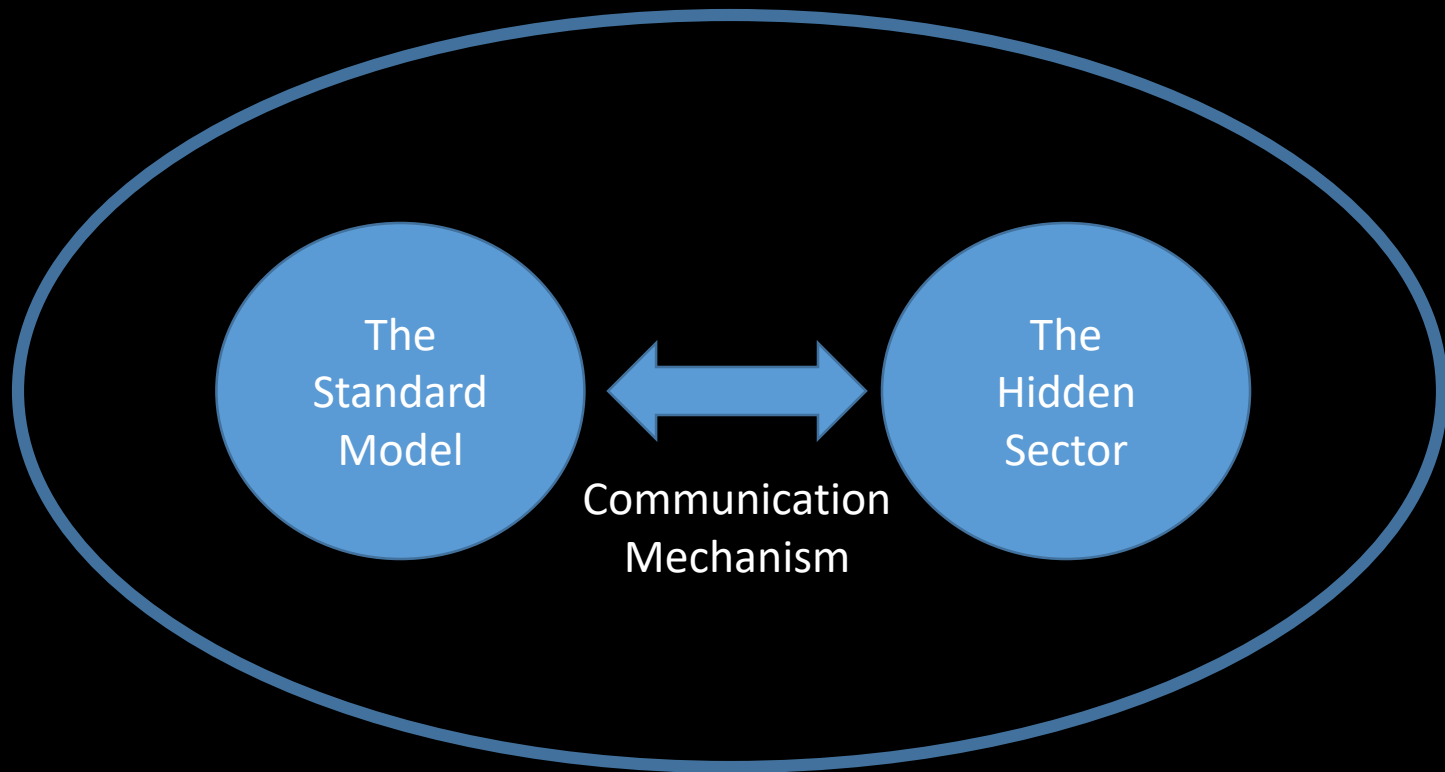
What did we miss?



Light Particles

Stealth XXX

Long Lived Particles



Hidden Sector

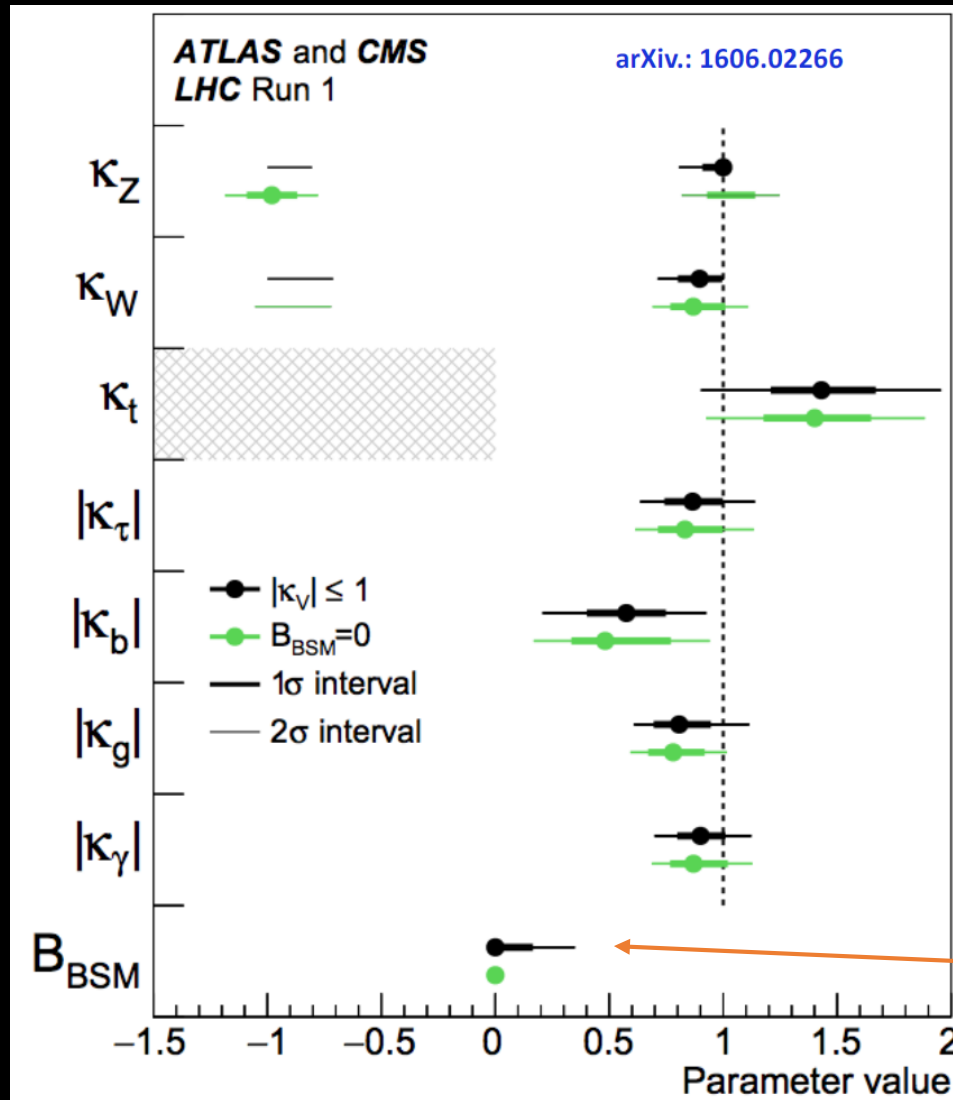
A gauge group that does not interact via the SM gauge fields

- ➡ A phenomenology of arbitrary complexity
- ➡ Do interact via gravity (DM)

Hidden Valley

Some particles come back!

The Higgs as a Communicator



Room for a
30% invisible
decay

Exotic Higgs Decays

Working Group

<http://exotichiggs.physics.sunysb.edu>

Home

Overview

Theories Producing Exotic Higgs Decays

Decay Channels

Contact

Admin

Exotic Decays of the 125 GeV Higgs Boson

[1312.4992v4](#)

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Matthew Strassler,⁶ Ze'ev Surujon,¹ Brock Tweedie,^{8,11} and Yi-Ming Zhong^{1,*}

scalars

SM + Fermion

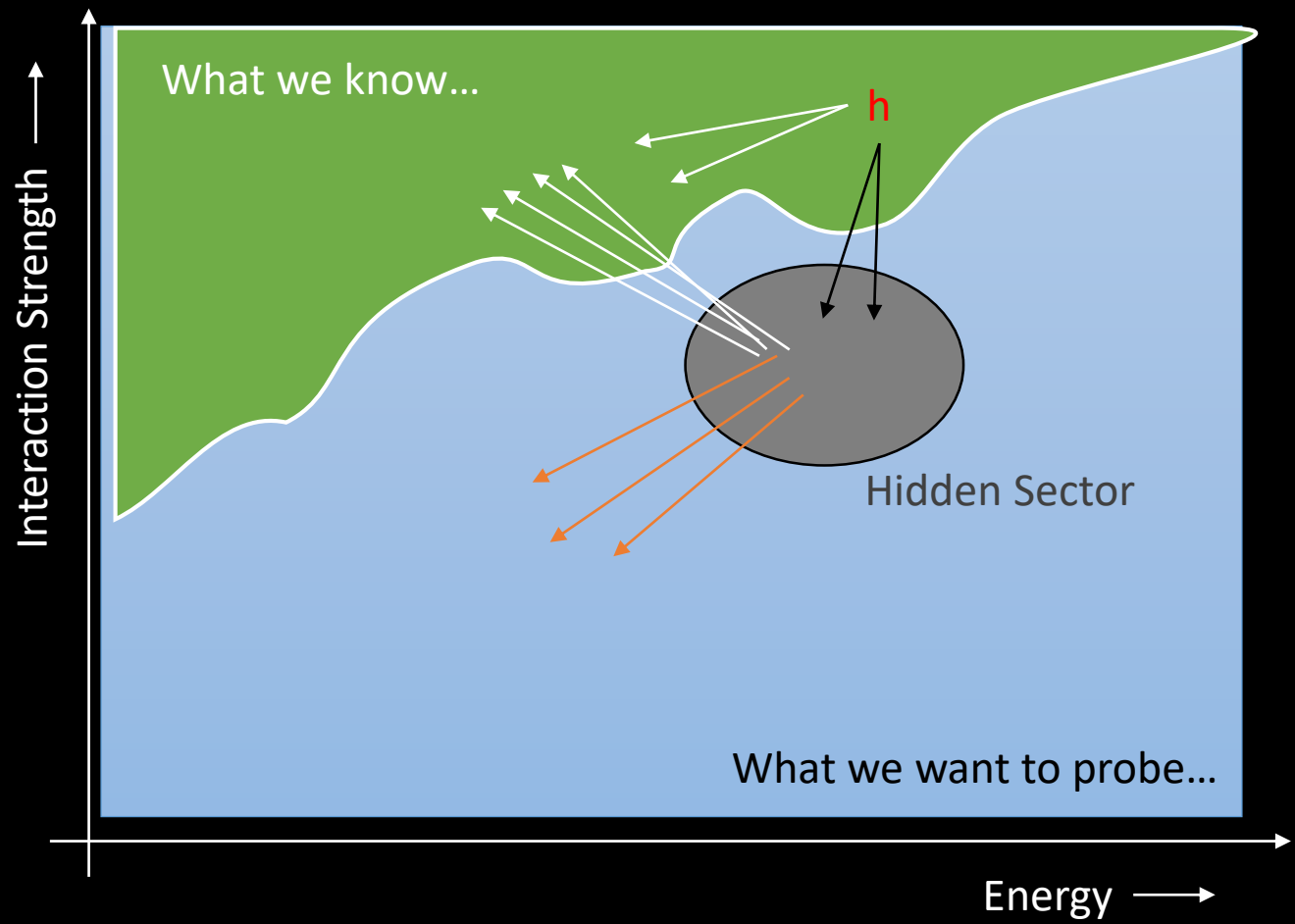
NMSSM with exotic decays to fermions

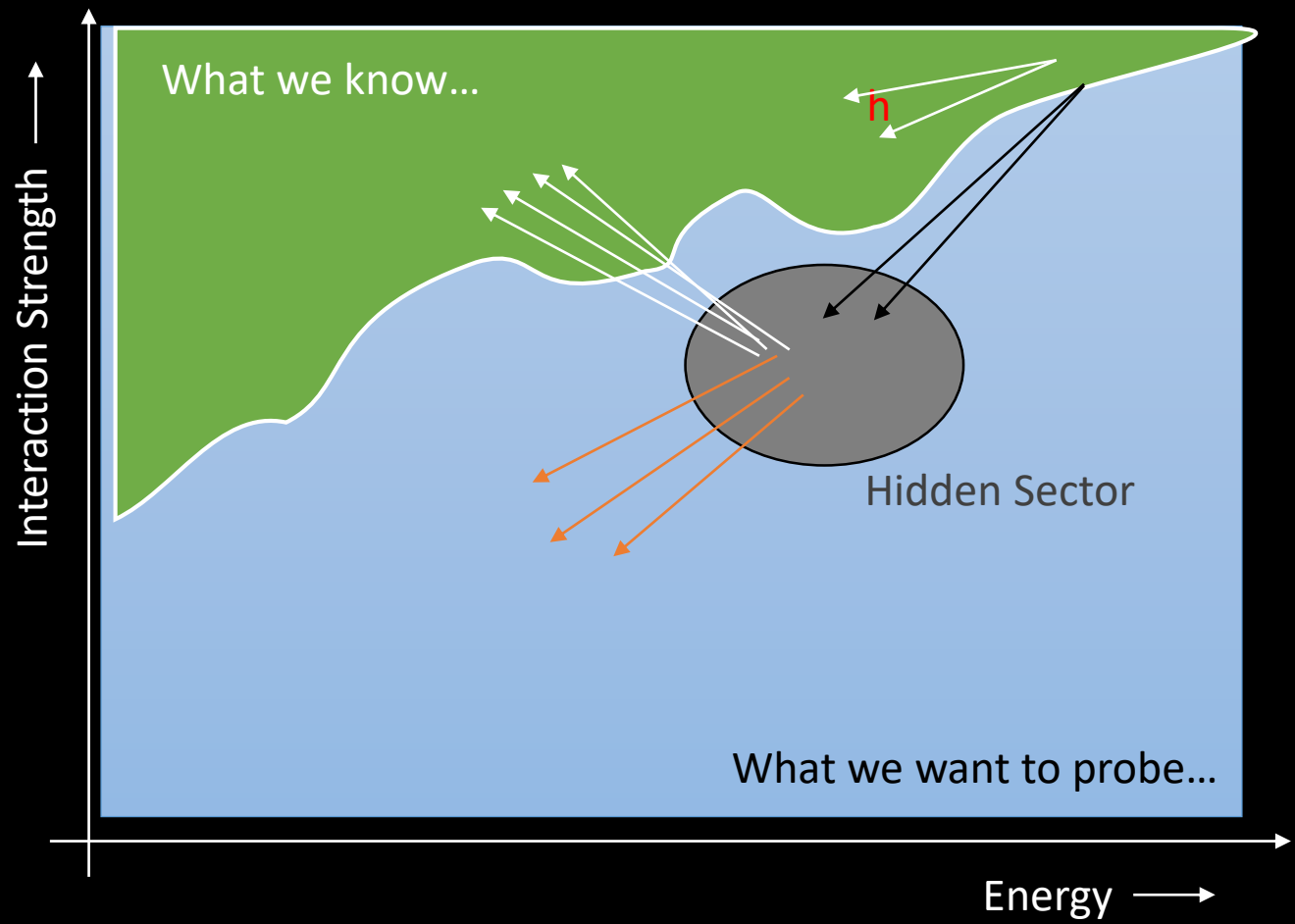
MSSM

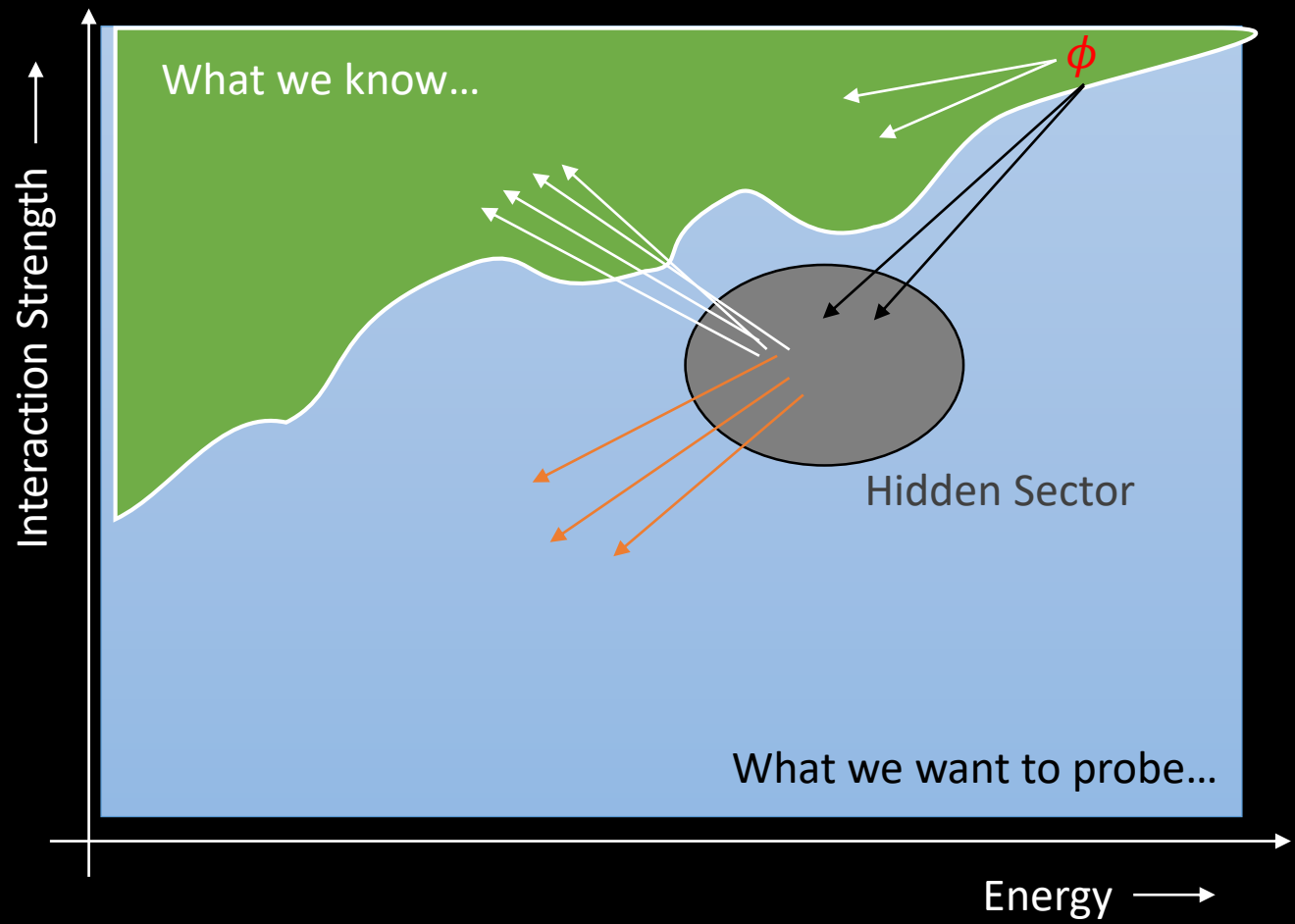
Hidden Valleys

SM + 2 Fermions

Little Higgs

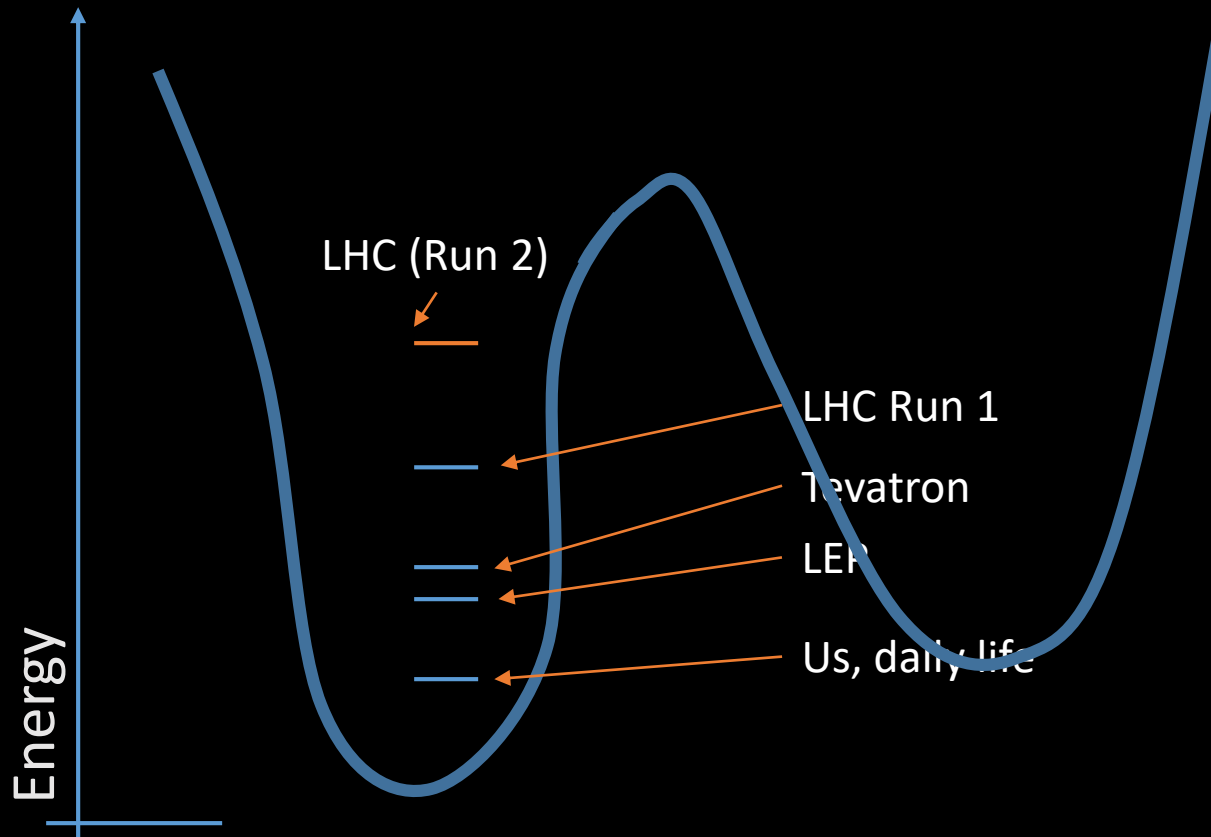




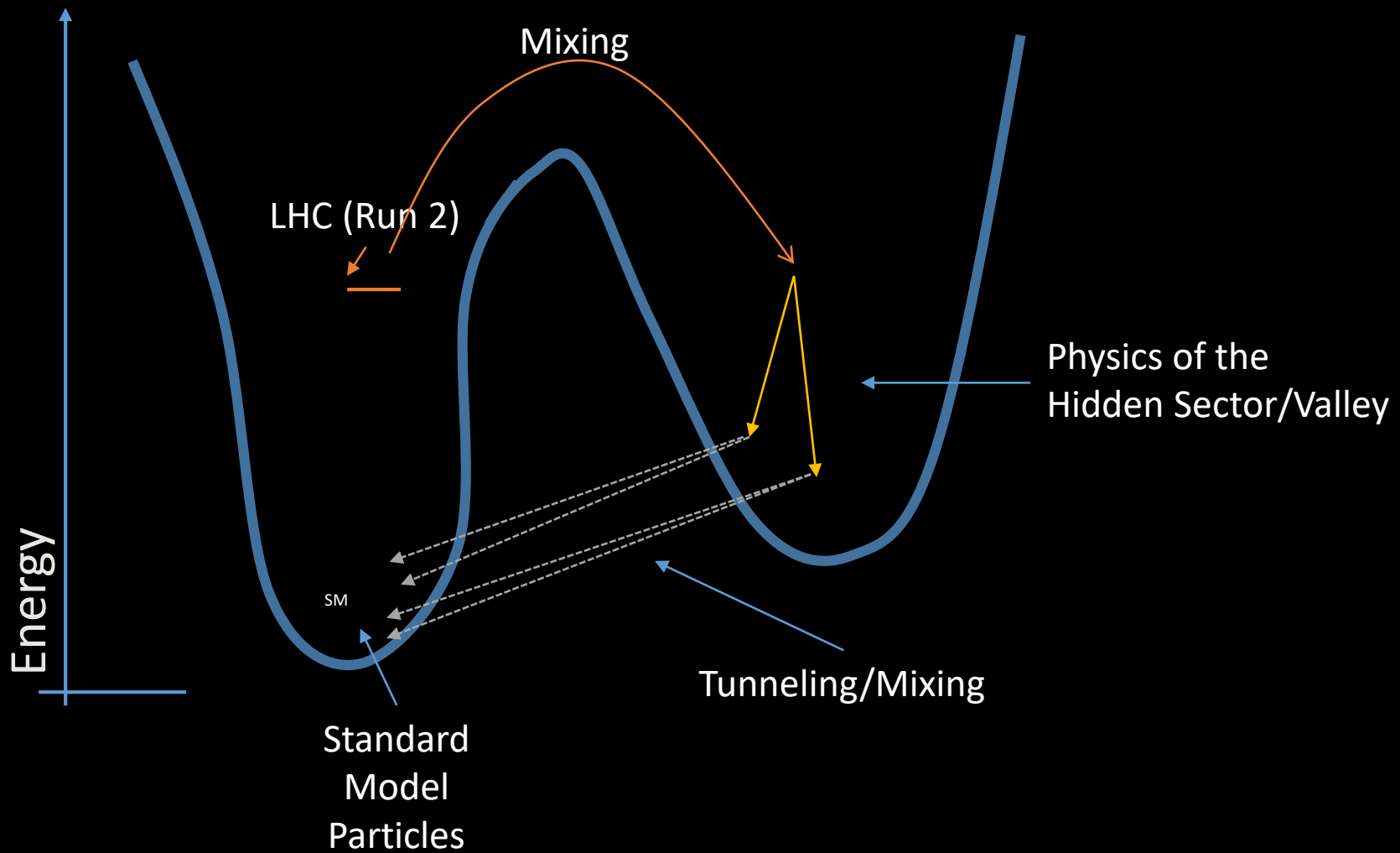


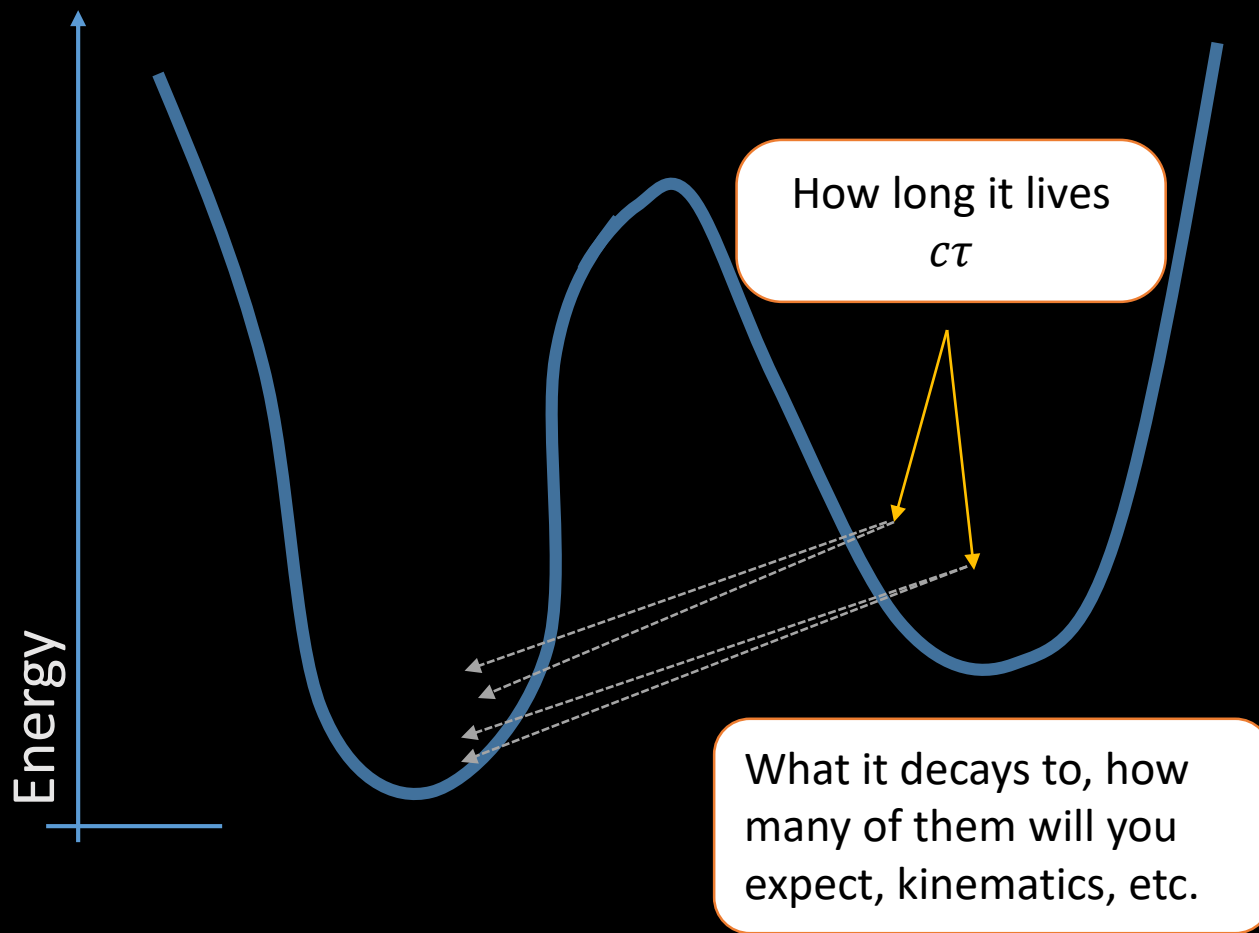
Why haven't we seen anything yet?

Why haven't we seen anything yet?



Why haven't we seen anything yet?

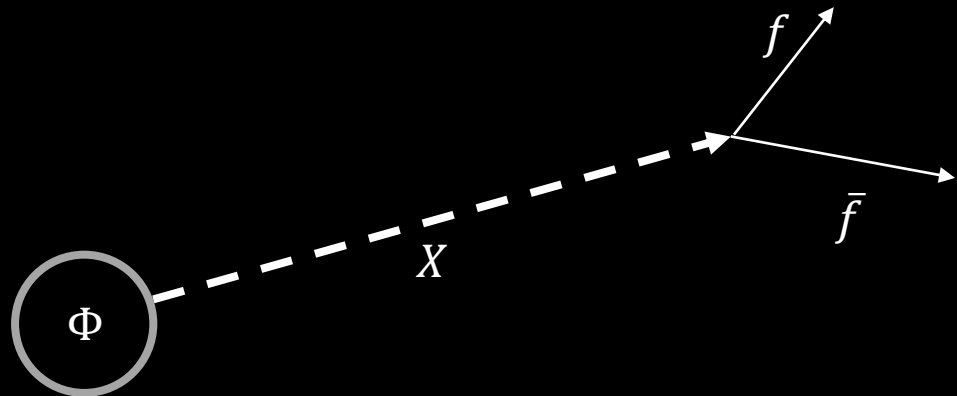




The mixing means the end result will be Standard Model Particles

➡ Couples to leptons (M_X small)
“lepton-jets” – jets of leptons

➡ Couples to heavy fermions



Many BSM theories accommodate long-lived particles

- Mini split supersymmetry (arXiv:1212.6971)
- Gauge mediation (arXiv:hep-ph/9801271)
- RPV (R-parity violating) SUSY (arXiv:1309.5957)
- Models of Baryogenesis (arXiv:1409.6729)
- Hidden Valleys (arXiv:hep-ph/0605193)
- Dark Photons (arXiv:1604.00044)
- Theories of Neutral Naturalness (arXiv:1512.05782)
- Models generating neutrino masses (arXiv:1604.06099)

Analysis Strategy

Driven by the production and decay operators in the theory

Have We Covered Them All?

LLP Only Production

$$\phi \rightarrow \pi_\nu \pi_\nu$$

Often produced in pairs

Hidden Valley

Neutral Naturalness

Associated Production and Decay

LLP is produced in association, or the decay contains other objects

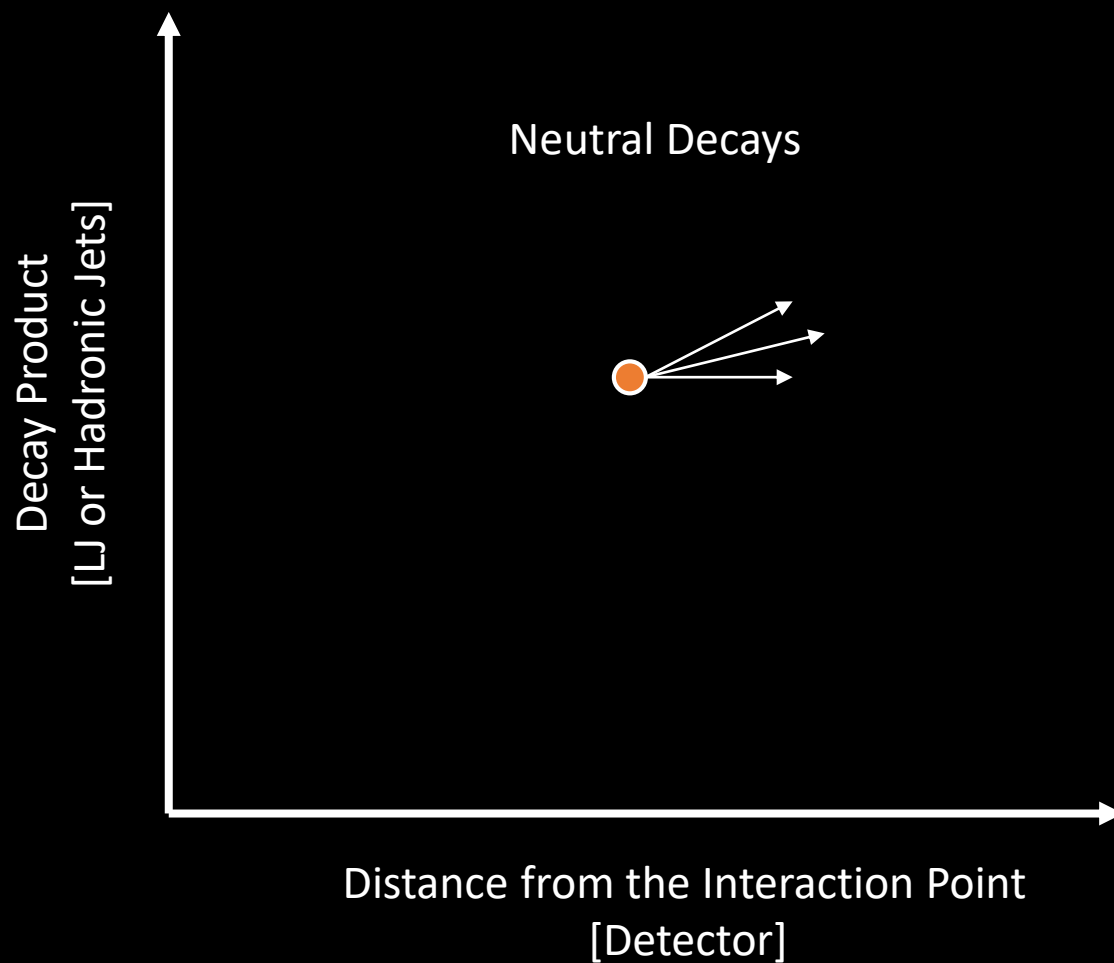
Jets – Colored Object

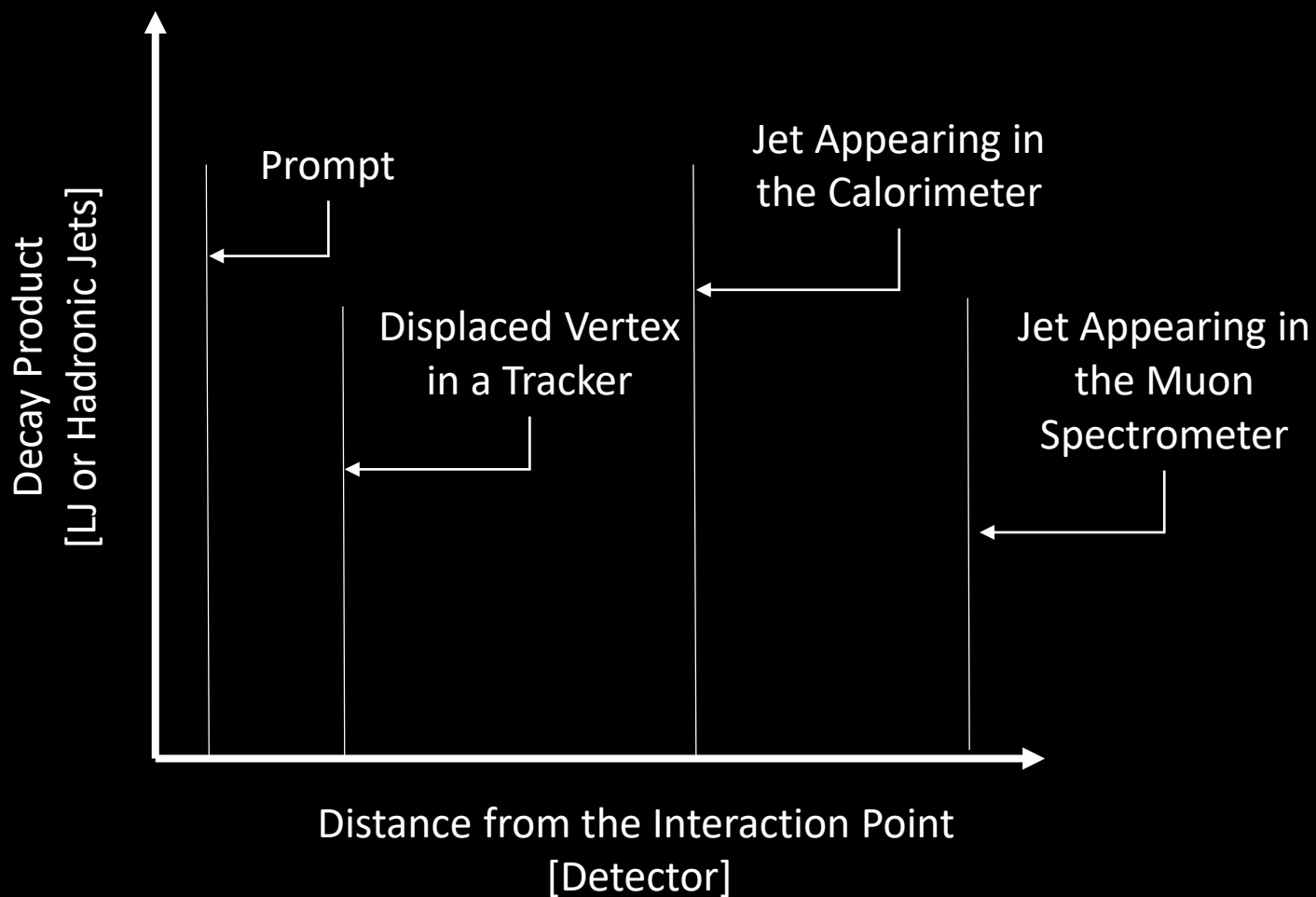
Leptons – EW interactions

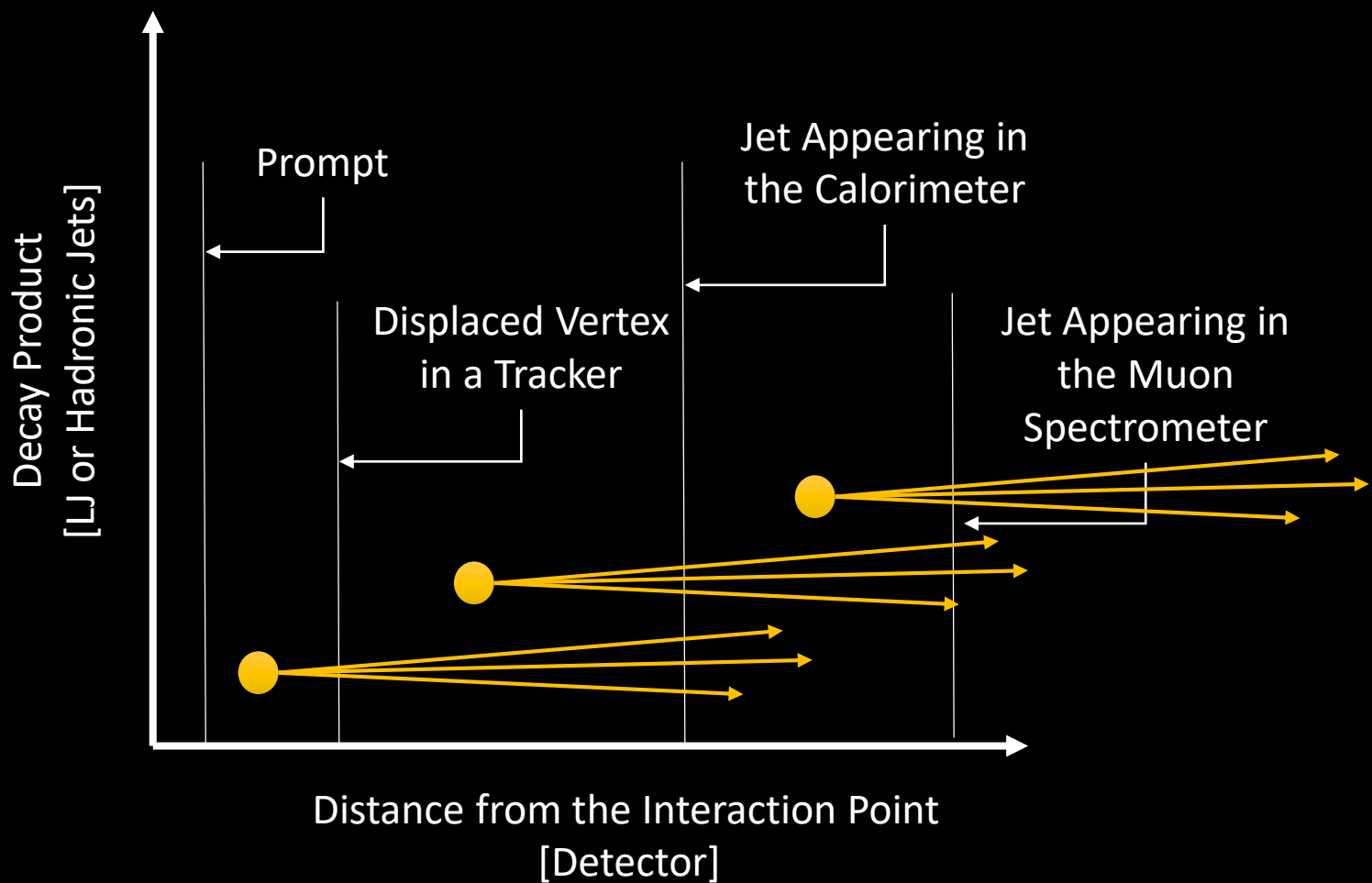
Weak Bosons – Associated production

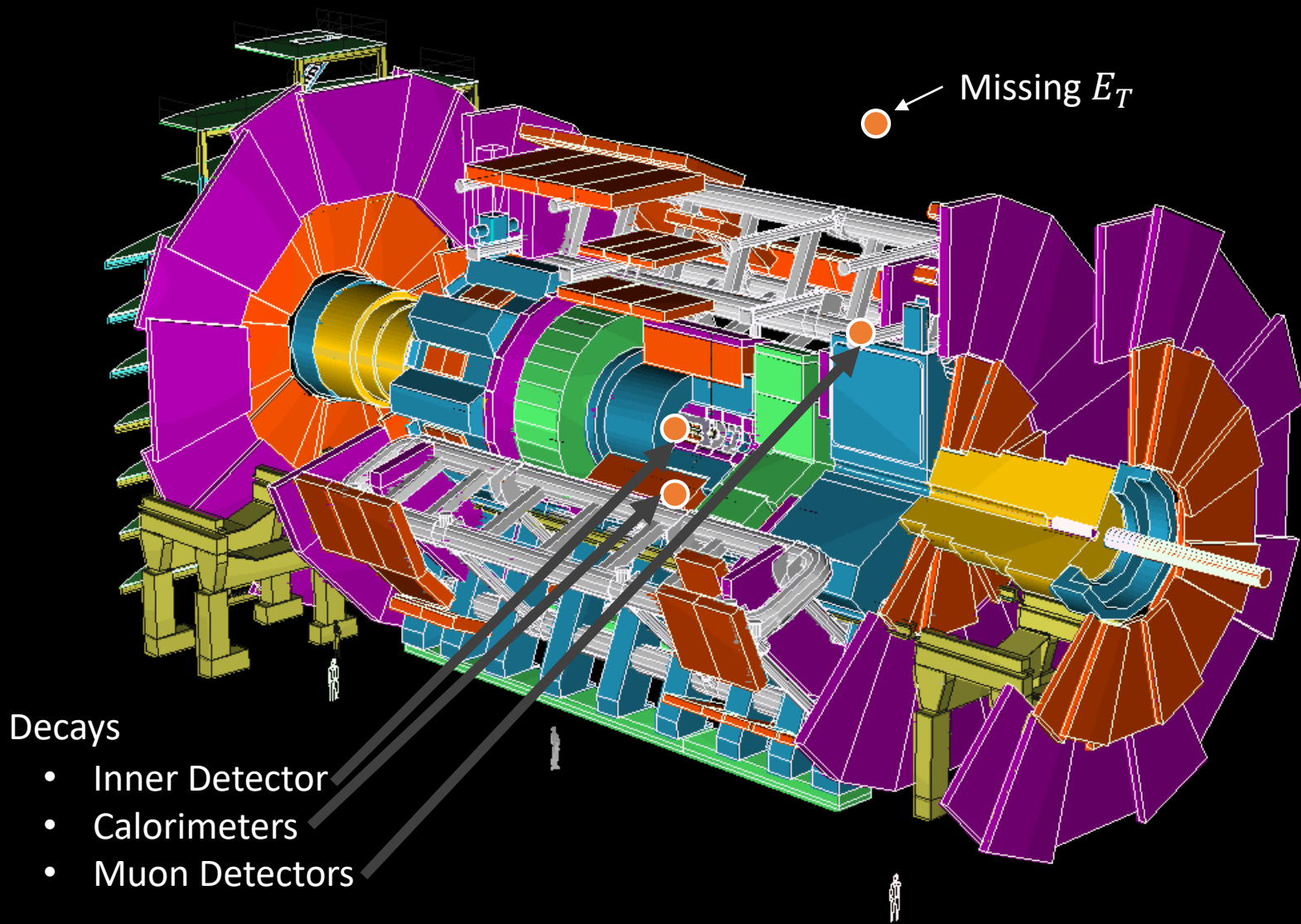
etc.

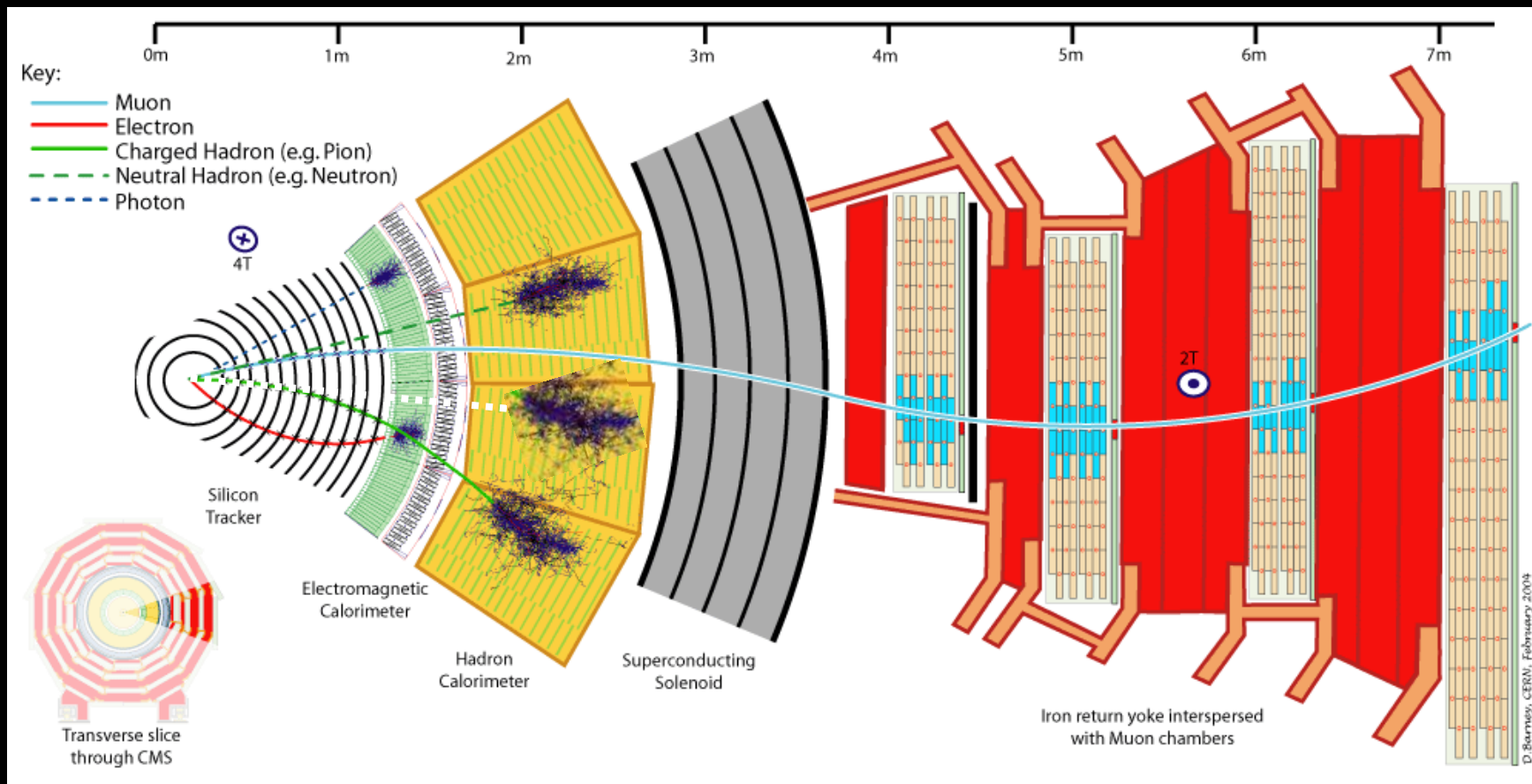
Life-time of the LLP is a free parameter

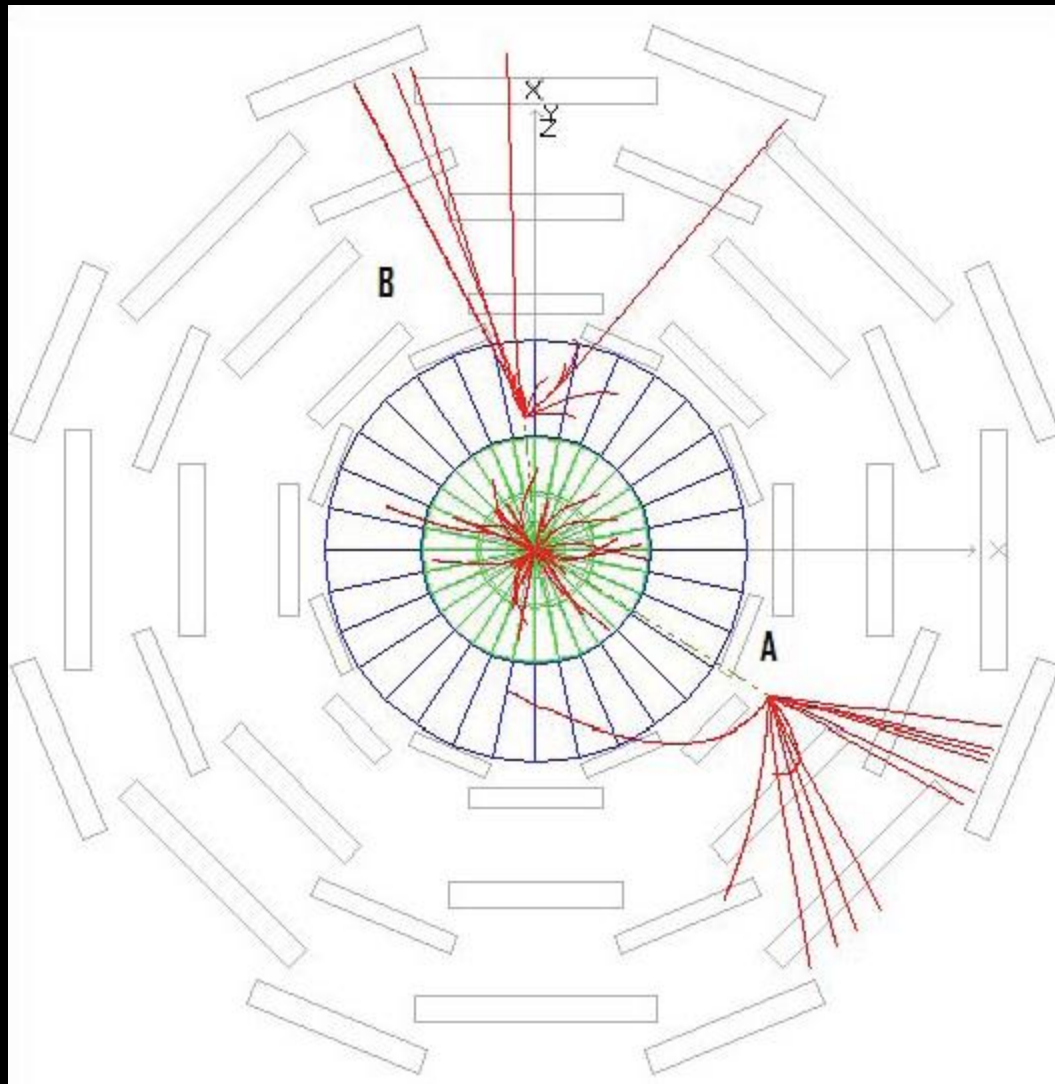






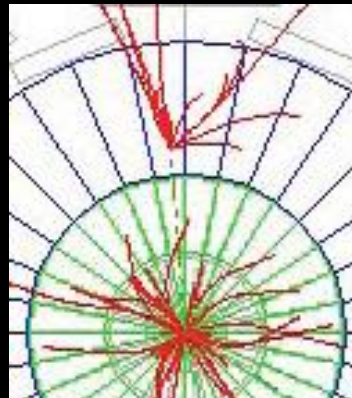


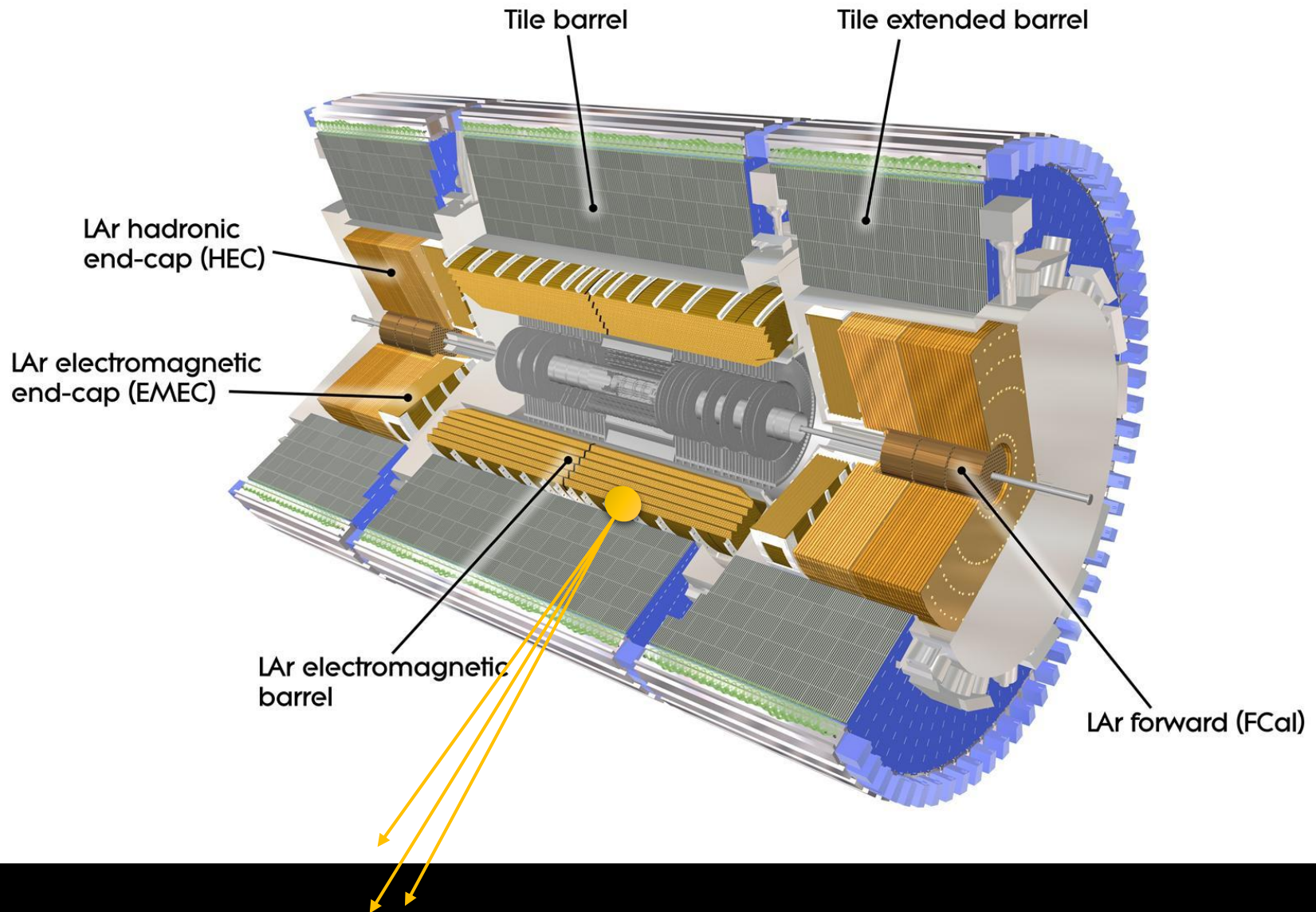




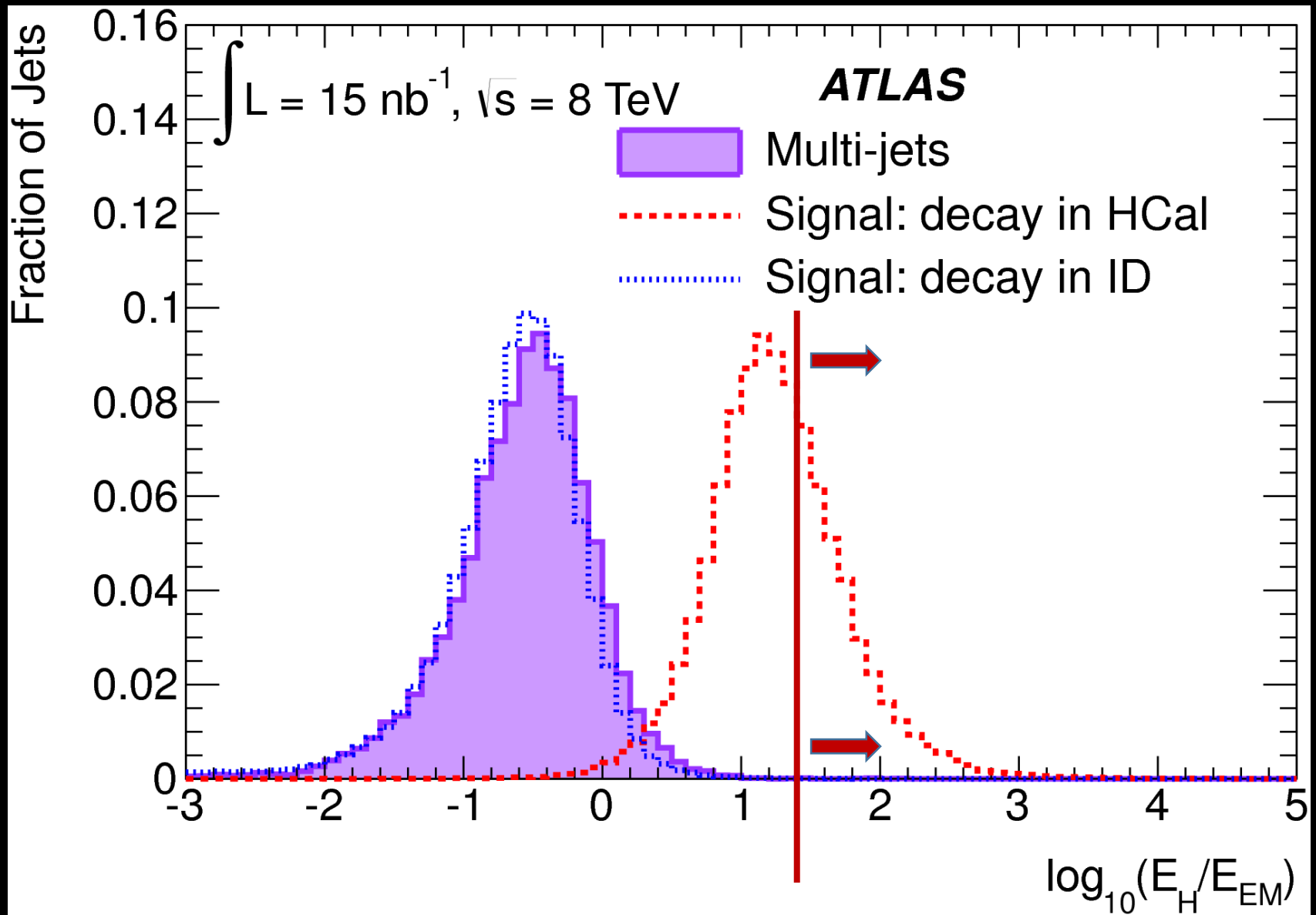
Decays in the Calorimeter

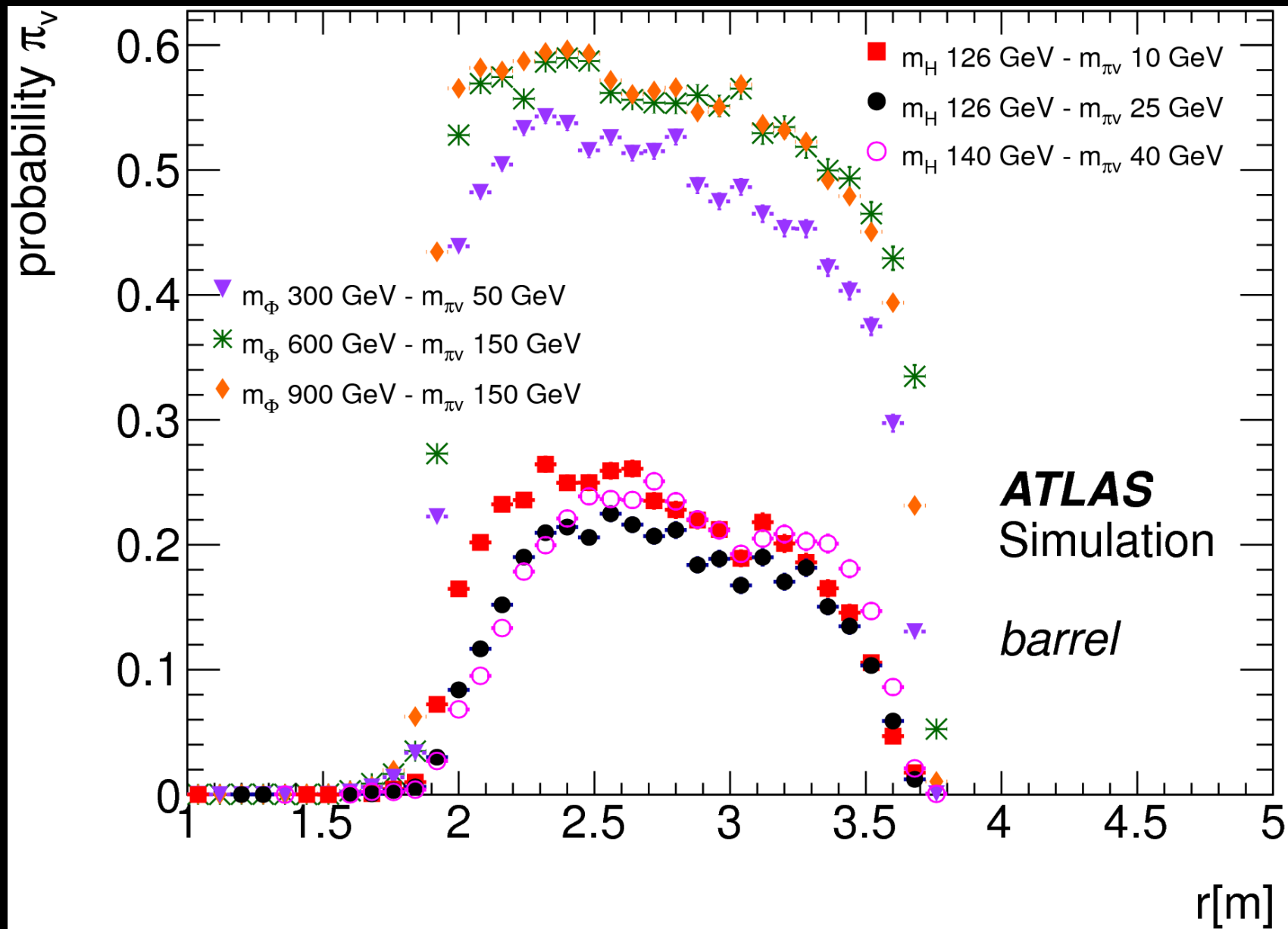
1. Look for the “appearance” of energy the Calorimeter
2. Little or no activity in the tracker

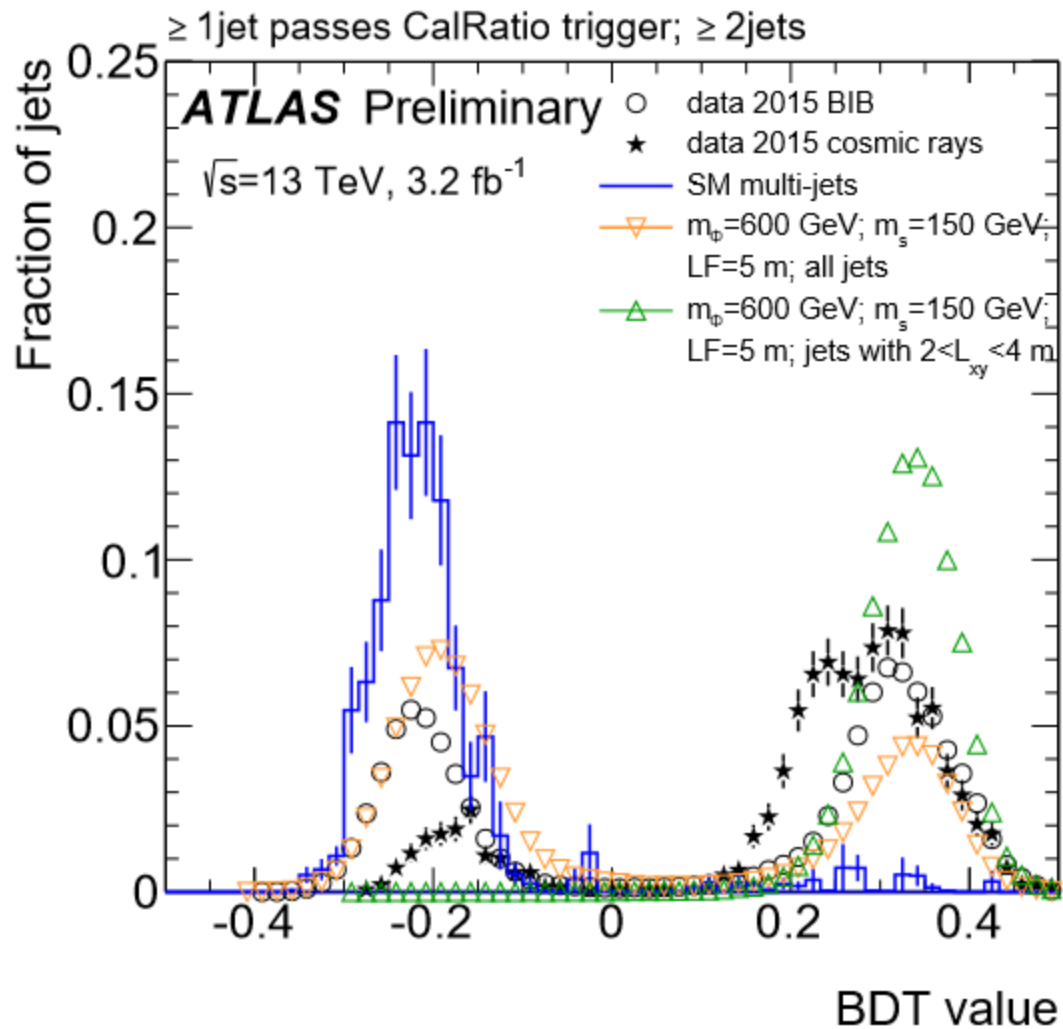





"CalRatio"







The events must be written to tape...

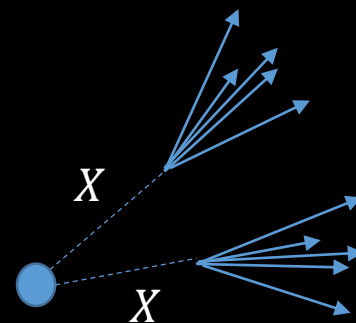
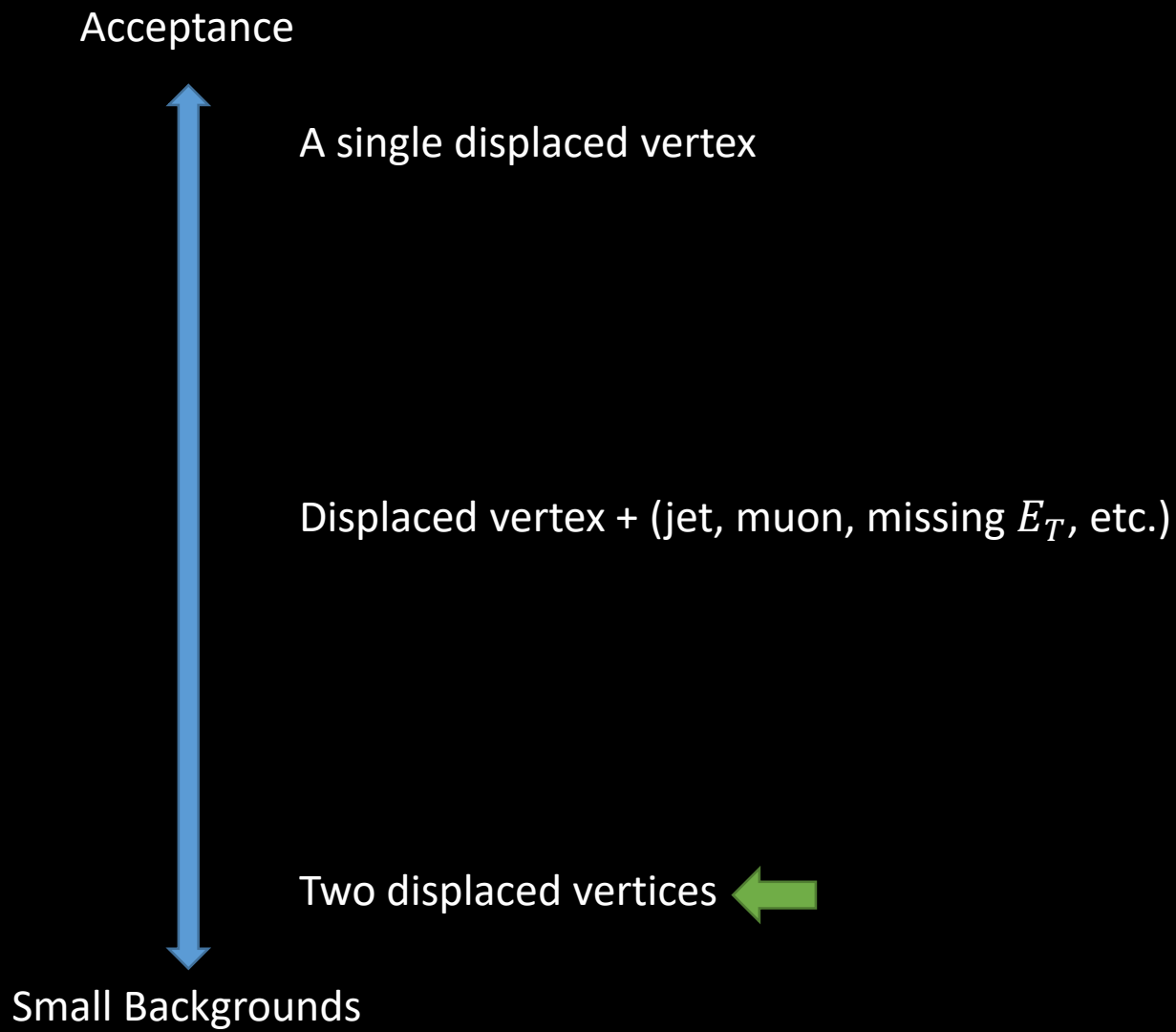
- 1 Associated Production/Associated Decay
e.g. WH production
 Trigger on isolated muon or missing E_T
e.g. jets, missing E_T , etc.
- 2 Signature Driven Trigger

ATLAS has 3 signature driven triggers running since the start of 2011:

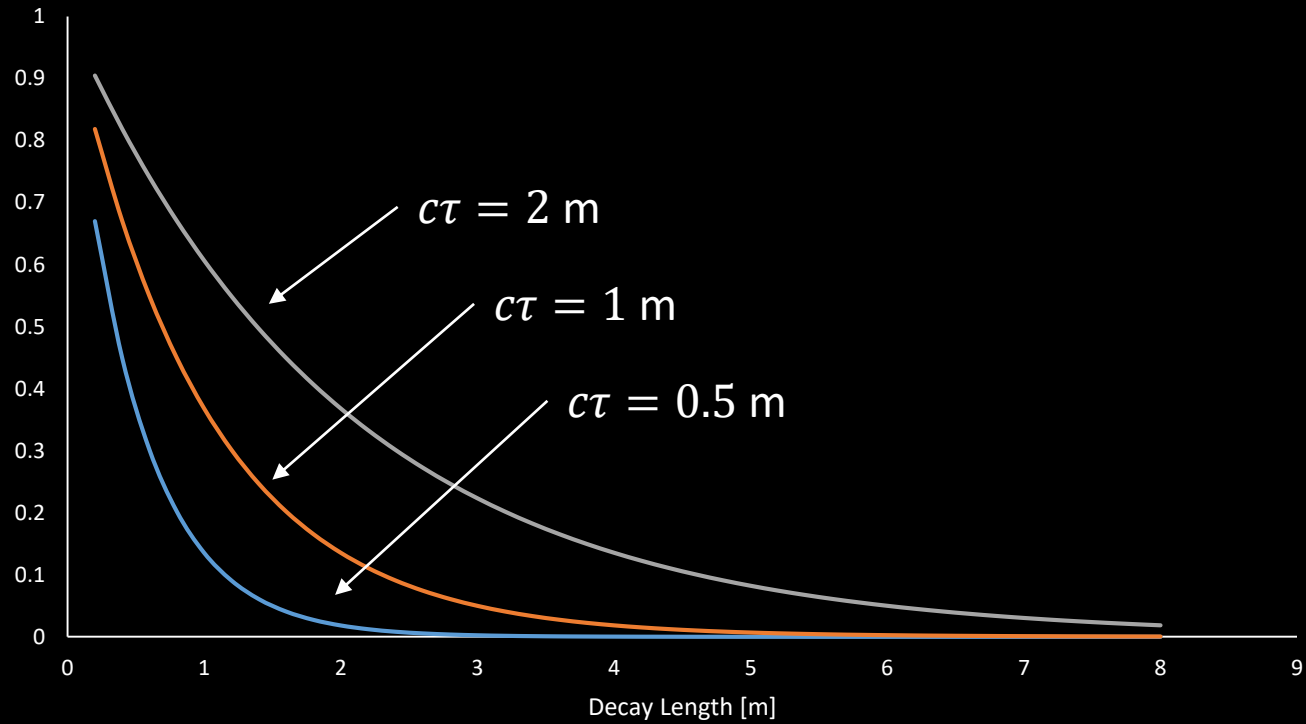
- Trackless Jet Trigger
 - CalRatio trigger
 - Muon RoI Cluster Trigger
- 
- All triggers must be below 1 Hz!

CMS has made great use of more traditional triggers

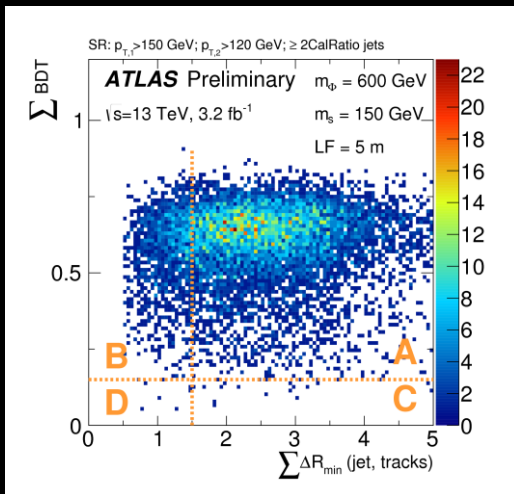
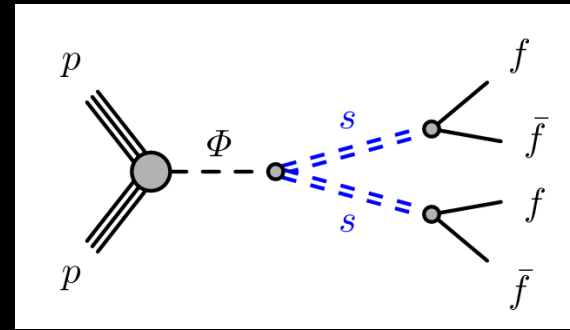
- Muon triggers
- Jet triggers



Sensitivity

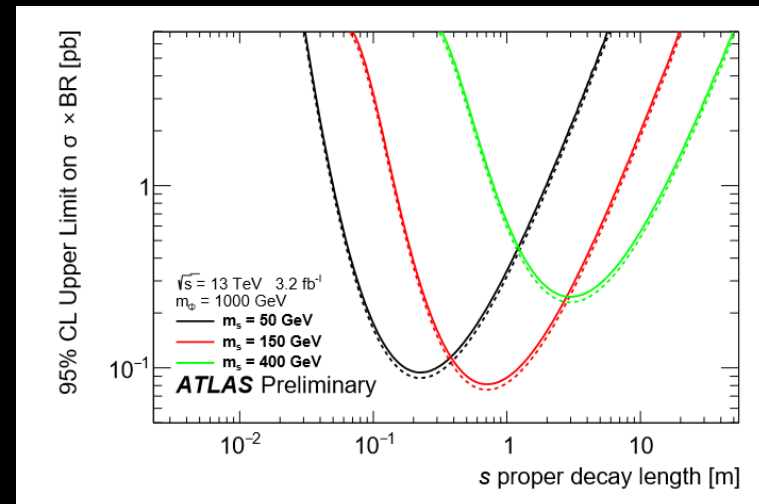


Run 2 – Search for two LLP's in the calorimeter



The ABCD Method is used to estimate backgrounds

There are limits for 200 GeV
and 400 GeV as well.
125 coming with next update.

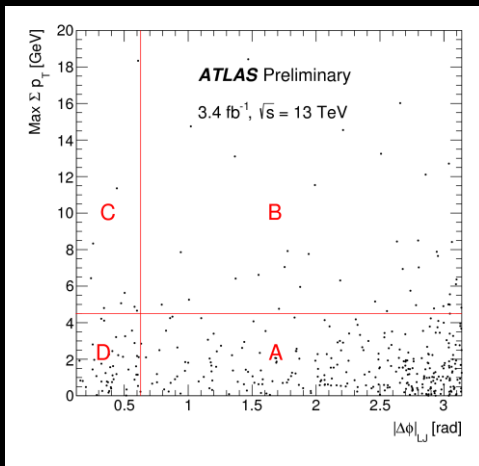
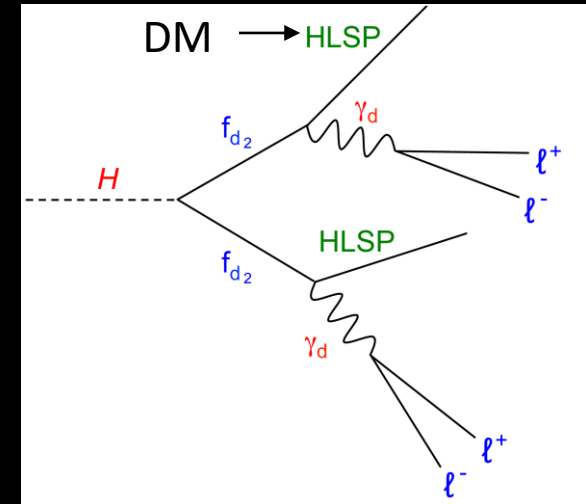
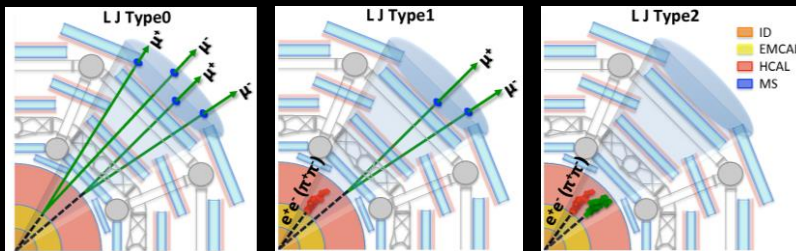


Run 2 Search for Displaced Lepton-Jets

$$H \rightarrow f_{d_2} f_{d_2}, f_{d_2} \rightarrow \gamma_d HLSP$$

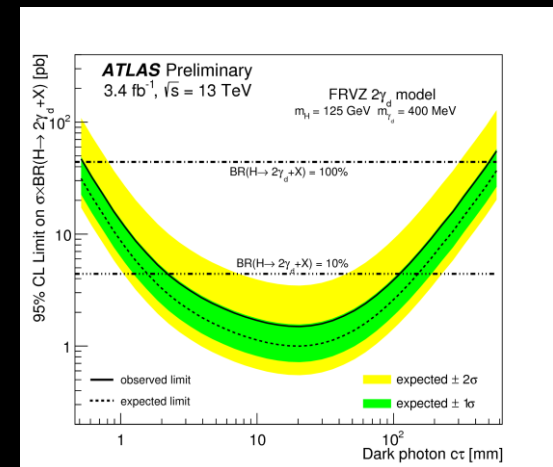
3 Long Lived Final State Objects:

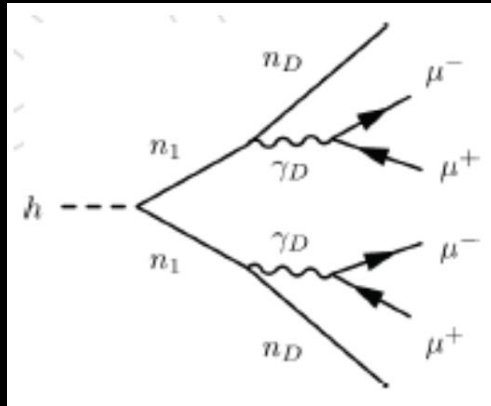
- Muons Only (type 0)
- Muons in a jet (type 1)
- Jet only (type 2)



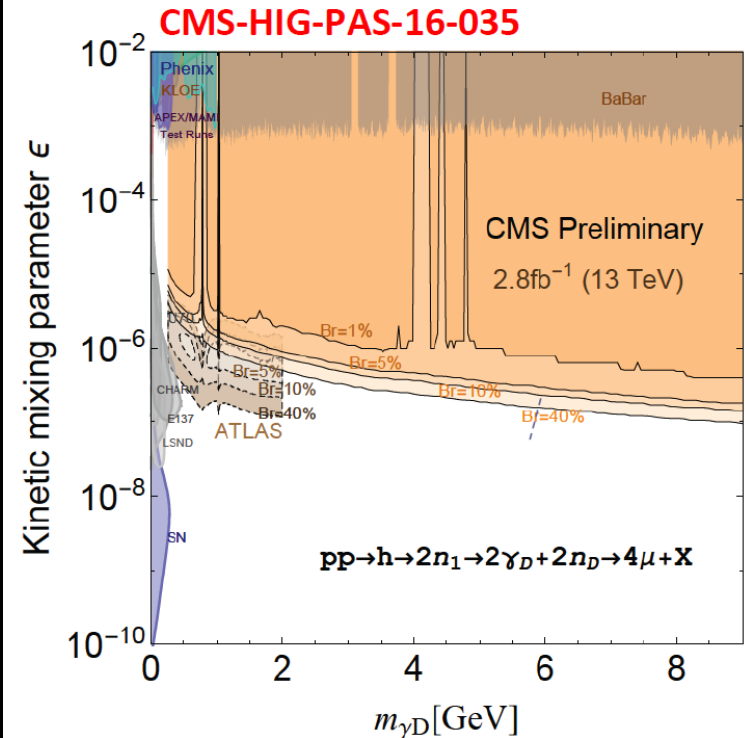
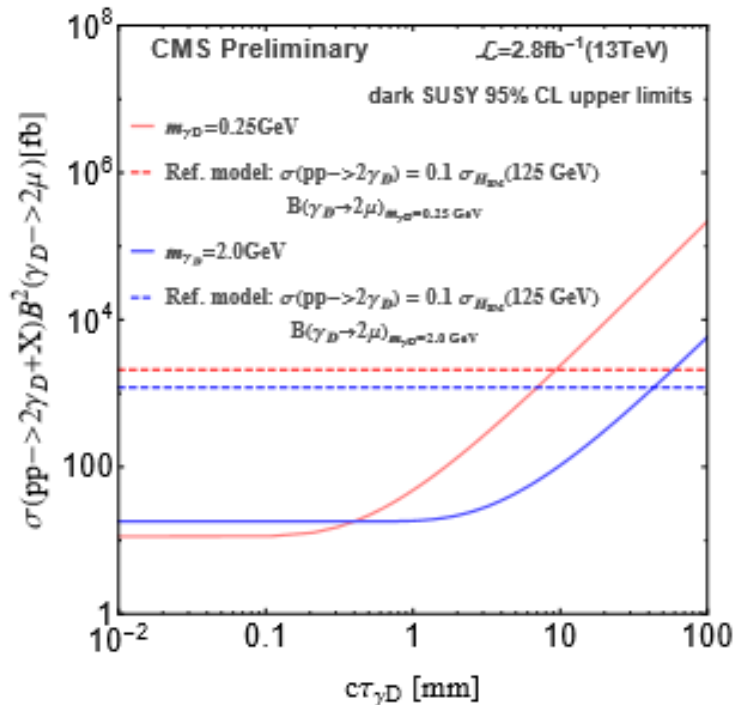
The ABCD Method is used to determine the backgrounds.

Limit is also set for a 800 GeV scalar.





Run 2 Search for 4 muons in $\eta < 2.4$
 In topology with two pairs of
 (closely spaced) muons
 γ_D is the LLP

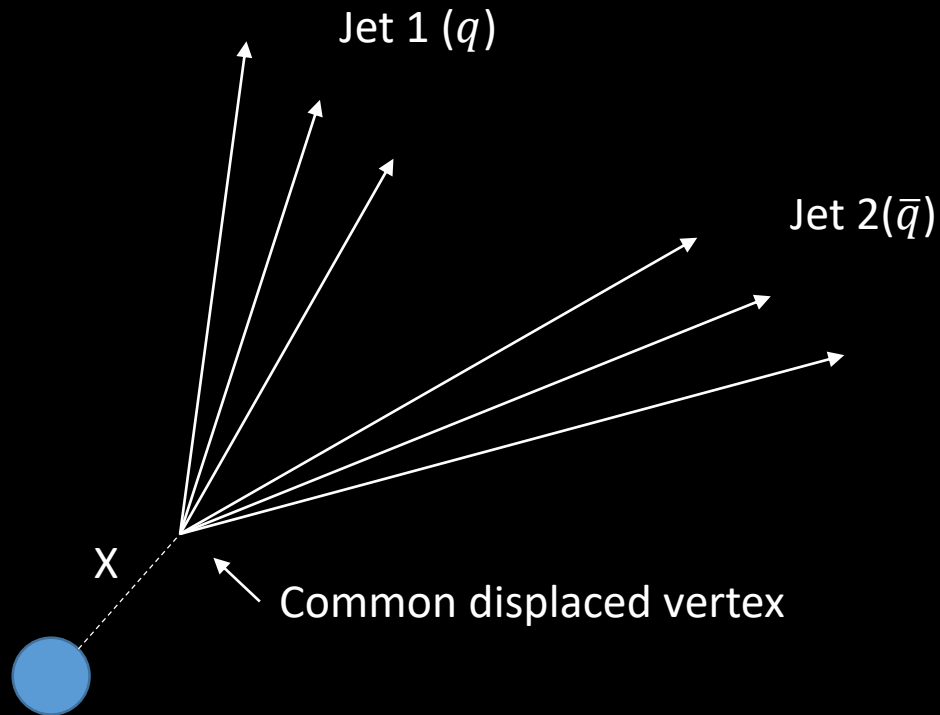


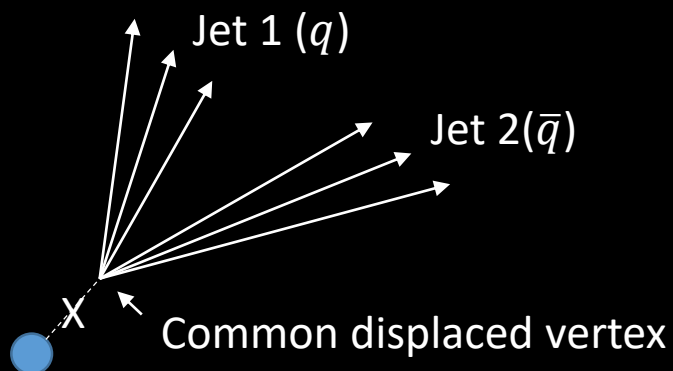
CMS also has an interesting displaced $e\mu$ search...

CMS Run 1 Displaced Jet Search

$$H \rightarrow XX$$

$$X \rightarrow q\bar{q} \quad (\text{long lived, Higgs Portal})$$

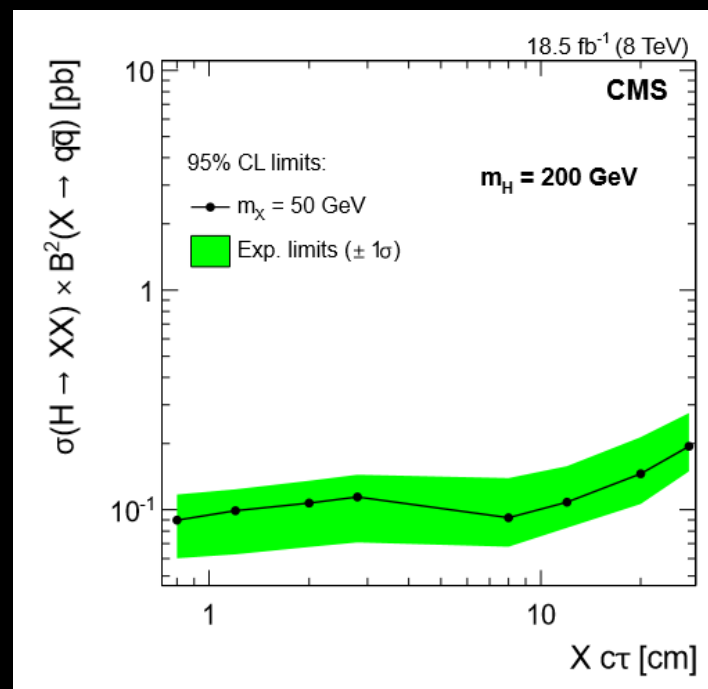
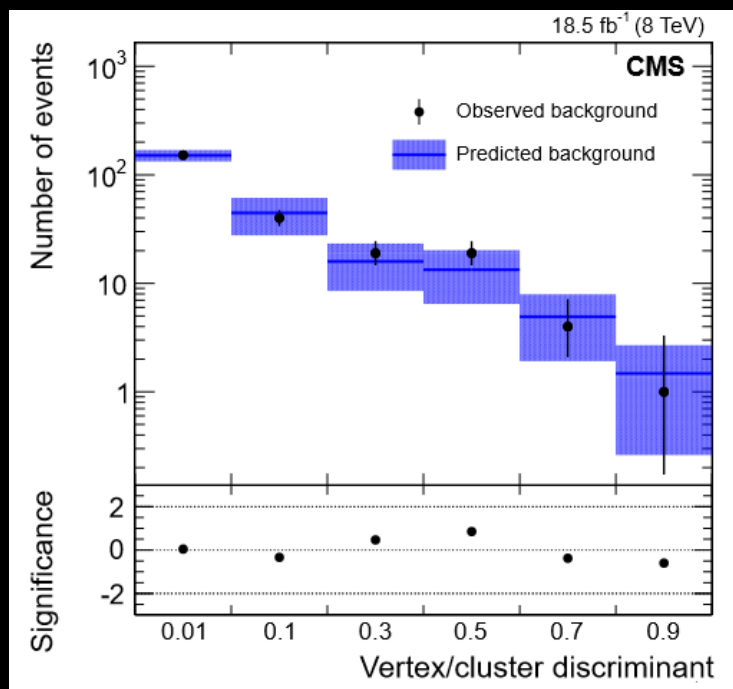




Run 1 Displaced Jet Search

$$H \rightarrow XX$$

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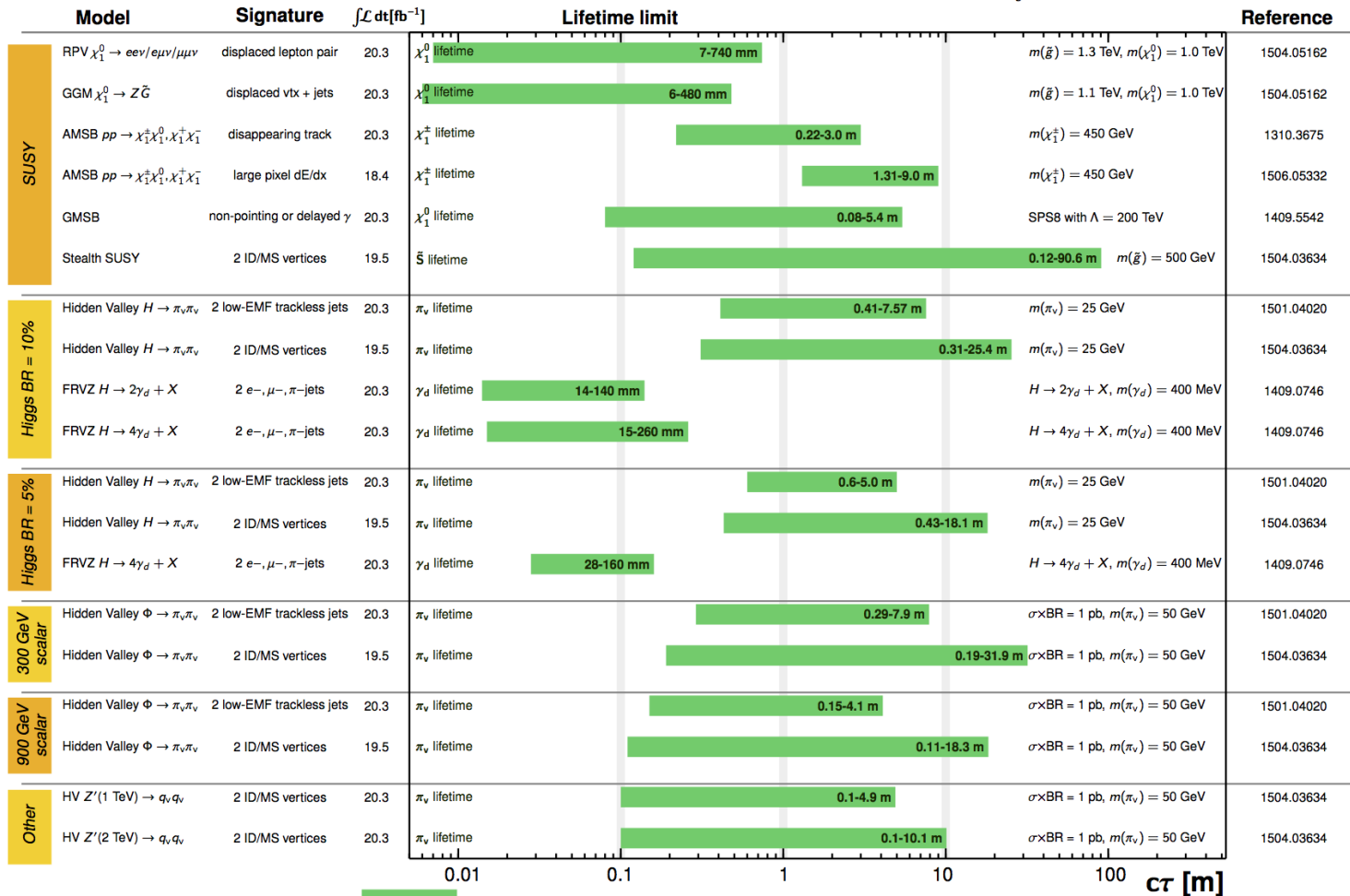
ATLAS Long-lived Particle Searches* - 95% CL Exclusion

Status: July 2015

ATLAS Preliminary

$$\int \mathcal{L} dt = (18.4 - 20.3) \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

$$\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$$



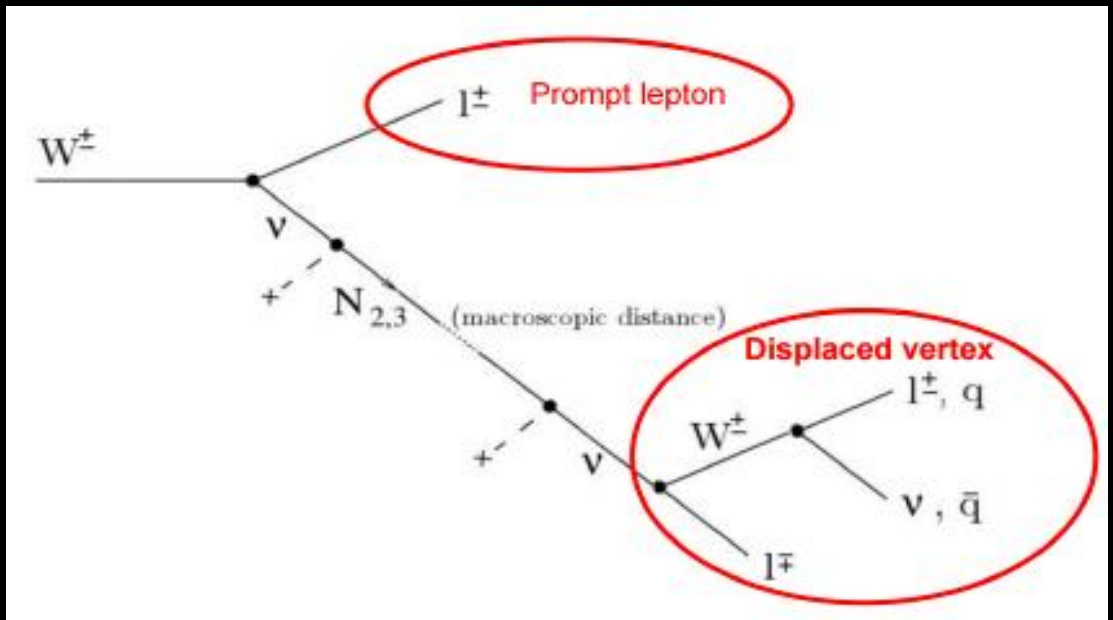
*Only a selection of the available lifetime limits on new states is shown.

110	EXO-15-010	Search for long-lived charged particles in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV	Accepted by PRD	27 September 2016
87	EXO-13-006	Constraints on the pMSSM, AMSB model and on other models from the search for long-lived charged particles in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV	EPJC 75 (2015) 325	9 February 2015
86	EXO-12-036	Search for decays of stopped long-lived particles produced in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV	EPJC 75 (2015) 151	22 January 2015
81	EXO-12-038	Search for long-lived neutral particles decaying to quark-antiquark pairs in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV	PRD 91 (2015) 012007	25 November 2014
80	EXO-12-037	Search for long-lived particles that decay into final states containing two electrons or two muons in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV	PRD 91 (2015) 052012	25 November 2014
79	EXO-12-034	Search for disappearing tracks in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV	JHEP 01 (2015) 096	21 November 2014
66	EXO-12-026	Searches for long-lived charged particles in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ and 8 TeV	JHEP 07 (2013) 122	2 May 2013
57	EXO-11-035	Search for long-lived particles in events with photons and missing energy in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV	PLB 722 (2013) 273-294	9 December 2012
55	EXO-11-101	Search in leptonic channels for heavy resonances decaying to long-lived neutral particles	JHEP 02 (2013) 085	12 November 2012
49	EXO-11-074	Search for fractionally charged particles in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV	PRD 87 (2013) 092008	8 October 2012
38	EXO-11-067	Search for new physics with long-lived particles decaying to photons and missing energy in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV	JHEP 11 (2012) 172	3 July 2012
37	EXO-11-020	Search for stopped long-lived particles produced in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV	JHEP 08 (2012) 026	30 June 2012
31	EXO-11-022	Search for heavy long-lived charged particles in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV	PLB 713 (2012) 408-433	2 May 2012
8	EXO-10-011	Search for Heavy Stable Charged Particles in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV	JHEP 03 (2011) 024	9 January 2011
3	EXO-10-003	Search for Stopped Gluinos in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV	PRL 106 (2011) 011801	26 November 2010

Expanding the Program

More final states
Longer $c\tau$

The current strategy works only for a two (or more) displaced vertices



Backgrounds?

Look for a second object in the event

Use ABCD method to calculate backgrounds

- Iso/Non-Iso: Displaced object with nothing else near it
- The uncorrelated Y variable will depend on the analysis
 - Lepton p_T , Missing E_T , jet p_T , etc.

non-iso	B	D
	A	C
	SR_Y	CR_Y

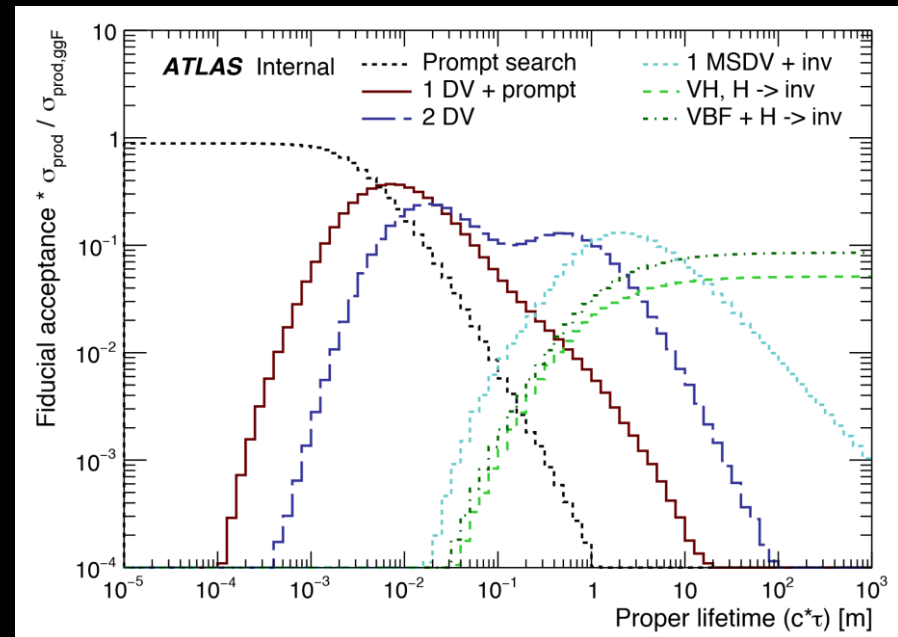
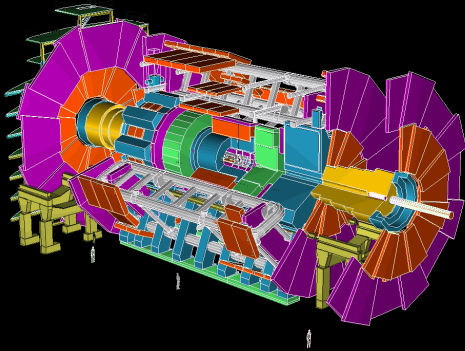
What about life-time sensitivity?

Lifetime is a free parameter...

But it is constrained by Big Bang Nucleosyntheses - $c\tau \sim 10^7$ m

ATLAS/CMS Detectors can only see to ~ 100 m

Escaped Particles become missing E_T ...



Acceptance isn't great

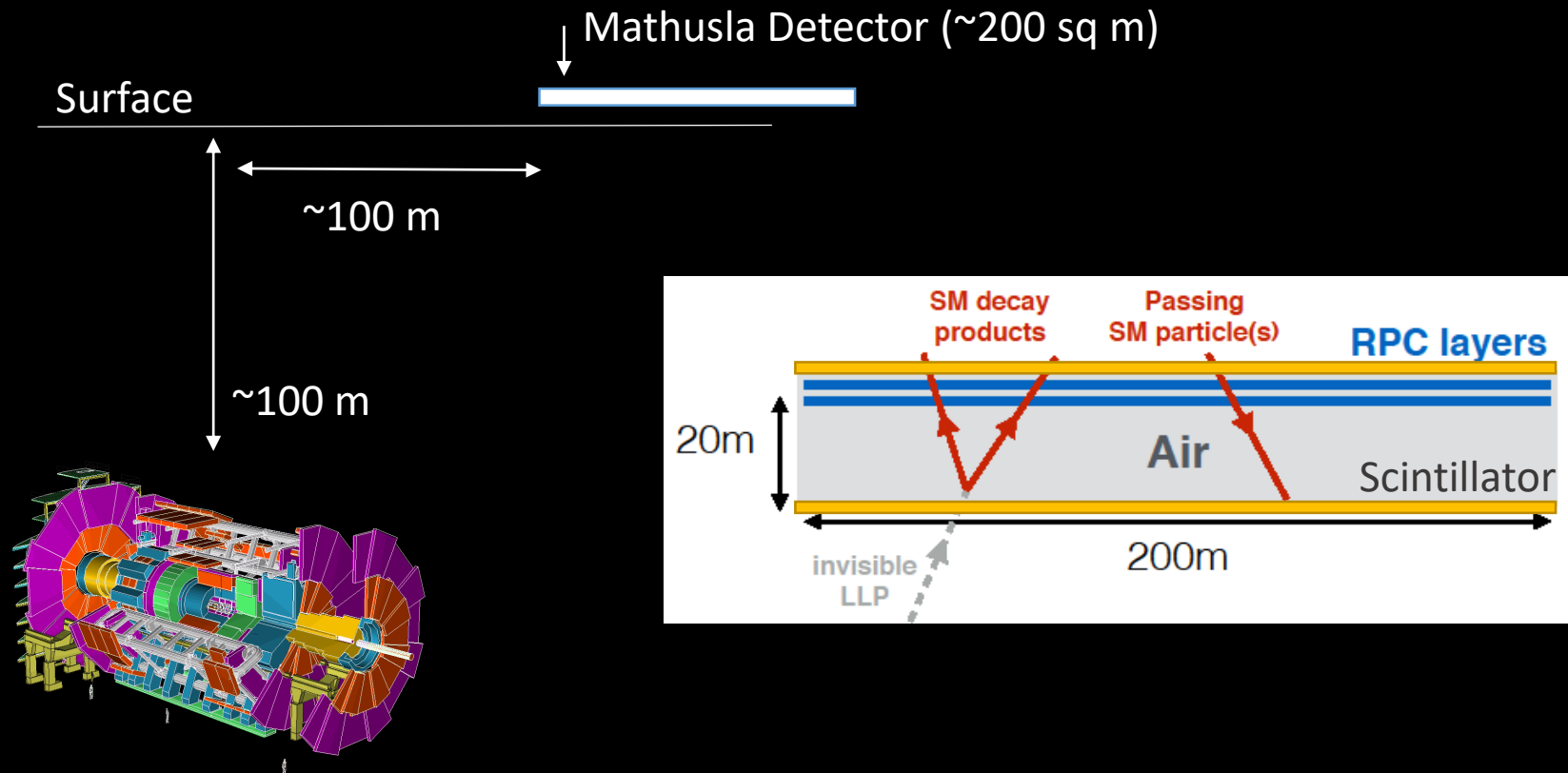
Can't tell if they are stable or large $c\tau$...



Increase the base-line: put a detector on the surface

A new experiment to look at Ultra Long Lived Particles (ULLP)

- Scintillator for 1.5 ns timing resolution
- RPC layers for track reconstruction (and vertex finding)



Backgrounds

Cosmic Muons

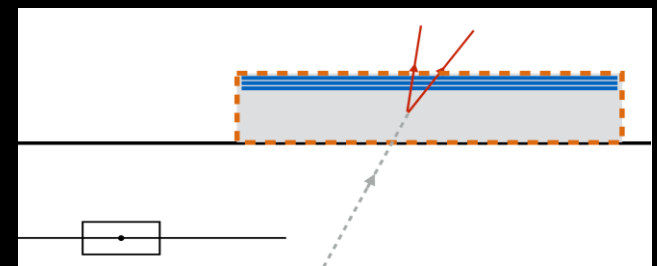
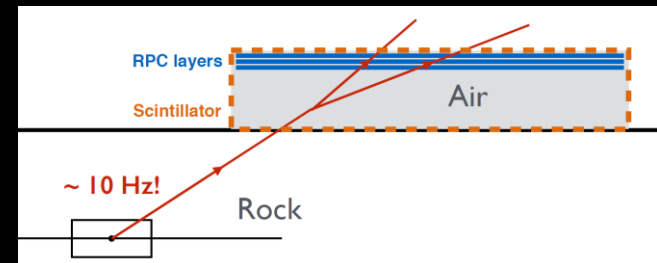
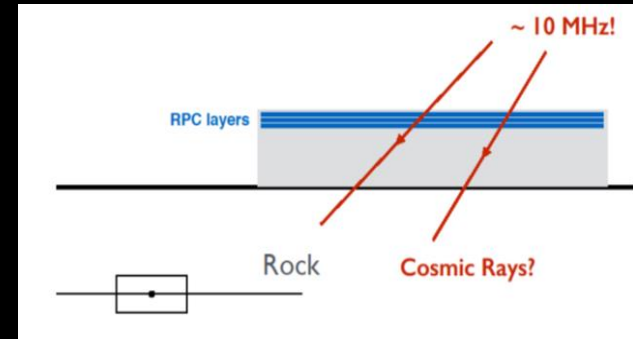
- Precision timing from scintillators
- Tracking from RPC's
- 20 m height
 - 70 ns travel time
- May also be some interesting physics
- 10 MHz (200 m^2)

Upward going LHC Muons

- Precision timing from scintillators
- 10 Hz from the LHC

Upward going cosmic neutrinos

- Inelastic interaction in the decay volume
- 10-100 interactions per year

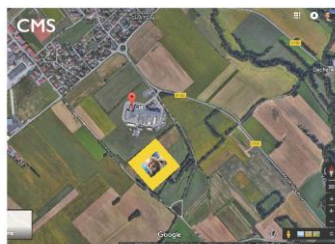
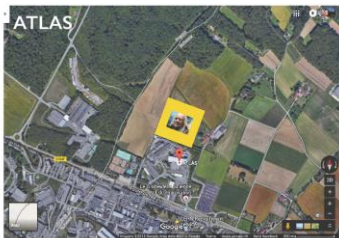
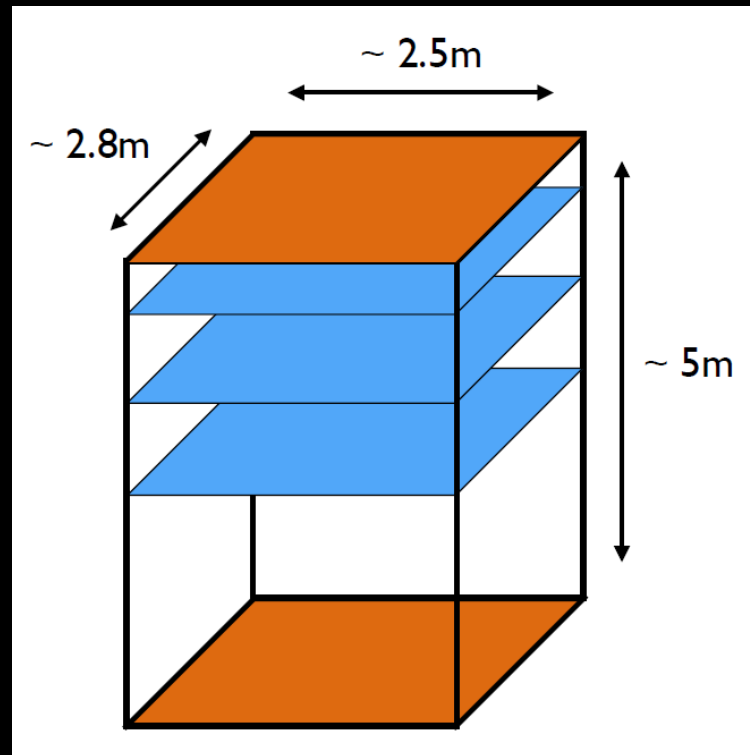


Building test stand

- Scintillator from DZERO end-station muon chambers
- RPC's from Rome (Argo experiment)

Hoping to run this summer/fall

If GEANT4 model holds, then work towards a full experiment.



Detecting Ultra-Long-Lived Particles: The MATHUSLA Physics Case

Editors:

David Curtin¹, Matthew McCullough², Patrick Meade³, Michele Papucci⁴, Jessie Shelton⁵

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5.1.1.2	Gauge Mediation
5.1.1.3	Mini-Split SUSY
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7	Possible Extensions
8	Conclusions

Goal is to have
comprehensive
document finished
by early 2017

Contributions from
broad spectrum of
theory community



Henry Lubatti
Gordon Watts

Audrey Kvam



Fermilab

Sunanda Banerjee



John Paul Chou
Amit Lath
Steffie Thayil



Rinaldo Santonico
Roberto Cardarelli

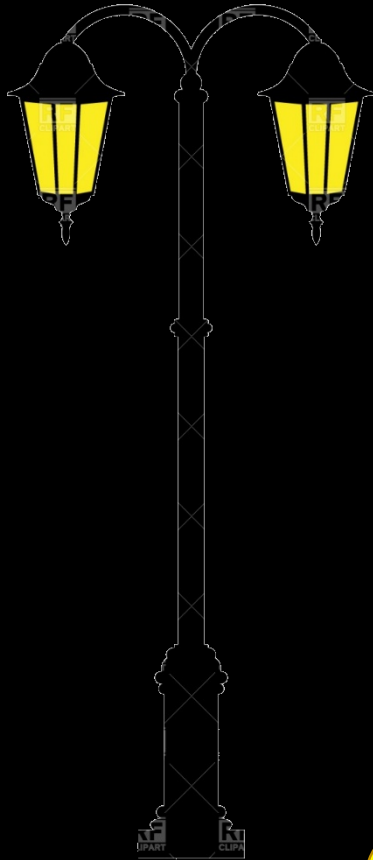


Charles Young
Robert Mina



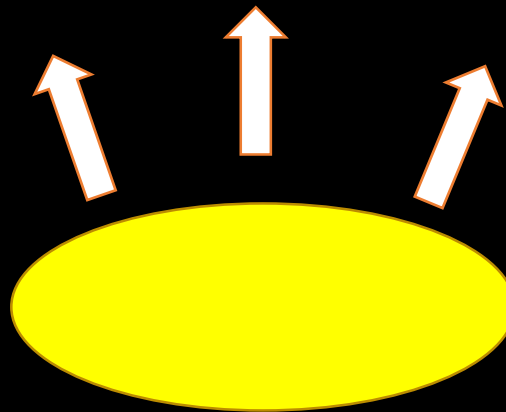
David Curtin





Why stop at long lived jets?

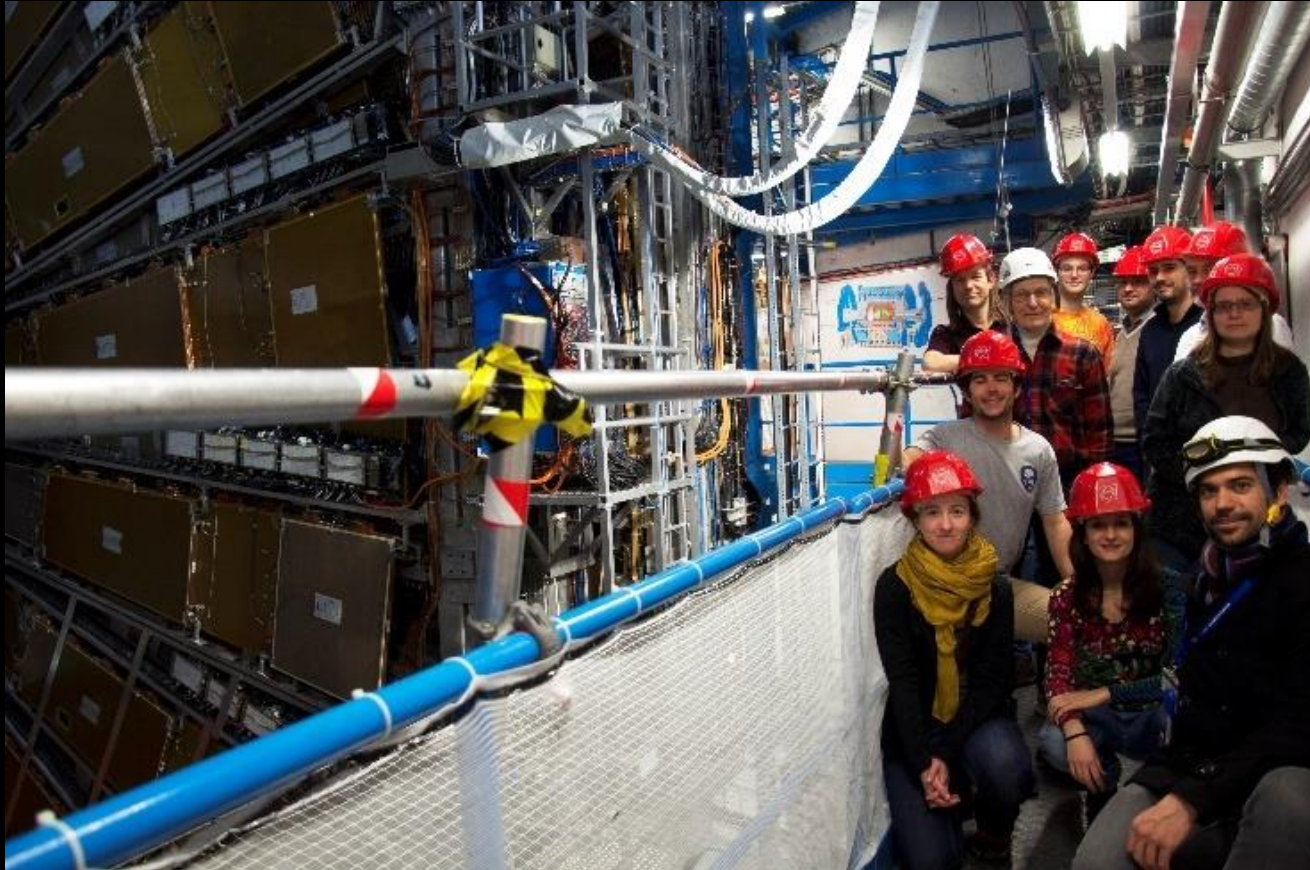
- Lepton-Jets
- Kinked Tracks
- Disappearing Tracks
- Quirks
- Highly Ionizing Particles
- Emerging Jets



Conclusions

- The LHC has completed a fairly comprehensive set of searches for long lived particles decaying to jets!
 - SUSY searches not discussed here!
- Substantial parts of phase space for exotic Higgs decays have been ruled out
 - As well as heavier mass scalar decays
- A lot of room for improvement in Run 2
 - Combined analyses, better results for theorists
 - Include other objects besides displaced vertices
 - A huge amount of work already done... just not public. ☹
- ULLP Searches
 - MATHUSLA detector, test stand
 - Initial collaboration of 5 or 6 institutions formed (and growing)

Thanks!



And to ATLAS

And the LHC!



ACAT 2017

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- Advances in algorithms for theory computations
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There is a fundamental shift occurring in how computing is used in research in general and data analysis in particular. The abundance of cheap, powerful, easy to use computing power in the form of CPUs, GPUs, FPGAs, etc., has changed the role of computing in physics research over the last decade. The rise of new techniques, like deep learning, means the changes promise to keep coming.

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